

Weather
Fine and hot. The maximum temperature yesterday was 94.5 and the minimum 74.5, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 94.1 and 75.6.

The China Press

報 國 大

The Mail Box
MAILS for U. S. and Europe, Sir. Pres. Taft, 10 a.m. today. Pres. McKinley, 10 a.m. tomorrow.
FROM U. S. and Europe, Sir. Pres. Jefferson, Aug. 11.
FOR Europe via Suez, Sir. Khiva, noon today.

NO. 3661 VOL. XIII.

Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission with special marks privileges in China

癸亥年六月二十一日

SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, AUGUST 4, 1923

大正十二年八月三日

第三種郵便物認可

10 CENTS

PRESIDENT HARDING DIES SUDDENLY OF APOPLEXY COOLIDGE TAKES THE OATH AS CHIEF EXECUTIVE

BUSINESS

A Series of Articles on Trade in China Based on Twenty-seven years' Experience.

BY TAI PAN

TRADE CONTRACTS IN CHINA

THERE are three classes of Import Trade Contracts in China, viz: C.I.F.—F.O.B. and Ex Godown, and in Exports the native dealer usually sells on the basis of Ex Godown, sometimes F.O.B. and on very rare occasions, C.I.F.

The usual terms of an Import C.I.F. Contract enumerate the Cost, Freight and Insurance price, shipment either direct or indirect, and the delivery dates. The ordinary clauses of such a Contract cover:

1. Force Majeure, such as strikes, accidents, floods, wars, actions of governments, port authorities, loss or damage to, or detention or delay of vessels or railroad embargoes, inability to obtain transportation facilities or other circumstances beyond control of the importer, and loss or damage occasioned by causes usually covered by insurance or excepted in Bills of Lading.

2. If cargo covered by a Contract is lost prior to arrival at port of destination, the Contract is only void to the extent of the loss.

3. Shipments means tender of goods to transportation company at point of origin and the date is usually established by date of Bill of Lading. Some firms incorporate in their contracts that all cargo sold is subject to Government License to ship.

4. C.I.F.—C.I.F. and C.—and F.O.B. contracts differ from F.O.B. contracts only in that the seller guarantees the price of insurance, freight and commission, or insurance, freight, commission and interest, as the case may be.

5. The usual insurance terms are: Insurance, F.P.A. (or with average 3 percent or 5 percent) for 10 percent over amount of invoice, war risk, if necessary being for buyer's account.

6. The buyer has to take immediate delivery of the cargo upon notification by the importer, though a period of 30 days is ordinarily allowed the merchant to clear his goods, but deliveries must be taken irrespective of partial deliveries.

7. Merchandise has to be examined within ten days of arrival and claims submitted in writing, or claims against the carriers are invalidated.

8. Short shipments, after surveyor's inspection, has to be taken up by the merchant and paid for in full.

9. Any interest, Insurance and Storage charges on merchandise due to carriers which is under survey, or examination, is for buyer's account.

10. Surveys are held at the request of the Buyer and charges for same are paid by the Buyer.

11. Interest is usually reckoned from date of suppliers invoice to date of draft at regular Bank rates with an advance of 1 percent, per annum for each renewal, or extension, of payment from draft due date.

12. Buyer has the option of settling Exchange on date of purchase, or on a date prior to, or on due date of draft, but failing which the importer arbitrarily settles Exchange before draft maturity for account and risk of buyer. Payments are made in Shanghai Taels at the rate of exchange settled. The Buyer has to take up Exchange Contracts when due or is subjected to the penalty of the downward rates prevailing. Some firms further protect themselves by incorporating in their contracts that if the Buyer fails to take up any Exchange contract at expiration, he shall on demand put up a sufficient margin against unabsorbed Exchange contracts.

All contracts are subject to arbitration and in the event of a dispute each party names an arbitrator with a right to name

PHELPS WILL INVESTIGATE SHIPOUTRAGE, CHINESE HELD

Admiral Orders The "Alice Dollar" Detained

WOUNDED SUFFER

Captain Torneth Shot In Leg; Culprits On The Isabel

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Ichang, August 2.—Admiral Phelps, U. S. N., who was at Chungking when the incident of board the Alice Dollar occurred, today sent a wireless message to detain the ship and the Chinese offenders, pending his arrival for investigation.

The Chinese officials and soldiers were transferred to the U.S.S. Isabel yesterday and are under close custody.

Captain Torneth of the Alice Dollar was also shot in the leg. The wounded are progressing favorably though suffering from shock.

(Independent News Service)

Hankow, Aug. 3.—At Ichang on Tuesday night one drunken Chinese official accompanied by a bodyguard of sixteen soldiers armed with Mauser pistols demanded a room on board the steamer Alice Dollar.

The comprador, who is seventy-five years old, replied that he had no room, whereupon the official grabbed him and attempted to beat him up. Captain Torneth came down and tried to mediate, but the official immediately ordered the guards to attack him. The captain pressed the official and used his body as a buffer against the attacking armed guards, who fired three shots. At this Mr. Windham, agent of the Dollar Company at Ichang signalled with the ship's siren to the flagship Isabel of the American Yangtze Fleet.

A boat load of American marines responded to the signal and came aboard the Alice Dollar, where they arrested the official and all of his guards.

Captain Torneth was badly bruised by the attack upon him and Miss Windham, daughter of the agent was badly wounded in the breast and Mrs. Torneth was wounded in both sides of her neck and in the forehead. Surgeon Leggett of the Isabel is attending the wounded.

The local offices of the Dollar Company up to last night had received no further details of the Ichang trouble.

Americans Wire Condolences To Harding's Widow

The following message was sent to Secretary of State Charles Evans Hughes by United States Consul-General Edwin S. Cunningham last night:

Shanghai, August 3, 1923.

Sir: Please convey to Mrs. Harding on behalf of the local United States Officials, the American Chamber of Commerce (Shanghai), American Volunteer Company, American Bar Association, American Club, Columbia Country Club, American's Woman's Club, American Baseball Association, American Legion, and various missionary societies, their sincerest sympathy in her bereavement and the assurance of the profound grief of the entire American Community at the great loss the American people have suffered in the death of her distinguished husband, Cunningham.

Taken By Death



WARREN G. HARDING
INTERNATIONAL

DEATH UNEXPECTED BY PHYSICIANS, WHO WERE ABSENT AT TIME

Had Just Passed Best Day Since Illness; End Comes While Wife Was Reading To Him, And Was So Swift That Physicians Could Not Be Summoned; Faint Shudder Precedes Passing; Had Served Little More Than Half Of His Four Year Term

(BY UNITED PRESS)

San Francisco, August 2.—President Harding died at 7:20 P.M. Today.

(BY UNITED PRESS)

San Francisco, August 2.—President Harding's death occurred only a few minutes after his physicians had sent out the bulletins announcing him to be out of danger.

President Harding had remarked that he wanted to proceed as quickly as possible to Washington as he had pressing work to attend to. His physicians replied that it would be many months before he could possibly take up his duties again.

The President smiled at the verdict and began talking with his family. Suddenly he shuddered and died—absolutely without warning.

Mrs. Harding had just received hundreds of messages congratulating her upon the President's recovery and praising her bravery through the anxious hours until the crisis was believed to have been passed.

The physicians state that apparently there was some brain development during Thursday which was unrevealed, apoplexy being the result. They stated that at the moment of his death the President was most comfortable and there was every justification for the anticipation of his complete recovery.

(Reuter's Service)

San Francisco, August 2.—A bulletin issued by the physicians in attendance on President Harding says: "The President died instantaneously without warning while conversing with members of his family at 7:30 this evening. Death was due to a stroke of apoplexy. During the day the patient had been free from discomfort and there was every justification for anticipating prompt recovery."

The end was so sudden that the members and officials of the Presidential Party could not be called in time. The President died after passing the most satisfactory day since the beginning of his illness.

(Reuter's Service)

San Francisco, August 3.—The first indication of the relapse occurred when Mrs. Harding rushed to the door of the room and called for the doctors.

Mrs. Harding and two nurses were in the room at the time. The former was reading to her husband when entirely without warning a slight shudder passed through the President's frame. He then collapsed. All present immediately recognized that the end had come.

Within a few minutes all the members of the President's official party had been summoned. Mr. Hoover was the first to arrive.

Vice-President Calvin Coolidge, who automatically becomes President, was notified immediately.

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Memorial Tablet To Sailors Unveiled

(Reuter's Service)

Gibraltar, August 2.—Rear-Admiral Scates of the United States Navy today unveiled in the presence of the Acting Governor and many notabilities the memorial tablet, erected by the 15th United States Destroyer Squadron to the memory of the men lost in the sinking of the U.S.S. Chauncey in November, 1917, when patrolling the Straits.

Three hundred naval men landed for the unveiling. Guards of honor of American midshipmen and the British Navy were mounted. The Acting Governor, the British Rear-Admiral W. M. Ellerton, and Rear-Admiral Scates laid wreaths at the foot of the tablet. A battalion of midshipmen from Annapolis and a battalion of bluejackets marched past the memorial and saluted the "cross of sacrifice" upon which Rear-Admiral Scates had placed a wreath.

FIGURES ON TRADE WITH AMERICA FOR JUNE GIVEN

Exports To China G. \$8,700,000; Imports Gold \$14,000,000

Exports from the United States to China during June amounted to G. \$8,700,000 and imports amounted to G. \$14,000,000, according to cables received by the American Commercial Attache here yesterday from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Washington.

The message added: Although production and trade still slackening conditions much better than last year. Money rates high, but no urgent demand. Prices, especially cotton and steel, declining. Fall outlook uncertain.

Calvin Coolidge Becomes Thirtieth President Of The United States

Ex-Governor Of Massachusetts, Descendant Of Pilgrims, Sworn In As Chief Executive At His Summer Home At Plymouth

(Reuter's Service)

Plymouth, Vermont, August 3.—Vice-President Calvin Coolidge took the oath as President this morning. Mr. Coolidge declared his intention of following President Harding's policies and of seeking the co-operation of the late President's associates.

Calvin Coolidge, thirtieth president of the United States, became President yesterday morning (Shanghai time) in the same manner in which Theodore Roosevelt, then an unknown, went to

Recognition For Mexico Imminent, Washington Report

(BY UNITED PRESS)
Washington, Aug. 2.—It is reported from an authoritative source that recognition of Mexico is imminent.

Immigration Quota For States Exhausted, To Deport Thousands

(BY UNITED PRESS)
New York, Aug. 2.—The immigration quotas have been exhausted and it is probable that thousands will be deported.

RATE INCREASED

(Reuter's Service)
Berlin, August 2.—The Reichsbank has raised the discount rate to 30 percent.

(Continued on Page 2)

(Continued on Page 4)

ly it brings a sense of personal loss and sorrow.

(Reuters Service)

San Francisco, August 3.—President Harding's remains are being conveyed to Washington tonight in a car guarded by soldiers after a private and very simple ceremony.

(Reuters Pacific Service)

Tokio, August 3.—All circles were greatly shocked this afternoon at the announcement of the death of President Harding after the very encouraging bulletins of his progress received earlier in the day.

The evening papers publish lengthy obituary notices.

The news was immediately communicated by the American Embassy to the Ambassador, Mr. Cyrus Woods, who is at present in Nikko but is expected to return this evening.

Official information has not been received up to the present.

(Reuters Service)

London, August 3.—The British Court goes into mourning for a week for President Harding.

Harding's Career Briefly Sketched

Warren Gamaliel Harding, twenty-ninth president of the United States, was born on his grandfather's farm near Corsica, in Morrow county, Ohio, on November 21, 1858, and was 53 years old at the time of his death. He was the son of Dr. George T. Harding, a doctor in the Civil War, who continued in active practice until his death a few months ago, and Mrs. Harding. The Hardings were originally of Scotch extraction, and his mother's ancestors were of an old Dutch family, the Van Kirsks.

During his boyhood the future president was a typical American boy of the period and had the humble beginnings Americans so delight in boasting of—going to school in the village, splitting wood, painting barns and working on a railroad right-of-way. As soon as he was old enough he entered Ohio Central College at Iberia, Ohio, and during the years between 1879 and 1882 worked his way through school by painting barns for farmers in the vicinity and working overtime on the roadbed of a future railroad that was stretching across Ohio.

MOVES TO MARION

When he was 19 the Hardings moved to Marion, Ohio, and have lived there ever since. The future President at that time was a typical young care-free American. He taught school near Marion, played in the village band, and began working about the Marion newspaper office. On several occasions he shocked the villagers by going off to Chicago with the band spending all his money, and then humming his way home again on a freight train, or by going to Cleveland to see Lawrence Barrett in Shakespeare roles, and then walking back home, broke again.

In 1884 he secured control of the Marion Star, a little country newspaper, and thereafter devoted all his activities in building it up into one of the best newspapers in the state. All through his life Harding has been a newspaperman first and a seeker after political honors afterwards. He relinquished active interest in the Star only a month ago when it was formed into a stock company.

In 1881 Harding married Miss Florence Kling of Marion, contracting the most wonderful partnership of his life. The paper had a bitter struggle in its early days and Harding and Mrs. Harding worked long hours in putting it on its feet so that it became a paying proposition. All those years Harding managed the finances of the paper, wrote news items and editorials, and got advertising. Mrs. Harding did the same.

ENTERS POLITICS

Then in 1900 there came an insistent call from his friends that he enter politics. He refused at first but was finally swayed by Senator Foraker of Ohio, one of his warmest friends, and was elected to the State Senate. He served in the state senate without special distinction until 1904, and then became lieutenant-governor. In 1910 he was the Republican candidate for Governor, but the state went Democratic and he was defeated by Governor Judson Harmon.

In 1915 he entered politics again as the Republican candidate for United States Senator and was elected, serving until 1921 when he became a presidential candidate.

In personal appearance Harding was a striking man. Smooth shaven, gray hair, his face lined with character—he was another McKinley. Affable, good natured, ever ready to listen to a just cause, he was the dominant figure in Marion and the friend of all—and a big, six foot, two-hundred-pound man. Even his political opponents have always been extremely friendly and is said that he did not have an enemy. During all the time he conducted the Marion newspaper he never

Harding Was Sixth President To Die In Office

President Harding was the sixth president of the United States to die in office, and the third to die from natural causes. Three presidents were assassinated while in office. Lincoln was shot while attending a performance at Ford's Theater in Washington on April 14, 1865 by a half-crazed actor, John Wilkes Booth. Garfield was shot in the railway station at Washington on July 2, 1881, by Charles Guiteau, and died at Elveron, Long Island, on September 19, 1881. McKinley was shot twice on September 6, 1901, while at the Pan-American Exposition in Buffalo, and died on September 14.

Two presidents before Harding died of natural causes while in office. President Harrison died at Washington of bilious pleurisy after serving only one month as president, and General Zachary Taylor died of bilious fever at Washington after serving one year, four months and five days.

had any labor trouble. Fourteen years ago—when the idea was still new—he inaugurated a profit-sharing system plan whereby employees might become shareholders paying for their shares with the dividend their stock earned.

He visited Europe three times before becoming president and made a close range study of European conditions. Because he was a newspaperman he had always paid close attention to American affairs so that he was well fitted in every respect to represent Ohio in the Senate, but his career there was colorless. He was heard from very little and took part in no movement or legislation that made him an outstanding figure. It was this middle of the road attitude that was responsible for his nomination for the presidency. The Republicans wanted a man that was the exact opposite of Wilson—and they found him in Harding.

His career as President—his term was just a little over half—served is too well known to need repetition.

POLITICAL AGENTS IN NEW MOVE FOR REUNITING CHINA

Wire Provinces To Send Delegates For Conference Here

A new movement towards the reunification of the country was launched yesterday when agents of various provinces stationed in Shanghai met and despatched telegrams to the various warring factions and provinces urging the convening of a conference on national affairs at Shanghai at the earliest possible date.

General Lu Yung-hsiang, Director of Military Rehabilitation of Chekiang, has been requested to head the list of advocates for the conference by the local political agents and all provinces were asked yesterday to send one envoy each with plenipotentiary power to act at the conference and to inform General Lu of the names of the delegates.

The move was originally started by Mr. Tang Shao-yi, ex-premier; Mr. Chiang Ping-ling, the celebrated reformer and General Tsen Chun-huan, the tiger mandarin of Kwangsi fame. But it was shelved on account of the report that President Li Yuan-hung was coming down to Shanghai to head the movement. Since the announcement that President Li would not come down for the present, the advocacy has been revived and yesterday the agents of the political factions took the matter into their own hands.

CREST HOTEL

321 AVENUE HAIG
Still Going Strong



Palmolive Bath Soap
6 Cakes for \$1.00

CALIFORNIA PHARMACY
155 Avenue Joffre. Tel. Central 1805.

President Coolidge



Calvin Coolidge

Calvin Coolidge Becomes Thirtieth President Of The United States

(Continued from Page 1)

was made the paramount issue in the next election in Massachusetts when his Democratic opponent, Richard H. Long, promised to reinstate every discharged policeman. The answer of the people of the state was that Coolidge carried Massachusetts—a state where a plurality of 20,000 is considered large—by a plurality of 125,000. It was this, the largest plurality ever given a candidate in Massachusetts, that carried the unknown Governor into the national campaign and caused his nomination as Mr. Harding's running mate.

STAR SPLANGLED

Calvin Coolidge is a red, white and blue American by birth. He was born on the Fourth of July, 1872 at Plymouth, Vermont where his father, Col. John C. Coolidge, still lives. He attended Amherst College, graduating in 1895, and took up the practice of law in Northampton, Massachusetts. It was there his political career began. He first served in the Northampton city council and subsequently was elected mayor, city solicitor, clerk of the Hampshire court, state representative, state senator, president of the senate, lieutenant governor, and finally governor. Now he has climbed, through fate, to the very top of the ladder and is the thirtieth president of the United States.

In 1905 he was married to Miss Grace A. Goodhue of Burlington, Vermont. They have two sons, Calvin, Jr. and John, both in their teens.

PLAIN, MATTER OF FACT

He is noted for his brevity of speeches and for his dislike of the old familiar handshake, being more of the cold, austere Hughes type than the warm, half-fellow-well met Harding type. He once made an 8-minute talk against a bill in the Massachusetts state senate and it was defeated. Once when he was accused of being socialistic by a friend he became garrulous and said, "Oh, no." Among the liberal measures he worked for while in the legislature in Massachusetts were appropriation for a pure food bill; new housing laws for Boston; free employment bureau; old age pension compensation; bill against women and children working overtime; pensions for the widows of policemen and firemen; eight hour

day for state and city employees; workmen's compensation act; pensions for school teachers; better medical inspection for school children; limit to assumption of risk by rail employees; half fare for school children, and modification of injunction processes.

When he was elected Governor on the issue of the Boston police strike, President Wilson sent him a message reading: "I congratulate you upon your election as a victory for law and order. When that is the issue all Americans stand together."

As Vice-President, Coolidge has been greatly in the background and he had almost dropped in before his election when the President died and he was suddenly summoned to the White House.

5,000 STRIKE

(French Wireless through Reuters) Paris, August 3.—At Oberhausen about 5,000 workmen of Gutehoffnungshütte, who are on strike on the wages question, attempted to enter the town to loot the shops. In an encounter with the police three workers were killed.

The typographers at Cologne have quit work on the wages question.

SMALL FINES, ONE SHORT JAIL TERM FOR BANQUE MEN

Pernotte Sentenced To 3 Months, Others To Pay Frs. 3000

(Reuters Service)

Paris, Aug. 2.—Sentences were pronounced today in the Banque Industrielle de Chine case. M. Andre Berthelot was fined Frs. 5,000; M. Pernotte was sentenced to three months' imprisonment and a fine of Frs. 350; M. Perchot to a fine of Frs. 350, and M. de Cereville, M. Pallu, M. Leste and the engineer, M. Chantard, to fines of Frs. 300 each. The directors, M.M. Frouzouls, Favareilles and Melhan were acquitted.

The judgment declared that the original failure of the Banque was due to faults in administration. When the capital was increased the second time, there was an irregular issue of shares, but the position was subsequently regularized. The plaintiffs' claims for damages were dismissed but those mentioned were held responsible for the issue and sentenced accordingly. M. Pernotte being also found guilty of negotiation of irregular shares, M. Berthelot being found guilty of distribution of fictitious dividends and M. Pernotte of complicity.

The judgment pointed out that the balance sheet of 1919 was incorrect since it included irrecoverable credits, and consequently the plaintiffs' demands concerning the distribution of fictitious dividends were admitted, provided the shareholders acquired their shares before January 25, 1921, the date when the position of the Banque became publicly known. The tribunal appointed an accountant to prepare a statement regarding the damages due to the plaintiffs in this connection.

Massachusetts's President

President Calvin Coolidge is the third man from Massachusetts to become President of the United States. The first son of Massachusetts to enter the White House was John Adams, the second president, and the sixth president, John Quincy Adams, son of John Adams, both came from Quincy, Massachusetts.

Rice Appointed West Coast Life Agent For China

Mr. W. R. Rice, former Vice-President and General Manager and one of the organizers of the Asia Life Insurance Company, returned to Shanghai from the United States on the President Cleveland and will go back into the insurance business.

While in America Mr. Rice was appointed General Agent for China of the West Coast Life Insurance Company and will open offices in the Dollar Building on Canton Road next week.

According to Mr. Rice the West Coast Life Insurance Company is the second largest insurance company on the Pacific Coast and has \$65,000,000 insurance in force and \$6,000,000 assets. It is the first time the company has invaded the China field although it has been doing business in the Philippines for 12 years.

RAVEN TRUST COMPANY LTD.

We can offer shares and debentures in the following currencies:

Mex. Dollars
Tael
Gold Dollars
Sterling

RAVEN TRUST COMPANY LTD.

SHANGHAI, 18 HANKING ROAD

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO., LTD.

PROVISION DEPARTMENT

A
SMALL CONSIGNMENT
OF FRESH

CALIFORNIAN FRUITS

COMPRISING

APPLES,
GRAPE FRUIT,
PLUMS,
ORANGES

IS DUE TO ARRIVE THIS WEEK

ORDERS MAY BE GIVEN NOW FOR DELIVERY UPON ARRIVAL

NANKING ROAD, SHANGHAI

ARC

5½ MOW

Built up with Chinese Houses Fully Rented Located in the Central Part of the French Concession

GOOD RETURN FOR SALE

May be Inspected at Any Time.

ASIA REALTY COMPANY

SHANGHAI
TEL. C. 88, 15 HANKING ROAD

MONOPOLE GARAGE COMPANY

43 Avenue du Roi Albert Phone W. 2360

Cable Address "Monocar."

Repairing, Accessories, Equipment

Gasoline pump.

WASHING 20 cents.

Cars for Hire Day and Night. Boxes for Private Cars.

Telephone W. 2360

RUBBER

Hoses Tyres Sheets Packing
Sponges Insertion Cloth and
moulded articles made to order.

Netherlands Gutta Percha Co.

17 Museum Road

MAVIS

TALCUM POWDER

The highest quality imported Talc, extra fine, sifted and screened again and again and combined with purest medicaments to create a perfect healing and antiseptic powder. After bathing puff the body with clouds of snowy fragrant MAVIS TALC.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR MAVIS

VIVAUDOU

PARIS NEW YORK

The Mirrors Of Washington

(The following excerpts are from the anonymous outbiography volume entitled "Mirrors of Washington," dealing in personal vein with the major figures in Washington life.)

WARREN GAMALIEL HARDING

Every time we elect a new President we learn what a various creature is the Typical American.

When Mr. Roosevelt was gay, robust, full of the joy of living, an expansive spirit from the frontier, a picaresque twentieth century middle class Cavalier. He hit the line hard and did not blinch. And his laugh shook the skies.

Came Wilson. And the Typical American was troubled about his soul. Rooted firmly in the church-going past, he carried the banner of the Lord, Democracy, idealistic, bent on perfecting that old incorrigible Man, he cuts off the right hand that offends him and votes for prohibition and woman suffrage, a Round Head in a Ford.

Eight years and we have the perfectly typical American, Warren Gamaliel Harding of the modern type, the Square Head, typical of that America whose artistic taste is the movies, who reads and finds mental satisfaction in the vague inanities of the small town newspaper, who has faith in America, who is for liberty, virtue, happiness, prosperity, law and order and all the standard generalities and holds them a perfect creed, who distrusts anything now except mechanical inventions, the standard product of the syndicate which supplies his nursing bottle, his school books, his information, his humor in a strip, his art on a screen, with a quantity production mind, cautious, uniformly having divergence from uniformity, jailing it in troublous times, prosperous, who has his car and his bank account and can sell a bill of goods as well as the best of them.

People who insist upon having their politics logical demand to know the why of Harding. Why was a man of so undistinguished a record as he first chosen as a candidate for President and then elected President?

As a legislator he had left no mark on legislation. If he had retired from Congress at the end of his term his name would have existed only in the old Congressional directories, like that of a thousand others. As a public speaker he had said nothing that anybody could remember. He had passed through a Great War and left no mark on it. He had shared in a fierce debate upon the peace that followed the war but though you can recall small portions like McComber and Kellom and Moses and McCormick in that discussion you do not recall Harding. To be sure he made a speech in that debate which he himself says was a great speech but no newspaper thought fit to publish it because of its quality, or felt impelled to publish it in spite of its quality because it had been made by Harding.

He neither compelled attention by what he said nor by his personality. Why, then, without fireworks, without distinction of any sort, without catching the public eye, or especially deserving to catch it, was Warren Harding elected President of the United States?

One plausible reason why he was nominated was that given by Senator Brandegee at Chicago, where he had a great deal to do with the nomination. "There ain't any first raters this year. This ain't any 1880 or 1904. We haven't any John Shermans or Theodore Roosevelts. We've got a lot of second raters and Warren Harding is the best of the second raters."

Once nominated as a Republican his election of course inevitably followed. But to accept Mr. Brandegee's plea in avoidance is to agree to the eternal poverty of American political life, for most of our presidents have been precisely like Warren G. Harding, first-class second raters. Mrs. Harding, a woman of sound sense and much energy had an excellent instructive answer to the "why." The pictures of the house in Marion, the celebrated front porch, herself and her husband were taken to be exhibited by cinema all over the land. She said, "I want the people to see these pictures so that they will know we are just folks like themselves."

Warren Harding is "just folks." A witty woman said of him, alluding to the time of his inauguration, "Main Street has arrived in the White House."

The Average Man has risen up and by seven million majority elected an Average Man President. His defects were his virtues. He was chosen rather for what he wasn't than for what he was, the

inconspicuousness of his achievements. The "just folks" level of his mind, his small town man's caution, his sense of the security of the past, his standardised Americanism which would enable a people who wanted for a season to do so to take themselves politically for granted.

The country was tired of the high thinking and rather plain spiritual living of Woodrow Wilson. It desired the man in the White House to cause it no more moral overstrain than does the man you meet in the Pullman smoking compartment or the man who writes the captions for the movies who employs a sort of inaugural style, freed from the inhibitions of statesmanship. It was in a mood similar to that of Mr. Harding himself when after his election he took Senators Freylinghusen, Hale and Elkins with him on a trip to Texas. Senator Knox observing his choice is reported to have said, "I think he is taking those three along because he wanted complete mental relaxation." All his life Mr. Harding has shown a predilection for companions who give him complete mental relaxation, though duty compels him to associate with the Hughes and the Hoovers. The conflict between duty and complete mental relaxation establishes a strong bond of sympathy between him and the average American.

The "why" of Harding is the democratic passion for equality. We are standardised, turned out like Fords by the hundred millions, and we cannot endure for long anyone who is not standardised. Such an one excites reflections upon us: why should we by our votes unnecessarily asperse ourselves? Occasionally we may indulge nationally, as men do individually, in the romantic belief that we are somebody else, that we are like Roosevelt or Wilson and they become typical of what we would be but always we come back to the knowledge that we are nationality like Harding, who is typical of what we are. "Just folks" Kuppenheimered, movieised, associated pressed folks.

Men debate whether or not Mr. Wilson was a great man and they will keep on doing so until the last of those passes away whose judgment of him is clouded by the sense of his personality. But men will never debate about the greatness of Mr. Harding, not even Mr. Harding himself. He is modest. He has only two vanities, his vanity about his personal appearance and his vanity about his literary ability.

The inhibitions of a presidential candidate, bound to speak and say nothing, irked him.

"Of course I could make better speeches than these," he told a friend during the campaign, "but I have to be so careful."

In his inaugural address he let himself go, as much as it is possible for a man so cautious as he is to let himself go. It was a great speech, an inaugural to place alongside the inaugurals of Lincoln and Washington, written in his most capable English, Harding at his best. It is hard for a man to move Marion for years with big editorials, to receive the daily compliments of Dick Cressinger and Jim Prendergast, without becoming vain of the power of his pen. It is his chief vanity and it is one that it is hard for him who speaks or writes to escape. He has none of that egotism which makes a self-confident man think himself the favorite of fortune.

He said after his nomination at Chicago: "We drew to a pair of deuces and filled." He did not say it boastfully as a man who likes to draw to a pair of deuces and who always expects to fill. He said it with surprise and relief.

Mr. Harding is a handsome man, endowed with the gifts that reinforce the charm of his exterior, a fine voice, a winning smile, a fluency of which his inaugural is the best instance; an ample man, you might say.

Given such good looks, such favor from nature, and an environment in which the struggle is not sharp and existence is a species of mildly purposeful idleness. You lounge a bit stooped forward to success. There is nothing hard about the President. I once described him in somewhat this fashion to a banker in New York who was interested in knowing what kind of a President we had.

"You agree," he said, "with a friend of Harding's who came in to see me a few days ago. This friend said to me, 'Warren is the best fellow in the world. He has wonderful tact. He knows how to make men work with him and how to get the best out of them.'

Resid: 13 Rue Chapsal

Resid: Tel. W. 2755

DR. FRED M GENSBURGER
EYE SPECIALIST

Consulting Hours
10 a.m.—12 noon
and By Appointment

11B NANKING ROAD
Tel. Central 2061

Widowed!



He is politically adroit. He is conscientious. He has a keen sense of his responsibilities. He has unusual common sense.

And he named other similar virtues. "Well," I asked him, "What is his defect?" "Oh," he replied, "the only trouble with Warren is that he lacks mentality."

The story, like most stories exaggerates. The President has the average man's virtues of common sense and conscientiousness with rather more than the average man's political skill and the average man's industry or lack of industry. His mentality is not lacking; it is undisciplined, especially in his higher ranges, by hard effort.

But he compensates for his own defects. Almost as good as greatness is a knowledge of your own limitations: and Mr. Harding knows his thoroughly. "Out of his modesty, his desire to reinforce himself, has proceeded the strongest cabinet that Washington has seen in a generation. He likes to have decisions rest upon the broad base of more than one intelligence and he has surround-

ed himself for this purpose with able associates. His policies will lack imagination, which is not a composite product, but they will have practically, which is the greatest common denomination of several minds: and he, moreover, is himself unimaginative and practical.

FAIR OPENS

(Reuter's Service)

Moscow, August 2.—The Nijni-Novgorod Fair opened today. It is expected that the receipts will be three times as much as in 1921.

A decree has been issued making platinum a State monopoly.

Q. R. S. Player Rolls.

Their Melodious Rhythm Assures Utmost Enjoyment From Your Player Piano

For All Player Pianos

New stock of Latest Numbers.

ROBINSON PIANO Co., Ltd.

34 NANKING ROAD

SUMMER SALE

Commencing August 1st

20% For Cash

Boxed Paperies and All Fine Writing Papers

FICTION
LEATHER GOODS
FANCY GOODS
ETC., ETC., ETC.

Edward Evans & Sons, Ltd.

30 North Szechuen Road

SHANGHAI

Telephones: NORTH 780
782

What Cox Thought Of Harding

In 1920 when Harding and Governor James M. Cox of Ohio were opposing candidates for the Presidency, Governor Cox described Harding as follows:

"Harding is a man of great personal charm. Strange as his convictions may appear to me he is perfectly sincere in his belief that the future welfare of the country lies in the endorsement of the Republican Party under the policies which he represents. There is no manufactured or affected likeness of McKinley in Harding. He is of the McKinley type, brought up on the Old Guard Republican faith and persistently clinging to it. He is a skilled and polished orator, and has a decided gift for phrase and alliteration. I respect his journalistic achievements but we stand very far apart."

New Japanese Consul Arrives To Take Post

Mr. S. Yada, who is to succeed Mr. T. Funatsu as Japanese Consul-General here, arrived by the T.K.K. steamer Korea Maru from Japan yesterday. He was accompanied by Mrs. Yada. Mr. Yada has previously held various posts in China and since then has been Consul-General in London and in San Francisco.

Mr. Funatsu is leaving here on August 7 by the Sakai Maru for his new post as Consul-General at Mukden.

SANDY MACDONALD

"Upholds the best traditions"

SANDY MACDONALD Scotch Whisky can be compared to a very fine old vintage Port, for just as a rare, luscious bottle of good old wine is the product of only the best vineyards' best years, so is Sandy Macdonald the product of only the best distilleries' best years.

Garner Quack & Co.
Sole Agents
Tel. C. 2021

EFFECTS
SANITATION
ECONOMY
STRENGTH
DURABILITY
FIRE SAFETY

ELIMINATES
RATS
ROACHES
VERMIN
FILTH
DECAY

THE STEEL HEART EUREKA PLASTER

NORTHWESTERN EXPANDED METAL COMPANY
NEMCO PRODUCTS
Standard for Over Forty Years

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LD.
Building Department J. NOBLE Telephone: Central 7610

Importers of High Grade Building Materials

Fibrent Asbestos Corrugated Roofing, and Sheets, Steel Sash and Casements, Steel Reinforcing Bars, Steel Plastering Lath, Channels, and Cornerbeads, Ruberoid Roofings, White Portland Cement, Concrete Mixers, Wireglass, Plaster of Paris, Heating Equipment, Hand Operated Freight and Passenger Elevators.

Engineering Details, Designs and Estimates on Request

*Stocks Carried

Certain-teed

Roofing

For Mills
Factories
Godowns
Residences
Offices
Ships' Decks

makes an ideal roofing & damp-proofing for practically all types of buildings where an economical weather-proof covering is desired. Adaptable for use by itself on concrete or wood decks or in connection with tile and galvanized iron.

Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd.

Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Shanghai Telephone Central 778

CREST HOTEL
231 AVENUE HAIG
Still Going Strong

BUSINESS

BY TAI PAN

(Continued from Page 1.)

a third party if the first two cannot agree.

Contracts are made in English and Chinese, but in case of dispute or misunderstanding the English text always prevails.

In the case of C.I.F. and F.O.B. contracts, Customs Duty and Wharfage are for account of the dealer, but in the case of an Ex Godown contract, Customs Duty and Wharfage is included in the firm's price, the native merchant being only responsible for delivery, interest and storage charges.

The Export Trade Contract is a very simple affair and consists in the Native Merchant stipulating the goods, quantity, quality, assortment, packing, delivery, price and method of payment, and undertaking to deliver same at the price and terms, and at the time specified, and in the event of failure to deliver the goods within the due date, he shall be responsible for any loss sustained through such non delivery and pay compensation.

The above China Trade Contracts cover the ordinary and general Import and Export Trade but there are other forms of Trade Contracts covering the importation of materials for the Industrial, Engineering and Building Trades, which whilst they do not materially differ from the standard Import Contract, necessarily have some unusual features due to their technical requirements. The main differences pertain usually to the financing features of the transaction. In Engineering lines, for instance, it is customary to stipulate that a percentage is paid with the order, a further percentage on the arrival of the goods, a third installment on the erection of the plant, equipment or machinery, and a final payment after a satisfactory run provided such time does not exceed four to six months. Some contracts still further call for maintenance and repair for a specific period after the contract has been completed. In the case of Industrial Contracts, payment is sometimes made partly in Foreign currency, and partly in Shanghai Taels but this is merely a matter of arrangement.

In the matter of Export Trade Contracts, particularly regarding commodities such as Eggs, Products, Camphor, Wood Oil, Tallow, etc., requiring Chemical Analysis, a movement by the Native Suppliers in recent years has taken the form of a refusal on their part to guarantee Chemical contents. This has led in the case of many of these lines to firms giving up trading in these commodities for malpractices have set in, deliberate adulteration and faulty manufacture being the chief objections. The Foreign Chambers of Commerce have made spasmodic attempts to overcome these objections, but without success, due to failure of united action. In many of the lines mentioned above the quality in the last few years has so deteriorated that it is a real risk to touch these goods and the profit is certainly not commensurate with the risk. What is needed badly in this country is a uniform China Trade Contract, both in Imports and Exports, on the lines and terms of the London contract, which terms are so clear cut and specific to enable both buyer and seller to know exactly where they stand and what they have got to do. Under the present system of Trade Contracts in China, buyers and sellers are laws unto themselves and it only leads to unprofitable business. It is to be hoped that the United Chambers of Commerce will one day take up this question seriously and arrive at an equitable and uniform form of China Trade Contract that will afford protection to foreigners and Chinese alike.

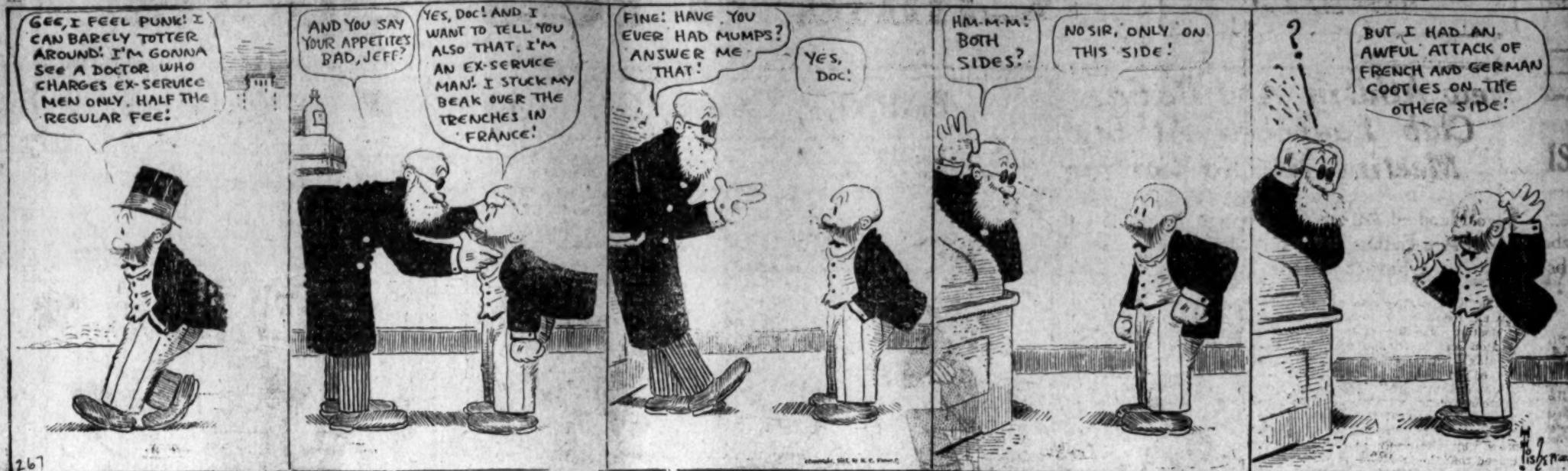
Tomorrow: China Trade and Exchange.

Details Regarding Dairy Exposition Are Received Here

The American Consul-General has received a notice of the National Dairy Exposition which will be held in Syracuse, New York, from October 5 to October 13, 1923, immediately following sessions of the World's Dairy Congress to be held in Washington, D.C., and Philadelphia, Pa. Literature regarding displays of machinery and supplies, exhibits of dairy products, and meetings and conventions to be held at this Exposition, may be seen at the Commercial Office of the American Consulate-General.

MUTT & JEFF

(Copyright 1923 By H. C. Fisher, Tra's Mark Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.)



Jeff Misunderstood The Doc, Thass All

By Bud Fisher

News Brevities

Major Philip R. Faymonville has arrived at Tokio to become Assistant U. S. Military Attache at the American Legation.

Mr. C. E. Gauss, newly appointed Consul-General at Mukden, who has been in the United States two months on leave, returned to China on the President Cleveland and has proceeded to his post.

Mr. W. W. D. Hornaday, Professor of Journalism at the University of Texas, has arrived in Japan on a tour of the Far East. He expects to come to Shanghai via Korea and Peking and will spend several days here before proceeding to the Philippines.

Dr. H. B. Bollina, who arrived on the President Cleveland, will practice at Changsha.

To exchange views with the local business men, journalists and retired officials, members of Parliament will give a dinner for three days beginning today at the For Eastern Hotel. Six hundred guests have been invited.

Mr. Shen Hain-ching, the local educationalist, was elected president of the Chinese Recreation Club, West Gate, yesterday morning at the annual election of the Club.

The Inauguration meeting of the Chambers of Commerce in the provinces of Chekiang and Kiangsu will be held at the local chamber today at noon. Mr. Fong Chu-peli, Vice-President of the chamber, is expected to deliver the principle speech of welcome.

The members and friends of Community Church are planning on having a picnic supper this evening at 8 o'clock in Jessfield Park. After the picnic to stay for the evening's music.

The Rev. Carlton Lacy will preach at the afternoon service of Community Church on Sunday. Mr. Lacy has recently returned from an extended trip through western China. While in Szechuen he climbed the mountain sacred to Buddhism and from that height he saw the snow capped peaks of Tibet. That experience furnishes the inspiration for his sermon on "The Snow Peaks of Tibet." The afternoon service is held at five o'clock in the gymnasium of the new Navy Y. M. C. A.

The pastor of Community Church, Rev. Clifford Merrill Drury and his wife have moved into the house rented for them by the church. Their address now is 7 Doumer Terrace. Their telephone number is West 2975. After a few weeks they will be at home to their friends.

Mr. J. J. Rogers, former manager of the Eastern Equitable Banking Corporation, is sailing for the United States today. He will be connected with the New York office in the future.

Commander F. G. Pyne, former Paymaster of the American Asiatic fleet, is returning to the United States on the President Taft today for assignment in Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. George D. Chisholm and Dr. L. H. Lyons arrived on

the Korea Maru yesterday from San Francisco.

During the absence on leave of Captain A. W. Studd, Lieut. J. C. Bosustow will command the British Infantry Reserves. Captain Studd is proceeding to Chinwangtao, and expects to return to Shanghai about August 27.

Miss Helen Morse, daughter of Mr. O. R. Morse, of the O. R. Morse Company, graduated from the Boston High School, Boston, Mass., on June 20, according to word just received here. Miss Morse was a student at the Shanghai American School for three years prior to her leaving for Boston last year.

The Chinese woman run down by a motor car on Avenue Edward VII last Tuesday and taken to the mortuary as dead, but who revived and tried to walk out of the place, died late Thursday of her injuries. It was expected for a time that she might recover. An inquest was held yesterday, when a verdict of death due to being knocked down by a motor car was returned. The chauffeur was charged before the Traffic Court Thursday and will come before the Court again next week.

His many friends will join with us in congratulating Inspector T. Mollows, of the River Police, who has received official confirmation from the Inspector-General of Customs of his promotion to Superintendent.

The regular monthly meeting of the executive committee of the American University Club will take place at the Union Club at 12.15 p.m. Monday.

Persons leaving Shanghai for their summer vacation in Japan will be interested to note the special rates (first class only) which will be available for 3 months, issued by the Nippon Yusen Kaisha. The fares, including return to Nagasaki are \$75; Moji, \$95; Kobe, \$120; and Yokohama, \$140.

The Shanghai District Magistrate, through the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, has asked the British Consul-General to request the Shanghai Land Investment Co. to remove a bamboo fence bounding their land off Dixwell Road in order that a public road may be built in its place. Mr. P. Peebles, of the company in question, has consented to remove the fence on condition that the beggar huts in the vicinity are removed.

Mr. N. F. Allman has returned to Shanghai after a short holiday and has resumed his place on the Mixed Court Bench as American Assessor.

Mr. H. von Heldenstam, Engineer-in-Chief of the Whangpoo Conservancy Board, has left on a 14 days' visit to Kuling. During his absence Dr. H. Chatley will act as Engineer-in-Chief of the Board.

Mr. E. G. Boardsley of the Standard Oil Company in Shanghai returned to this place on the President Cleveland. He has just completed a six months' vacation in the United States.

CREST HOTEL
231 AVENUE HAIG
Still Going Strong

POWER ALLOWED CONSUL IN JAPAN IS POINT IN CASE

Four Charged With Offense On High Seas Appear Here

An interesting legal discussion between United States Commissioner Nelson Lutton and Attorney George Sellett took place yesterday afternoon in the U. S. Commissioner's Court relative to the powers of an American Consul in Japan to order or endorse punishment of American citizens. It arose from the case in which four men of the steamer Jaden were charged with being drunk and disorderly and with assaulting a superior officer on the high seas.

Mr. George Sellett appeared for the defendants, while Mr. Snyder prosecuted. The men charged were Thomas J. Howe, Arthur Howe, E. Backlund, John H. Peter and Hugh Gonzales. It was alleged that these men assaulted the officer of the vessel while intoxicated. It was submitted that they had been tried by the U. S. Consul in Japan.

Mr. Snyder said that the penalties were originally inflicted by the Captain and these were logged and eventually O.K'd by the Consul.

Mr. Lutton said that Japan exercised sovereignty over all people within her bounds, and as extraterritoriality did not exist there at the present time the United States Consul had no power. The case should have been transferred to a port where an officer of the United States had jurisdiction to try the case. The Court in Shanghai was the first Court where judicial powers were vested in officers to try the case. As far as he knew, the Consul had no power to inflict any punishment on the accused. If the men were accused of killing some one, he asked, would the American Consul be empowered to punish them?

Mr. Lutton went on to state that he did not know of any one in Japan who had the power to do so. The Consul might have exceeded his authority but that did not make it binding. There was no law conferring such authority.

Captain Dunn of the vessel then testified to having logged the punishments, which ranged from the forfeiture of a month's pay to the infliction of a fine of \$19. The American Consul in signing the log did so to protect the owners in case the accused left the ship. The Consul mentioned that the case should be decided at the next port, namely in the Court at Shanghai.

The mate gave corroborative evidence. Upon the receipt of the news of the death of President Harding the hearing was adjourned.

THE "THOMPSON SYSTEM"
For Better Vision
Dr. R. A. Thompson Co.
Oculists—Opticians
25 Jinkee Road
Chung Foo Bank Building
Suite 504. Tel. 6. 1904.

SERGEANT ROSS LEAVING; GIVEN WARM SEND-OFF

Colleagues Present Him With Gold Watch At Farewell Gathering

Sergeant D. H. Ross of Hong-kew police station who will sail for Scotland on extended leave today by the P. and O. steamer Khiva, was given a rousing send-off by his colleagues in the force last night at the station. A gold watch, suitably engraved, was presented by his colleagues. In a little speech Sub-Inspector W. Jones made the presentation, while the guest of honor made a fitting response.

About 50 were present at the gathering, which was enlivened with songs by Sergeant Hall, Constable Curtis, Constable Legge, Constable Woolley, Detective Sergeant Tinkler and Special Constable Rea.

8-Hour Day For Steel Workers To Be Put In Force

(Reuter's Service)
New York, August 2.—Judge Gary, the President of the United States Steel Corporation, announces the immediate adoption of the eight-hour day on the American Steel industry. The wages of the employees, whose hours are consequently reduced from twelve to eight, will be reduced so as to yield earnings equivalent to 25 percent increase in the hourly base rates.

PARIS GARTERS

NO METAL CAN TOUCH YOU



Buy Wide-weave PARIS for their style; wear them for their comfort. Long wear in every pair—always higher in quality than in price. Say "PARIS" when you buy.



A. STEIN & COMPANY
CHICAGO, U.S.A. • NEW YORK, U.S.A.

Representative:

Muller and Phillips (China) Ltd.,
New N. K. K. Bldg., Shanghai, China.

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY

GOODS CLEARED THROUGH CUSTOMS
MARINE INSURANCE EFFECTED
SHIPMENTS FORWARDED
GODOWN SPACE FOR STORAGE OF HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS
88 KIUKIANG ROAD Tel. 6. 1977
Sub Office—Astor House Hotel

Gives Facts On Drug Manufacture

Peking, July 31.—The following has been handed to Reuter's Agency by the International Anti-Opium Association, and refers to a question asked in the British House of Commons last month and answer thereto:

Captain John Hay asked the Secretary of State for the Home Department the number of factories in Great Britain where morphia and heroin are made; the amount of those drugs manufactured last year (1922); and the quantity sent abroad. Mr. Bridgeman replied: The number of factories licensed at the present time for the manufacture of morphia and heroin is two. The amount of morphia made in 1922 was 315,342 ozs., of which, however, 173,010 ozs. were converted into codeine or heroin, leaving a net total of 142,332 ozs. The amount exported was 115,465 ozs. The amount of heroin made in 1922 was 31,673 ozs. and the amount exported 25,911 ozs. (Captain John Hay was formerly a missionary in China).

(Reuter's Service)
Batavia, August 2.—The British steamer Ferrara from Sabang with a cargo of over £300,000 worth of opium is on fire and is expected to become a total loss.

AUTO SUPPLIES
complete line in STOCK
at reasonable prices
DONG CHONG CYCLE AND MOTOR COMPANY
P348 Nanking Road.
Tel. C. 1518. 57882



Did You Get that Victrola?

Why go without, why deny your home the benefit and comfort of good music? For a surprisingly modest sum, you can begin at once to own your own Victrola.

ALL STYLES; ALL PRICES.

S. MOUTRIE & Co., Ltd.

37 NANKING ROAD.

Going Abroad?

Student or business man, whether you go abroad, or are making just a vacation trip—you can save 2/3 of the price of your suits by getting them made by

THE W. W. AHANA CO

TAILORS TO THE DISCRIMINATING

120a Szechuen Road Y.M.C.A. Building Phone: Cent. 25

SHANGHAI LAWN TENNIS ASSOCIATION

Association Courts at Majestic Hotel Grounds, Bubbling Well Road (Entrance Gordon Road) SHANGHAI

JAPANESE OLYMPIC TEAM

(Far Eastern Champions)
Eight Matches
TODAY.

Two Matches a Day At 4.30 O'clock
Series Tickets Three Dollars
Admission One Dollar

Tickets at All Clubs And From

N. B. Ramsay, 71 Peking Road
J. L. Wade, Probst, Hanbury and Company, 21 Jinkee Road
J. Elmore, McBain Building, 1 The Bund
J. E. Doyle, Shanghai Mercantile Printing Co., 9B Kiangle Road
C. E. WHITAMORE,
Hon. Sec.

THE FELLOW WHO "BUTTS IN" IS ALWAYS
IN DANGER OF
BEING MADE THE GOAT

China Press Sports

A GOOD MEMORY CONSISTS IN BEING
ABLE TO FORGET THINGS
ONE SHOULD NOT REMEMBER

New Athletic And Boxing Club Launched At Big Meeting At Old Carlton

Two Hundred Attend Organisation Session And All Are Enthusiastic For Future; Toledo And Favacho Battle To Draw

The "Co-operative Athletic and Boxing Association" held its organisation meeting at the Old Carlton cafe in Ningpo road last evening. The meeting was attended by a number of boxing bouts, the principal "go" being between Toledo and Favacho. The contest, which went the scheduled ten rounds, was declared a draw by Referee Jones. All agreed that the two boys gave one of the most spirited exhibitions of boxing seen in Shanghai recently.

About two hundred of the leading business and professional men of Shanghai attended the meeting and all were agreed that the proposal of "Billy" Bellow, the promoter, for a downtown athletic club and gymnasium was one that deserved full support. All of those who attended the meeting put their names down as members of the organisation and all were enthusiastic in the belief that the new club will be a success from the start.

Mr. Bellow, and a committee that is acting with him are now in negotiation for a downtown headquarters and when a suitable place is obtained the work of fitting up a club and gymnasium will be started. It is the plan of the managers to install shower baths,

rubbing tables, etc., and the very best of athletic equipment. Later on it is the plan of Mr. Bellow to organise classes for instruction in boxing, wrestling, bag punching, club swinging and physical culture work in general. There is to be no extra charge for the instruction, over and above the ten dollars for each membership share.

Mr. Bellow hopes to be able to develop some good local boxing talent, and when this is accomplished he plans to arrange matches with outside boxers.

For last night's bouts a ring was constructed in the old Carlton ballroom, where the orchestra stand used to be located, and as this gave all the spectators a chance to see the bouts the evening was much enjoyed.

Toledo and Favacho are evenly matched youngsters, both of the tall and rangy type, and while both have been seen in action before, they gave an especially fine exhibition last night. They swapped numerous hefty punches that would have been hay makers had not both boys been in very good condition. The preliminary events were also interesting.

Further announcements of the new club's activities will be made shortly.

Many Fighters In The Field For Pancho Villa's Title

New York, July 30.—Pancho Villa, the first man of brown complexion to hold a prize ring title, will find many paltry little kids to dispute his sway and give him a harder, though never a more courageous fight for it than Jimmy Wilde offered in losing the same to the Filipino.

Frankie Genaro, American-born, of New York City is America, of Italian parents, is a square-built little scrapper who wore the starry sash on his shirt while boxing in the faces of Europe's best amateur flyweights at the Antwerp Olympic games in 1920.

Genaro, since hearkening to the jingle of commercialism, has flung many gloves against the doughnut-colored forehead of the Filipino, the only zone of Pancho's person that is open to a thrust when he is advancing with the stealthy creep of a panther, holding the arms folded before his face. Genaro has beaten him thrice, but the last time he did it, and the time he won away the odd-sized title known as the American flyweight championship, most of the ringside clientele thought Pancho at last had whipped Genaro on points. Therefore, although Genaro got the American championship, Villa was chosen to fight Wilde for the world's championship, which is the only real championship in any class.

MANY IN FIELD
There are a couple of little-known flyweights boxing around Philadelphia, one of whom gave Pancho an exuberant smashing and earned a draw with him in a no-decision fight there recently. New Orleans is shooting sweet music about an adolescent assassin named Al Pettinelli. Any good flyweight with an appetite for trouble, and with strong knees and punch of like quality, can give Pancho a fight, as the second-rate flyweights have demonstrated in many of the Filipino's bouts.

The gory mess that Villa made of Jimmy Wilde may have given the impression that Villa is a finishing batter in the ring, but his record belies it. In Wilde he simply had the good luck to catch an old champion, who had nothing left but instinct, and Genaro or Pettinelli might have been champion this day had either been lucky enough to get the match.

HAS STOPPED SEVENTEEN
Villa has had eighty-nine fights with all sorts of little brawlers from the hopeless fourth-raters to the flashy aspirants who will now

be plaguing him with challenges. He has stopped only seventeen of them. He came to New York from the Philippines a little more than a year ago, and was dropped into some of the small clubs, where his grace of motion, and his far-fetched slams, which always draw blood, made him a box-office fighter from the beginning.

His first big match was a ten-rounder with a mutilated bantamweight known as Sammy Cohen, who went ten rounds, and, although whipped, was not in much danger of being put away. Being such a Babe Ruth at the turnstiles, Pancho got the match with Johnny Buff when that little Jersey man, having lost his bantam championship of the world, suddenly discovered that he still held the American flyweight title. Huff was all through as a fighter so he exacted the highest guarantee he could get, and took on Villa, who took about ten rounds to stop him.

BASEBALL STANDINGS

July 21

NATIONAL LEAGUE			
	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	56	31	.644
Cincinnati	53	31	.631
Pittsburg	50	34	.595
Chicago	48	43	.527
Brooklyn	43	41	.512
St. Louis	45	43	.511
Philadelphia	24	60	.286
Boston	24	61	.282
AMERICAN LEAGUE			
	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	59	27	.686
Cleveland	48	40	.548
St. Louis	41	42	.494
Philadelphia	42	43	.494
Chicago	41	44	.482
Detroit	40	43	.482
Washington	35	48	.422
Boston	31	48	.392

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Have your TENNIS RACKETS RESTRUNG with ROSE GUT for it will last for the whole season. We GUARANTEE it for 6 MONTHS. In case it breaks we put new guts FREE OF CHARGE.

Charges \$3.50 only
With dulo gut \$1.50 only

Rose & Company, Limited

478 Chapoo Road

SHANGHAI

Phone N. 1276

(JUST NEAR CHAPOO BRIDGE)

BARNEY GOOGLE



By Billy De Beck

Frank Craven



Frank Craven

BASEBALL TODAY!

The revived Gallopers will hook up with the Peking Marines in the fifth game of the six game series today. The boys expect to win this game; also they have shown that it is possible to get through a game without the customary bad inning. Game starts at 4 o'clock.

STADIUM GIVES GOOD CARD OF AMATEUR BOUTS

A large crowd at the Stadium last night witnessed half a dozen interesting amateur boxing matches between Russian and Filipino boxers who made up in earnestness what they lacked in pugilistic skill.

The amateur night program was staged as an innovation by the Stadium management and indications were that the feature will prove popular as a variant with local boxing fans. Of course, the reduced admission fee may have had a good deal to do with the attendance, but that was certainly not the only thing which drew the crowd, and the popular verdict was that the amateur angle of the game is worthy of exploitation.

Lack of space precludes a comprehensive account of last night's program in this issue and more details will be given tomorrow.

British Lead In Yachting Events

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 2.—After winning the first heat of the British-American Yachting Cup at Lyde yesterday by 23 points to 13, the British team of four yachts in the second heat at Southsea today all finished before the Americans. The British team now leads by 39 points to 23.

Chinese A.A.C. To Play Korean Nine

The baseball team of the Chinese Amateur Athletic Club will play the Korean Baseball team

this afternoon on the Y.M.C.A. ground on North Szechuen Road extension. The game is timed to start at 3:30 sharp.

The Korean ball-throwers are pretty strong. They defeated the Summer School team of Shanghai College by 17 to 7. The teams today are equally balanced and a close game is expected.

The Amateurs had a practice game yesterday afternoon, in which they were defeated by the American School boys by a score of 8 to 4.

Junior Golf Club Bowlers To Meet S.L.B.C. Today

A match between the Shanghai Junior Golf Club and the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club will be played on the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club Green today commencing at 4 p.m.

The Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club will be represented by:

W. L. Gerrard, A. McLure, F. C. Banham, G. L. Campbell (Skip).
Lieut. Col. Trueman, E. Payne, H. H. Fowler, A. W. McCallum (skip).
D. Mennie, D. Carter, W. A. Turnbull, Geo. Dunlop (Skip).
D. M. Graham, J. G. Irvine, H. Manwaring, Jas. Munro, (Skip).
A. Jessiman, P. M. Scott, J. M. Robertson, H. Gordon-Wright (Skip).
Reserves:—J. W. Burtwell, J. Kelly-Davies, D. Davenport, C. G. Oakes, S. J. Hicks.
The following have been selected to represent the S.J.G.C.
A. Braid (skip), Guy Manwaring, E. M. Smith, John Ross, D. McAllister (skip), P. B. Critchley, F. Bridger, C. Amner, G. B. Stormes (skip), C.

Richards, G. C. Sherman, A. C. Hayward.
J. Ross Young (skip), J. R. Mulligan, H. Mackinnon, Jack Ross.
W. S. Featherstonhaugh (skip), N. Harrison, W. Crosbie, T. Goodman.
Reserves: A. J. R. Hodges, Geo. Randall, A. A. Whyte.

S. C. C. Picks Team For Lancastrians

The following players will represent the Shanghai Cricket club in the game with the Lancastrians Monday. The Lancastrians' team was announced yesterday.
E. Bathurst, G. F. H. Richard, A. A. Claxton, W. C. G. Clifford, A. Duckitt, A. J. Daniels, C. Knight, W. J. Monk, H. E. Murray, W. G. R. Murphy, H. C. B. Peck, Reserves: J. Muller, L. Goldman, E. Jones.

CREST HOTEL
231 AV NUE HAIG
Still Going Strong

Throw 'Em Out

Sports Editor: I fail to understand why nothing was done to eject the two "drunks" who over-dosed with bad language at the ball-game last Tuesday. No one putting up an alibi that no one heard them, for they sat directly behind the Shanghai team, and from time to time used vile and filthy language in a loud voice, language that decent men hate to hear—let alone expect ladies to listen to. Probably the ball-players will say it was none of "our" business, that the men on the stands should have attended

to it, but the latter were either so used to it or didn't have spunk enough to raise a fuss; probably considered it none of their business.
Such incidents are not conducive to making the game popular here or attracting ladies to attend, and if our wives do not care to go it will result in the married men withholding support. If this meets their eye perhaps the committee will see to it, no more "drunks" are admitted.
Thanking you for your space in this connection.
Yours truly,
"Old Fan."

THE COVER FOR YOUR CAR—RAIN OR SHINE—AN XS POLICY

Prospectus from:—
S. E. SPARKE INSURANCE OFFICE } 44 Kiangse Road.
Agents:—Excess Insurance Co., Ltd.
Whose Assets exceed £2,000,000

Not Guesswork

The old fortune-tellers owed much of their reputation for making prophecies, not to guesswork, but to exceptional powers of observation. They had a keen insight into human nature and could tell their clients' tastes and circumstances at a glance. When our blending experts prophesied a great future for "COMMANDER" cigarettes it was not guesswork, but a sure knowledge of what discriminating smokers required.

COMMANDER

MAGNUM CIGARETTES

The advertisement is used by the British American Tobacco Co. (China) Ltd.

BRITISH LEADERS SEE NO HOPE OF MOVING FRENCH

Carron and Baldwin Explain
Situation To Parliament

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 2.—In the House of Lords today Marquess Carron in a statement on the European situation regretted that the Government were unable to find in the French and Belgian replies sufficient material to send a joint Allied Note to Germany.

The replies held out no definite prospect of an early settlement of the Ruhr situation or of the reparations discussion. The Government were firmly of the opinion that the existing problem could not be evaded and the situation might sink into irretrievable ruin while time was occupied with exchanging detailed views.

The Government had, therefore, decided to lay papers containing their views and endeavours with the least possible delay and inviting the Allies to agree to the publication of their notes and statements. This might convince the world of the imperative need of prompt and united action. Italy had expressed general agreement with the British views and proposals.

The Foreign Secretary disclosed the contents of the recent British draft reply. This expressed the opinion that it would be advantageous to agree to the German proposal for an impartial examination but in cooperation with the Reparations Commission of Germany's capacity to pay.

The draft pointed out that the German offer of guarantees did not mention stabilization of the mark and balancing of the Budget, and said that the guarantees were ineffective unless some form of international control over the German financial administration were provided.

The draft concluded by advising Germany immediately to withdraw the ordinances which fomented the passive resistance policy and to disavow sabotage.

It expressed the belief that the Powers in occupation of the Ruhr would then reconsider the position with a view to resumption of normal conditions of German industrial life. The covering notes to the Allies elaborated the British views on the subject and urged inter-Allied discussions without delay. The French and Belgian replies were couched in a cordial spirit but did not mention the draft British reply.

The Earl of Birkenhead followed. Marquess Carron, suggested giving the French every chance with their policy and advised the withdrawal of our Army of occupation and our Reparations Commission.

Marquess Carron, replying, disavowed and contended that the French had but only guarantee under the Treaty to ensure that Germany met her obligations. The latter was an unwise step and might do a great deal of harm. It was not fair to ask what the Government was going to do before it had gathered public opinion from the promised publication of papers. If that question were put now he did not know what he could answer.

Mr. Stanley Baldwin's statement in the House of Commons was identical with the foregoing.

Replying to the debate, the Prime Minister emphasized that British interests were not less than those of France and Belgium. He elucidated the effects of the Ruhr situation on world trade and uttered a grave warning with regard to the possibility of a German collapse and of the effects of a surrender forced by desperation.

The Government would continue to strive to bring together the Allied forces to secure a just settlement. If a crisis arose Parliament would be called. In conclusion Mr. Baldwin expressed the desire to maintain a warm friendship with France.

The outstanding features of the speech of Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, who followed Mr. Baldwin, were hearty endorsement of the Government's decision to pursue their own policy and severe condemnation of the French policy.

The Leader of the Opposition in a pointed allusion to the omission

of reference in the French and Belgian replies to the British draft, expressed the hope that it was not more than an oversight. He proceeded to point out that the British conception of alliance was co-operation, not one in which any of the partners could claim control concerning his own interests.

Mr. MacDonald asserted that no sane man would now believe that France was in the Ruhr for the purpose of getting reparations, but she was rather pained by warlike feeling. He proceeded to examine the internal conditions of France, which, he declared, were much better than in England. He questioned the desirability of obtaining reparations from Germany and inquired what the Government's next step would be.

Dwelling on the urgency of action, the Opposition Leader attached great importance to securing Germany's admission to the League of Nations, notwithstanding French opposition. In conclusion, Mr. MacDonald warmly encouraged the Government in their adoption of a positive policy. Parliament adjourned until November 13.

(Reuter's Service)
Paris, Aug. 2.—Official quarters emphasize that the French reply leaves all the doors open for further negotiations. They consider that Mr. Baldwin's statement contains no suggestion of a break and that its moderate tone paves the way for further conversations.

(Reuter's Service)
Paris, August 2.—A summary of the French reply to the British Note has been published. It deals with the points raised in the British Note and declares the Government's readiness to investigate immediately with the British Government the German proposals of June 7, but the question of passive resistance is summary and must be settled before anything else is touched. The occupied territory will be evacuated part passu with Germany's payments. As soon as passive resistance ceases, the occupier will be made as lenient as possible, but until passive resistance ceases France cannot discuss any modifications in the mode of occupation with Germany.

As regards the proposed conference of experts, the French Government asks whether such a body would be better than the Reparations Commission.

Referring to the British proposal for a complete Allied plan for a general and definitive financial settlement, the reply recalls that such a plan already exists and the Reparations Commission has all the Powers necessary to enforce its application. It suggests that it would be contrary to the Treaty to reopen the principle of settlement and the fixing of the total figure. The reply asks what Britain means by a "general and definitive settlement" and whether this includes inter-Allied debts.

With regard to the question of security, the French Government is always ready to discuss this but the question is independent of the occupation of the Ruhr and must be dealt with separately.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 3.—The phrase "What next?" sums up the bulk of the comment in this morning's papers on the European crisis, which they all agree in regarding as of a very grave character. The Government's statement is by no means greeted with a chorus of approval though the opinion is generally expressed that negotiations with France are ended and that publication of the Notes means an appeal to the dispassionate judgment of the world.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 3.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 3.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 3.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 3.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 3.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 3.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 3.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 3.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 3.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 3.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 3.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 3.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 3.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 3.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 3.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 3.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 3.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 3.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 3.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 3.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

AUSTRALIA TRADE COMMISSIONER TO QUIT IN OCTOBER

Mr. E. S. Little Verifies Exclusive China Press Announcement

Announcement made in THE CHINA PRESS a few days ago that the Australian Trade Commissioner's office in Shanghai would be closed after October 13 was verified yesterday by Trade Commissioner E. S. Little following his return from Peking.

Mr. Little was appointed to the post in March, 1921, and has been the only commissioner to serve here. His removal and the closing of the local office comes as a result of the change in government in Australia because of dissatisfaction with the over-land trade and shipping policies of the defeated government.

A Trade Commissioner was sent to Singapore at the same time Mr. Little was sent here and both have done excellent work in promoting Australian trade in the Far East. Mr. Little said yesterday that the Singapore office would probably remain as it is supported by both states and federal funds while his office has been supported solely by federal grants.

During the time the office has been in existence here it has handled a great deal of cor-

respondence from Australian manufacturers anxious to get into the China trade but the Australian newspapers hold to the opinion that it would have been of much greater benefit to have subsidised Australian shipping instead of spending money on trade development.

Order Is Made In British Debt Case

At an adjourned judgment hearing before Assistant Judge Peter Gwyn in the British Supreme Court yesterday, Mr. Frank W. White, explaining why he could not pay \$130 to the plaintiff, Mr. P. Lesner, stated that he had lost a good job through the plaintiff's having summoned him to court on June 15. He had tendered a check for \$50 at the time and it had been refused. He was willing to pay at the rate of \$5, \$10 or \$15 a month, but was not able to pay the amount in full.

The plaintiff during the course of his evidence said he would like to know when the defendant would pay, to which the Judge replied that plaintiff must first show him that plaintiff was in a position to pay.

An order was made for the defendant to pay as much as he could.

OPEN-AIR CONCERT HELD TONIGHT IN JESSFIELD PARK

Following is the program for the open-air concert to be given by the Municipal Orchestra this evening, beginning at 9:15 o'clock, in Jessfield Park:

1. Overture—"Leonore No. 2" Beethoven
2. (a) Prelude to the Biblical Poem—"Le Deluge" (For Strings only) Saint-Saens
- (b) Symphonic Poem: "Danse Macabre" Violin-Solo: Mr. O. Foa
3. Two movements from the "Symphonie Pathétique" Tchaikowsky
- (a) Allegro con grinta
- (b) Allegro molto vivace
4. Grand selection from the Opera—"I Pagliacci" Leoncavallo
5. Overture—"Sembranza" Rossini

Conductor: Maestro Mario Paci.

AGREEMENT REACHED

(French Wireless through Reuter)
Paris, August 2.—In a statement to the press at the Stal Conference, Dr. Benes, the Czech-Slovak Foreign Minister, declared that complete success had been reached. An agreement had been obtained on all the questions on the agenda.

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL

LOUNGE

SODA FOUNTAIN NOW OPEN

Li's Daughter Goes To Study Politics In U. S.

Miss Grace Li, daughter of President Li Yuan-hung, who is sailing for San Francisco on the President Taft today, says she intends to study politics and economics in America and later will continue these studies in Europe before she comes back to China. Miss Li is accompanied by her school chum, Miss Harriet Chou.

It was expected last week that President Li would come to Shanghai, having an outstanding reason for the trip his daughter's departure, but at the last minute he modified his plans and therefore Miss Li and her companion

were accompanied here by Mr. Sung Chi-lin, who is the President's Secretary.

Both Miss Li and Miss Chou have completed two years of preparatory work at Nan Kai College at Tientsin and Miss Li expects to enter the junior class at Wellesley in Massachusetts. After completing her course at Wellesley Miss Li will go on to England and the continent.

MISS ELVIRA PETTY the girl who is different IN ORIGINAL SONGS AND DANCES

AT THE

PARISIEN

WHERE THE

WHEEL OF FORTUNE TURNS EVERY NIGHT

25% of the Admission Receipts Given Away

Also ROY SHARP, the lad with the Banjo

ADMISSION \$1.00

DINERS FREE

Tonight and Tomorrow night
at 9.15 p.m.

The Victoria Theatre

PRESENTS

"THE WOMEN MEN LOVE"

A SPECIAL
PROGRAM
AT REGULAR
VICTORIA
PRICES

MATINEES
TODAY
at 3.15 p.m.

"THE SIN THAT
WAS HIS"
and Ep. 12th and 13th
"WHIRLWIND"

On Sunday
"THE WOMEN
MEN LOVE"
and Ep. 12th and 13th
"WHIRLWIND"



NEW SHOW NEW GIRLS

See Them Plump and See Them Thin

SEE SALOME

IN ALL HER SPLENDOUR

BE THERE The MUSCOVITE BALLET SEE THEM

By Direction of Mr. A. De Sheimo

Prima Ballerina: Mlle. Lucy De Sheimo

Ballet Master: Mr. Jean Ville

THE WESTERN TAVERN

135 Jessfield Road

Telephone West 3893

Denies Parleys On Naval Bases

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 2.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 2.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 2.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 2.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 2.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 2.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 2.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 2.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 2.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 2.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.

(Reuter's Service)
London, August 2.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Mr. Edmund Morel, Labor Member for Dundee, Mr. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, declared that no discussions had occurred between the British and the Dutch Governments with regard to certain projected naval strategical works in the Dutch East Indies.



AT THE
PALACE HOTEL SNACK COUNTER
(MEN ONLY)

Open 7 a.m. to midnight

Good Food—Prompt Service—Reasonable Prices



ADMISSION FREE

217 Bubbling Well Road

If you Want to Enjoy a Cool Evening Visit

THE ST. GEORGE'S CAFE

Special Entertainment

Dinner-Dance Tonight

THE KUROVSKY TWINS

Cool Breezes

Excellent Music

ADMISSION FREE

Special Tea Dansant Tomorrow

Phone West 2279

L. HEYER, Manager

MAIL TO EUROPE AND 10 STATES LEAVES TODAY

With mail for the United States, the President Tait, which arrived in Shanghai from Hongkong yesterday afternoon and moored at the Blue Funnel buoy, will sail for San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu early this afternoon. The tender with outgoing passengers and mail will leave the Customs jetty at 12 o'clock noon.

Another trans-Pacific mail boat, the President McKinley will sail from the China Merchants Central Wharf for Seattle via Kobe and Yokohama only at 2.30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The liner will arrive from Hongkong this afternoon, and is to dock around 5 o'clock.

Ordinary mail to be sent on the Tait will close at 10 o'clock this morning, and registered is to be received up to 9 a.m., and mail to go on the McKinley should be posted before 10 o'clock tomorrow morning for both registered and ordinary.

Taking mail for European ports, the P. and O. steamer Khiva will be dispatched from its berth this afternoon, and the tender with homebound passengers will leave the Customs jetty at 2 o'clock. Mail to go on this boat is closing at 11 a.m. and 12 noon for registered and ordinary respectively.

The T. K. K. liner Korea Maru arrived in Shanghai from San Francisco via ports early yesterday morning, and docked at the Kaitak's Yangtze Wharf. The vessel will sail for Hongkong this afternoon, and the tender with outgoing passengers will leave the Customs jetty at 2 o'clock.

The next mail from the States will arrive on the President Jefferson a week from today. This steamer usually carries a heavy mail, and is due to arrive at Yokohama from Seattle next Monday, and the Empress of Australia, which should dock at that port from Vancouver next Tuesday, is due here on Sunday, August 12.

Bringing mail from Europe, the M.M. steamer Paul Lerat is due in Shanghai tomorrow morning and will dock at the S.M.R. Wharves Wharf around 6 o'clock. The vessel left Hongkong on Thursday noon.

Russian Is Jailed For Passage Of Worthless Check

Peter S. Nahaboff, Russian, who was among the six foreigners arrested by the Chinese authorities at Hanchow recently on charges of arms smuggling, was sentenced to three months' imprisonment by the Mixed Court yesterday for securing money by false pretenses, through presentation of a worthless check on the American Oriental Banking Corporation.

A number of civil cases are pending against Nahaboff in the Mixed Court but it is believed that at the expiration of his sentence he will be turned over to the Chinese authorities for trial on the arms charge. Arrested with Nahaboff at Hanchow were his daughter, Annie; Mr. and Mrs. Morelli, Italians, another Russian and J. Krempasky, a Serbian. Krempasky, who was held by the Chinese authorities here, has been released on \$300 bail.

CREST HOTEL 231 AVENUE HAIG Still Going Strong

EMPIRE Theatre

On Saturday and Sunday, Aug. 4th and 5th

At 7.30 p.m.

"CAPTAIN KIDD"

With Eddie Polo and Kathleen Myers. A Marvel-Sensation Serial.

Episodes 5 & 6 in 4 parts

At 9.15 p.m.

JESSE L. LASKY Presents

WALLACE REID

in

"DOUBLE SPEED"

MATINEES

Today, at 3.15 p.m.

"DOUBLE SPEED"

On Sunday, August 5th at 3.15 p.m.

"DAREDEVIL"

C 2240

UNIVERSAL HIRE SERVICE

Series U Right—Day & Night

\$1 First 20 Min. \$3 per F

Gland Operation Causes Medical War



Mrs. Roy L. Stage. The Operation.

THE above photograph shows the operating room of a Milwaukee (Wisconsin) hospital when a goat gland transplantation operation was performed on "Mrs. John Doe." The glands were removed from a Langen goat and grafted into the woman, who, it later developed, was Mrs. Roy L. Stage. News of the operation caused a war in medical circles in Milwaukee, physicians attacking Dr. Theodore H. Larsen, who performed it, as "unethical."

QUOTAS FILLED, THOUSANDS TO BE DEPORTED BY U.S.

Ships Endanger Lives Of Passengers By Race Up Harbor

(Reuter's Service) New York, August 2.—The Government has decided that only bona fide immigrants to Canada, who are able to prove that they intend to reside there for at least a year may be granted transit visas.

Forty British subjects who expressed desire to change their destination to Canada when they found that the quota into the United States was exhausted were consequently deported.

Thirty-four Finns, deported last week, who arrived back again on board another steamer which picked them up at Sable Island, have been deported again, as it was ruled that they should return home before attempting to reenter the country.

(Reuter's Service) New York, August 2.—Mr. Curran, the Immigration Commissioner, announces that he has warned the officials of all transatlantic liners against a repetition of yesterday morning's race to the quarantine station, "when

thirteen liners endangered the lives of thousands of passengers." According to the Masters of several steamers, they raced up the narrows with a speed of over 15 knots and so closely abreast that passengers of the different ships could almost touch hands. A collision anywhere would have affected many vessels.

Russian Deportee Swims Ashore Here, Hides For Months

George Roussin, a Russian ordered deported from Shanghai last April, but who leaped off the ship, swam ashore and has been in hiding here ever since, was brought into the Mixed Court yesterday following a drunken escapade and was sentenced to nine months' imprisonment after the Court had read him a stinging lecture in which he was characterized as a highly undesirable resident.

Roussin, who had been before the Court four times already and had been taken to police stations in a drunken frenzy on half a dozen other occasions, was to have left Shanghai for Vladivostok on April 14. Before the steamer sailed he obtained some liquor and when the ship was about a quarter of a mile from shore he leaped overboard and swam back, going into hiding. He was arrested Thursday for being drunk and disorderly in the

COMPROMISE IN AERO DISPUTE IS RECOMMENDED

British Board Declines To Let Navy Run Own Air Force

(Reuter's Service)

London, Aug. 2.—A White Paper has been published containing the recommendations of the National and Imperial Defence Committee on the relations between the Navy and the Air Force, which in the words of the sub-committee presided over by the Earl of Balfour, have given rise to a "somewhat acute controversy." The sub-committee, after sifting the claims of the rival forces and the present system of co-operation as regards the Fleet air arm, do not think that complete severance is possible. It is recommended that Air officers should be appointed to the Naval War Staff and that relations between the Admiralty

and the Air Ministry should be defined. The recommendations can be regarded as a compromise. Drastic reorganization of the Imperial Defence Committee is recommended and provided that Dominions Ministers may be summoned as Members of the Cabinet. The Committee rejects the proposal for the control or amalgamation of the three fighting services under one Defence Minister and has decided that each of the three Chiefs of Staff shall be responsible for advising on defence policy as a whole, the three constituting a super-General Staff.

In the House of Commons Mr. Baldwin stated that the Government had adopted the recommendations of the Imperial Defence Committee. He emphasized that the Committee had unanimously come to a conclusion in favor of

Call West 189 Ford Hire Service

ST. GEORGE'S GARDENS

217 BUBBLING WELL ROAD

OPEN AIR CINEMA SHOW

TO-NIGHT AND SUNDAY

A Fascinating Fantasy of Complexed Kisses

LEW CODY

in

"The Beloved Cheater"

Also Showing

British Gazette, Screen Snapshots, International News, and "Shine 'Em Up" Comedy

BOOKING AT ST. GEORGE'S

Tel. W. 2279

ISIS THEATRE

Today and Sunday

At 7 and 9.15 p.m.

Matinee Today at 3 p.m.

What would you do if you suddenly learned you were illegally married? Would you renounce your right to happiness or would you try to live a lie? This was the problem that confronted the Rev. John Malden and his wife, Sympathy. It is one of the big moments in the greatest story ever told in motion pictures.

B.P. Schulberg presents A Tom Forman Production

SHADOWS

Adapted by Eve Unsell and Hope Loring from Wilbur Daniel Steele's famous prize story.

Portrayed by

LON CHANEY HARRISON FORD MARGUERITE DE LA MOTTE JOHN SAINPOLIS WALTER LONG PRISCILLA BONNER FRANCES RAYMOND BUDDY MESSENGER

Directed by TOM FORMAN

It's a Preferred Picture—

Distributed by AL-LICHTMAN CORPORATION

Box Seat \$1.50 Dress Circle \$1.00 Stall 60 cts.

Sunday Matinee at 3 p.m.

Von Stroheim in "BLIND HUSBANDS"

EVERY NIGHT 9.15 CARLTON THEATRE PHONE WEST 3641

ONLY 2 MORE DAYS

Matinee Today and Sunday 3 p.m.

A United Artists Special Production

MARY PICKFORD

IN

"POLLY ANNA"

A Photoplay that will fill your heart with Gladness.

DON'T LET THE KIDDIES MISS THIS PICTURE

ONE WEEK STARTING MON. AUG 6

THE GREATEST MYSTERY SHOW ON EARTH

NICOLA AND HIS BIG AMERICAN COMPANY OF SENSATIONAL MYSTIFIERS



THE STRANGEST MAN ON EARTH A GORGEOUS REVUE OF THE WORLD'S GREATEST MAGICAL ILLUSIONS ILLUSIONS, MIRACLES SURPRISES AND SENSATIONS PRESENTED ON A SCALE NEVER BEFORE ATTEMPTED.

THE OLYMPIC THEATRE

Presents

Tonight and Sunday at 9.15 p.m.

Clara Kimball Young



"EYES OF YOUTH"

Extraordinary Programme At Ordinary Prices of Admission

MATINEES

Today, at 3.15 p.m.

"THE REDEMPTION"

And Ep. 11 & 12 of "THE BRANDED FOUR"

On Sunday, August 5th at 3.15 p.m.

"EYES OF YOUTH"

IN EIGHT LUXURIOUS REELS

Race Course Gift Enables Relief Committee Here To Repatriate 50 Refugees

With the receipt of a \$2,000 contribution from the Shanghai Race Club and some \$700 from individuals toward the "Repatriation Fund," the Russian Refugee Relief Advisory Committee announces that it will be able to send away some 50 refugees.

Following is the letter of acknowledgment and list of contributions issued by the secretary, Mr. A. E. Lockyer:

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS
Dear Sir: I beg to hand you a list of subscriptions received to date and thanks to the substantial contribution received from the Race Club we are now able to send away some 50 refugees. Unfortunately our funds will not carry us further at present although we already have over 100 names of people on the waiting list, and more coming round day by day to register. Unless we are able to collect further funds for repatriation purposes it would appear that our labor has been in vain. Let all who can help until such time as the powers that be come to our assistance. If other institutions would follow the Race Club our work would go ahead rapidly.

SOUP KITCHEN
Previously acknowledged \$987.48
F. W. Satterley July 100.00
Anonymous 5.00
W. W. Teo Shop 33.00
G. C. Naser Tls 15.00
@ 72.3 20.76
Mrs. O. Moller July 10.00
Mrs. A. E. Stewart July 5.00
Anonymous 10.00
E. O. C. 4.00
C. W. S. 10.00
Miss Florence M. Reid 10.00
Bet. 1.00
Rev. E. and Mrs. Box 10.00
E. P. H. 20.00
A. P. C. Staff 73.00
E. P. Oliver 5.00
New strength to your elbow 30.00
Mr. & Mrs. S. W. Wolfe August 25.00
Mrs. Gensburger August 10.00
Miss E. R. Jansen August 10.00
G. E. Post August 25.00
Budy per W. H. 20.00
Palaces from Community 350.00
Soup Kitchen 350.00
\$1,774.24

HOUSING AND GENERAL
Previously acknowledged \$714.05
Dr. Murray 25.00
N. W. H. 25.00
V. D. F. W. 20.00
Capt J. J. Bahson 50.00
P. Peebles 25.00
\$59.05

MATERNITY
Previously acknowledged 25.00
E. A. E. 10.00
35.00

REPATRIATION
Previously acknowledged 148.10
Dr. E. D. Jackson Tls 100 @ 72.3 138.31
Bridge 5.00
M. Marulli de Barletta 5.00
A. D. B. 5.00
Dr. J. E. 5.00
"A Victim of the Plutocrats" 5.00
J. H. L. 25.00
W. C. B. 5.00
R. B. P. 5.00
L. F. 5.00
A. W. 5.00
H. K. 3.00
C. B. 2.00
J. S. McG. 5.00
T. R. C. 5.00
T. R. C. 5.00
J. R. H. 5.00
E. H. A. 5.00
H. M. B. 3.00
A. J. 5.00
J. D. E. 5.00
H. J. W. 5.00
T. W. P. 20.00
J. A. C. 10.00
J. D. D. 5.00
T. J. F. 10.00
D. M. W. 10.00
T. P. L. 5.00
F. E. H. 5.00
W. F. 5.00
M. A. A. M. 5.00
H. E. K. 5.00
T. H. R. S. 20.00
W. A. W. 10.00
S. S. R. Tls 25.00 @ 72.3 34.57
W. L. Merriman 10.00
Dr. Geo. A. Huntley 10.00
R. E. L. B. 20.00
Mr. & Mrs. Sheldon H. 588.98
Tollies 25.00
Shanghai Race Club 2,000.00
N. G. M. 100.00
Grand Total \$5,382.27

Yours faithfully,
Refugee Relief Advisory Committee
A. E. LOCKYER.
It was stated at the committee meeting Thursday that a cablegram has been sent to the Secretary of the League of Nations, Geneva, by Mr. A. E. Lockyer, in behalf of the Committee saying: "Russian refugees in Shanghai number 5,000, of whom 2,500 are practically destitute and suffering from privations in the torrid summer heat. Have so far been

fed by charity soup kitchens one meal a day but it is increasingly hard to get further support. Housing accommodations terrible. Unless outside help is available the refugees are likely to starve. Local authorities are powerless. Private relief cannot go on indefinitely. The steamer Eldorado has broken down with 700 refugees and is anchored 40 miles off Ningpo. She cannot proceed nor obtain a permit to land passengers. Refugees are suffering horribly on the scorching iron decks. Can you come to our assistance to repatriate or emigrate refugees, also place funds at our disposal? It is impossible to obtain work for refugees in China or to repatriate by private relief."

The next meeting of the League is on September 13 and it is hoped some action on this appeal will be taken.
Mr. Brand, Chairman of the Repatriation Committee, read a report which showed a large amount of work accomplished during the past week. Various routes had been examined and rates obtained. Mr. Gross had been interviewed and also Mr. Ellender, the Soviet representative. Acting on the advice of Mr. Gross, the Repatriation Committee recommended that only refugees resident in Shanghai before June 30 be considered, and that this policy be widely advertised in order to prevent refugees from rushing here in the hope of being sent home.

The Soviet representative stated that all Russians except those who had been guilty of political crimes could be repatriated, so that the cadets, soldiers, and sailors resident in Shanghai, as well as civilians and women and children, could be sent back. The sub-committee, however, recommended that only the rank and file be considered for repatriation at once. Assurance was given that returned refugees would be met by a Soviet agent and forwarded to their various homes. It was hoped that arrangements could be perfected so that repatriation could begin by the end of August, provided funds were in hand. Cook's Tourist Agency also offered to co-operate with this committee in securing through passage and supervision for groups of refugees.

The Repatriation Committee was granted authority to despatch 50 refugees to Harbin as soon as the necessary investigations and registrations could be made. It is a simple matter to send a group to Harbin and it is hoped that this first step may be taken at once, since many applications have been received and special assistance was authorized to handle this matter. The funds in hand, \$2615.98, will cover the expense of the first group.

With respect to the Community Soup Kitchen, Mrs. C. W. Harvey announced that Mrs. Tomalson, of 126 Diawell Road, had promised to supervise the work in her place, assisted by the usual committee of ladies from the been possible to secure a site for this kitchen and it is absolutely vital that a place be found at once. The loan of premises for this work would be greatly appreciated, and that Mrs. Walker would take the place of the present interpreter. It has not yet been decided. Since the soup kitchen was previously maintained by the T. R. C. Sisters of Charity on Avenue Dubai has been obliged to close for lack of funds. It is doubly imperative that the activities of this other shall not be slackened. A hearty vote of thanks was given Mrs. Harvey for her efficient service.

It was announced that the Nestle and Anglo-Swiss Condensed Milk Company had donated to the Committee over 100 cases of malted milk which had hardened on account of the climate and while unsaleable was in good sanitary condition, and also two tons of rock cods.
It was stated that at least 20 refugees from the str. Eldorado had made their way to shore and had reached Shanghai by walking overland. It is likely that others will follow and it is important that some constructive method of dealing with this increase in the refugee colony be devised and funds made available for carrying it out.

SILK REGIME
(French Wireless through Reuters)
Paris, August 2.—The Franco-Italian agreement on the Customs regime for silks has been signed at Paris.

CROSS RATE
(French Wireless through Reuters)
Paris, August 2.—The Paris-London cross-rate is quoted today at £1 eq. 79.68 francs.

Owns World's Greatest Stamp Collection



Harry B. Mason

HENRY B. Mason, President of the American Philatelist Association, owns the world's finest collection of stamps. The association, under his direction, will hold a convention in Washington shortly.

U. S. Tourist Trade Sought By Germans

Berlin, June 6.—Eighty per cent of all American tourists today are going to France, according to a report submitted by a prominent hotel manager at a meeting of all Berlin concerns, interested in tourist traffic, held for the purpose of protesting against the Government obstructions placed in the way of travellers wishing to visit Germany.

This manager, who recently returned from a trip to the United States, cited reports appearing recently in the American press of ill treatment accorded Americans in Germany. He said that while these might be mendacious, they were substantially true and prevented European tourists from coming here. He declared that inquiries made at the German consulates in New York and San Francisco revealed scarcely a single instance of late of Americans travelling for health or pleasure, being given permission to visit Germany.

A member of the Surgeons' Association asserted that German consulates were refusing to give visas to Americans who desired to visit German health resorts. A Reichstag Deputy ridiculed the official excuse, formerly given, that foreigners threatened to "buy out" Germany, declaring that this was no longer likely. "Since prices in Germany have already risen, for the most part, above world prices,"

A representative of the Foreign Office explained that the German consulates had been advised to place no difficulties in the way of "legitimate" foreigners desiring to enter Germany. The protests centred particularly on the 80 per cent lodging tax demanded of foreign hotel guests in Berlin. The meeting adopted a resolution demanding that the Government reduce this and other special taxes and remove all other handicaps on tourist traffic. It was revealed that Frankfurt has just abolished all special taxes on foreign visitors and that Munich has reduced these taxes to a considerable extent.

Mr. Purchasing Agent

AND EXPORTERS

We have 16 Casks OF

Selected Hog Casings

For Sale

Immediate Delivery

Apply to
THE CHINA PRESS
Box No. 24

All Advertisements must be prepaid. Replies must be called for.

Classified Advertisements

3 Cents a Word
Minimum Charge
60 Cents

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

OFFICES to let. On the 2nd and 3rd floors of No. 7 The Bund. Also at No. 7a the premises immediately behind No. 7. Apply to The Commercial Bank of China.
T. F. 195

TO LET, four rooms, 2nd floor, 51, Kiangse Road. Apply Tan Wai Bank, ground floor, same building. (50A).
60832

TWO ground floor offices, to let, 45 taels per month. Apply 39, Szechuen Road, Yuen Shing Co.
60921 A 5

TO LET. Offices with or without godown at 6, Szechuen Road. Rooms measure 15 x 24 feet. Rent moderate. Ready for occupation from 1st August, 1935. Apply to Mr. O. S. Lien, 3 Szechuen Road.
60645 A 4

TWO offices to let, on the 2nd floor of our building. No. 50 Nanking Road. Apply Electric Equipment Co.
T. F. 195

TO LET. Offices and flats in modern building in most desirable Central location, two lifts, steam heating, modern bathrooms. Zebra building, 27 Nanking Road (office on 2nd floor).
T. F. 189

EDUCATIONAL

FRENCH tutor wanted for practice in conversation on hourly basis. State compensation desired and hours available. Apply to Box 23, THE CHINA PRESS.
60932 A 5

USED CARS

STUDEBAKER SPECIAL SPORT ROADSTER, late model, overhauled, repainted, wire wheels, five brand new tires: classy car. Phone C. 402.
60902 A 4

CREST HOTEL

231 AVENUE HAIG
Still Going Strong

DR. F. FRANEK, M. D.
Specialist in Urology
Skin and Internal Diseases (Latest European methods of treatment)
Kumson Road corner of Balfour Road
Consulting hours 11-1, 4-6.
Tel. C. 851.

Rebrowning Firearms
by cold process
satisfaction guaranteed
P. J. Braga
14a Darroch Road
60875

The Shanghai
Chemical
Laboratory
No. 20 Nanking Road
3rd Floor

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, four room house, Bubbling Well district. Tls. 75.00. For particulars, inquire 40, Bubbling Well.
T. F. 170

TO LET, three roomed house, one bathroom, fully furnished. Apply 264, Avenue Joffre, house 7. Phone W. 1476.
60919 A 7

SIX ROOMED house, three bedrooms, three bathrooms, three living rooms, small garden, garage, spacious servants' quarters. Avenue Road. Rental Tls. 110 per month. Only a few fixtures and screening to be taken over. Apply to Box 17, THE CHINA PRESS.
60918 A 3

TO LET, in Avenue du Roi Albert from 15th August, unfurnished house containing dining room and sitting room with good verandah two good bathrooms, with separate bedrooms, flush toilets, two attic bedrooms with bathroom, kitchen and usua servants' quarters. Fittings and mosquito netting to be taken over. Can be seen by appointment. Apply to Box 1256, THE CHINA PRESS.
60910 A 4

SIX roomed house to let, French Concession, near train. Complete modern sanitary conveniences, garage. Apply to the Shanghai Estate Co., Inc. 41 Rue du Consulate.
T. F. 180

APARTMENTS TO LET

TO LET, nice attic flat, two rooms, kitchen, bathroom, modern house, Western district, use tennis court. Apply, phone West 3630.
60956 A 9

TO LET, Haskell Road, furnished attic flat, two rooms, bathroom, kitchen. Apply to Box 32, THE CHINA PRESS.
60953 A 7

NEWLY and completely furnished housekeeping flats, in a newly-built flat building, modern sanitation, separate kitchens, servants' quarters, also garages if required. Avenue Verdun Gardens, 429, Avenue Joffre. Call or phone West 3813 after 2 p.m.
60787 A 14

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED house or flat of about four rooms, vicinity Quinsan Gardens or Central. Apply to Box 28, THE CHINA PRESS.
60941 A 7

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

PARTNERSHIP. Wanted an active or sleeping partner or interpreter with 10 to 30,000 taels capital for establishment as export business firm. Any nationality. Address to Box No. 35, THE CHINA PRESS.
60963 A 7

HOUSES FOR SALE

HOUSE for sale, modern five room house, 1-3/5 mow of land, garden, tennis court, servants' quarters. Adjoining French Park. Price Tls. 25,000 including furniture. Inquire Asia Realty Company, 15 Nanking Road, Tel. Central 65.
No. 1

SITUATIONS WANTED

CHINESE youth, having two years' experience in insurance work wants to secure a position of typist. Please apply to Box 34, THE CHINA PRESS.
60959 A 4

COLLEGE GRADUATE, experienced in gas and oil Engines and power plant engineering. Apply to Box 30, THE CHINA PRESS.
60945 A 4

EXPERIENCED stenographer and typist (Chinese) is open for immediate engagement. Apply to Box 23, THE CHINA PRESS.
60935 A 5

WANTED position by experienced young Chinese with good education, well versed in modern accountancy with sound knowledge of shipping, filing, typing, cable and general office routine. Excellent references. Apply to Box 27, THE CHINA PRESS.
60940 A 4

MALE stenographer-typist, with thorough knowledge of English, experience in letter writing, scrutinizing letters, filing, coding, general insurance, desires change from present occupation. Apply to Box 21, THE CHINA PRESS.
60929 A 5

IMPORT and export, 13 years' experience in China in leading positions in import and export. Age 35. Married. Linguist. Offers to organize and/or manage departments or take charge of going concern in Shanghai. Moderate salary and percentage on net profit. Apply to Box 29, THE CHINA PRESS.
60943 A 5

YOUNG Chinese, seeks employment, knowledge of bookkeeping, coding, filing and general office routine, three years' experience. Apply to Box 1299, THE CHINA PRESS.
60831 A 4

SUMMER RESORTS

TSINGTAO Strand, furnished houses or house, to let, verandah, garden, light, water and bath, canalisation. Write: Professor G. Jelberg, Tsingtao.
60957 A 9

MISCELLANEOUS

WE, two Russian students appeal for help by lending us 400 Mex. dollars, for the purpose of going to America to complete our education. We will pay back this amount in 2-3 months after settling in America. Please apply to Box No. 31, THE CHINA PRESS.
60952 A 6

LOST AND FOUND

LOST, strayed or stolen Alred's bitch, answering to the name "Jerry." Reward if returned to A. B. Hyke: 44 Avenue Duval.
60996 A 5

PROFESSIONAL

ALICE CHANG, masseuse and manicurist, work done at her house or will visit customers. Apply EC80, Medhurst Road, in Avenue Road, Telephone W. 5611.
60923

FEVERISH FABLES



FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET

Connaught House.
8 and 9 Quinsan Gardens.
Vacant one small front room, facing South.

14 and 15 Quinsan Gardens.
Direct Foreign Supervision. To let with full board; one large room with private bath; also one small room. Telephone North 482.

BOSTONIA

61 Carter Road.
One large and one small room, connecting bathrooms, now vacant.
60841

TO LET, one well furnished room

165, Bubbling Well Road, to let, with full board, double and single rooms, private bathrooms, hot and cold water tennis and garage. Moderate prices. Mrs. Hedden. Tel. W. 704.
60958 A 5

TO LET, one large well furnished room, verandah, bathroom attached, with or without board, also one small room. Apply 22a, North Szechuen Road.
60962 A 4

and attic of three rooms with kitchen, verandah and bathrooms, with or without board, nicely located. Apply 30 Medhurst Road.
60908

TO LET, one large room, with bathroom attached, suitable for two friends or married couple, full board. Please apply 28, Carter Road, or W. 1912.
60927

DOUBLE room with verandah (\$150). Single room, verandah (\$90). Excellent table. Modern sanitation 85B Rue Bourgeat, corner Rue du Lieutenant Petiot. Phone West 3849.
60912 A 9

TO LET, nice and comfortably furnished rooms, suitable for married couple or bachelors. Moderate charges. Apply to 6 Ward Road.
60914 A 5

FOR RENT, a nicely furnished double bedroom with bath attached, also a small furnished room, with or without board. Apply No. 29, Baikal Road.
60827 A 3

TO LET, with board, two large rooms, nicely furnished, verandah and bathrooms attached, facing South. Also two small rooms. Apply 6, Carter Road, or Tel. W. 627.
60844 A 5

NEAR French Park, beautiful double and single room with separate and modern bath, separate or together, also small single room. French supervision and cooking. Moderate price, 127, Route Vallon, Phone W. 3125.
60854 A 5

7 Love Lane. Well furnished double room, with verandah, facing South, also one single room, private bathrooms, full board.
60792 A 5

CENTRAL, to let, a large well furnished room, with enclosed verandah and bathroom attached. Quiet locality. Good cooking. Apply to Box 1278, THE CHINA PRESS.
60794 A 4

34 Haskell Road, South rooms, bath and verandah. \$70 to 110 single, 110 to 120 for two. Excellent table.
60975 A 5

EXCHANGE AND MORT

FOR SALE, pair car rowing shell. Excellent condition. Bargain. Apply D. E. Kydd, Palace Hotel.
60947 A 19

NEW saddle for sale, one complete set of new and good leather saddle of latest type or sale. Apply to No. 483, Rue Auguste Boppé, French-town.
60942 A 5

FOR SALE: Old established and well known cafe, soda fountain and confectionery store, going concern. Excellent location between two theatres. Rent Tls. 60. Long lease. What offers? Apply to Box 26, THE CHINA PRESS.
60928 A 4

FOR SALE, Moutrie piano, nearly new with seven years guarantee, in beautiful condition and low price with stool Tls. 270. Apply to Box 16, THE CHINA PRESS.
60916 A 6

AN entirely black horse offered in exchange for police dogs, hunting dogs or bull dogs. Address Box 2, THE CHINA PRESS.
60928 A 6

TRIP to Yangtze Gorges: For sale two return tickets to Yangtze Gorges by China Navigation and Robert Dollar boats. What offers? Apply to Mr. C. S. Lo, Chung Fung Union Bank, Shanghai.
60819 A 4

SITUATIONS VACANT

JUNIOR required possessing adaptability for sketching. Apply room 1, 3rd floor, Kelly & Walsh's Building.
60980 A 4

WANTED, an experienced young lady typist for shipping department. Apply in person to the China Pacific Trading Co., 5 Fochow Road.
60949 A 7

WANTED, Export man for general produce, one with experience in hides, skins and furs preferred. Good opportunity for right man. Apply to Box 18, THE CHINA PRESS.
60925 A 4

WANTED, Reliable hide, skin and fur expert. Good opening for suitable party. Apply to Box 19, THE CHINA PRESS.
60925 A 1

WANTED competent bookkeeper, temporary employment about three months, must be quick, neat and accurate worker, and be able to start immediately. Apply stating qualification and salary expected to Manager, Chinese Post Office Box No. 408.
60911 A 4

CHEMICAL compradors, only first class men need to apply. Must have good connections with manufacturers, dispensaries and chemical dealers. State previous experience, salary expected and security to be given. Apply to Box 1298, THE CHINA PRESS.
60830 A 10

GODOWNS TO LET

TO LET, godowns, situated at North Szechuen Road (corner of North Chekiang Road). For particulars, please apply to The Wines On Co., Ltd.
T. F. 164

China Press
Want-Ads.
Bring Results

CHINA PRESS WANT-AD CHIT

Fill out this form and send it in by post or by mail. Want-ads Must be Prepaid. The rate is three cents per word per day. Minimum charge sixty cents for twenty words. Black-face type six cents. Enclose the amount with the ad. and your box number and receipt will be returned by bearer.

Name	Classification
Street	Number of Insertions
Amount Enclosed. Mex. \$	Signature

THREE CENTS PER WORD PER INSERTION. Minimum Charge Twenty Words

1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35

NOTE: If it is desired to use a box number please add 7 words to: "Apply to Box The China Press. All arbitrary signs, such as \$-2-5% (feet) (inches) etc., are charged as one word. Please write very distinctly.



The China Press

SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, AUGUST 4, 1923



Business and Official Notices

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK

AUGUST DEPOSITS
CARRYING interest at 5% per annum will be received at the Finance Department of the Council, Administration Building, 18 Hankow Road (Grand Floor)
Wednesday, August 1, 1923
Thursday, " 2
Friday, " 3
Saturday, " 4
Sunday, " 5
DEPOSITS WILL BE IN RE-SPITE OF THE 6 PER CENT LOAN OF 1923 (ALLOTMENT AT PAR)
60939 A 7

NOTICE

NATIONAL LOAN OF THE FOURTH YEAR OF THE REPUBLIC (1915)
EXTRA BOND ISSUE OF \$2,800,000.00 FACE VALUE.

With reference to Notice dated 23rd March, 1922, notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an arrangement made with the Ministry of Finance and sanctioned by the Cabinet in June of last year, \$2,800,000.00 worth of "Officially Undelivered" bonds of the Fourth Year National Loan have now been recognised as an extra issue of the above loan, and sealed with a special seal which bears the following wording: "Extra Bond valid for interest and redemption (特種債券)". F. A. Aglen, I. G. of Customs, interest on these sealed bonds is payable at the Bank of China and its agencies on the 12th April and 12th October of each year, beginning with coupon No. 14 due 12th April, 1922, until the bonds have been redeemed.

Lists of numbers of authorized bonds are being printed and will be available shortly at the Bank of China.

F. A. AGLEN,

Inspector General of Customs, Inspectorate General of Customs, National Consolidated Debt Office, Peking, August 1st, 1923.
60964 A 10

St. Nicholas Home for Russian Soldiers

15 Markham Road

Will be glad to supply chauffeurs, more especially for owner-drivers. Ten men available all holding local driving licenses, all reliable, sober and trustworthy. Those interested are invited to kindly call at the above address where the Superintendent will be found during the whole day, the undersigned from noon to 6.30 p.m. and from 5 p.m. to 7 p.m. daily.
IWAN DOLGOROUCKOFF
60957

Lingson Trading Co.

45 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

We beg to announce that we have opened an export office and shall be glad to accept orders for all kind of flat lace, flat tableware, linen embroideries and other China hand embroidered products. We have large stocks on hand.
60951

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Lazard-Godechaux Co., (Far East) S. A. have removed their offices to No. 3 Kiukiang Road (Suzuki Building 4th floor) 60965 A 10

Notice of Removal

We have removed our office from 8, Kiukiang Road to 29, KIANGSE ROAD (the 2nd floor).
DAVID L. MOSS & CO.
Shanghai
60920 A 9

DOCTOR HELFENSTEIN, M.D.
Specialist in venereal, urinary, female, skin, internal diseases and sex disorders. Office hours: 10-12 and 4-6, or by appointment, 22 Jinkee Road (China Press Building). Tel. C. 7622, Residence, 28 North Szechuen Road Tel. N. 2884.
60889 A 7

DENT & CO.

As Trustee in Bankruptcy for K. Vyryan Dent I have to-day appointed Messrs. Frazer and Co., of 36, Jinkee Road as Selling Agents for the stocks of Merchandise and Wines etc. held by the Firm of Dent and Co.,
A. McLure C. A.
7, Avenue Edward VII.
Shanghai, August 2, 1923

We have this day been appointed Selling Agents for Messrs. Dent and Co. in Bankruptcy. All enquiries in connection with the above to be addressed to the undersigned.

FRASER AND CO.

36, Jinkee Road,
Tel. No. C. 98 60944 A 5

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

ASSIST. PROF. DR. K. PANKE, M.D. begs to announce, that he has removed his office rooms on 1st of August to Ward Building, 124 Szechuen Road, next to Navy Y.M.C.A. Phone C. 1129.
60533 A 16

NOTICE

Mr. H. G. Lea (考曉市) has to-day been appointed Comptroller of this Company in place of Mr. Foo Young Ching, who has resigned.

Shanghai, August 1st, 1923.
THE SWEDISH-CHINESE EXPORT AND IMPORT CO.
S. Y. EUREN
Manager 60936

NOTICE

THE GILMORE UNITED PETROLEUM COMPANY LTD., a Corporation duly organized and registered under the Laws of the State of Delaware, U. S. A., for the purpose of marketing kerosene and lubricating oils and other petroleum products, have established offices in Shanghai, China, in the (Chung Foo Building) 22 Jinkee Road, Telephone No. Central 1626.
R. D. BUNN
Secretary.

NOTICE

THE GILMORE PETROLEUM CO. OF LOS ANGELES, California has amalgamated its interests in China with those of the GILMORE UNITED PETROLEUM COMPANY LIMITED, 25 Jinkee Road.
R. D. BUNN
Oriental Representative.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the UNITED PETROLEUM ASIATIC CO., INCORPORATED, are closing their Shanghai offices for business as from July 1st, 1923. Their interests have been amalgamated with those of the GILMORE UNITED PETROLEUM COMPANY LIMITED. All correspondence and other matters pertaining to the business of this corporation should be so addressed from this date.

UNITED PETROLEUM ASIATIC COMPANY, INC.
N. C. WOLF
General Manager for China
Dated at Shanghai this 1st day of Aug., 1923. 60905 A 3

Shanghai Foreign Exchange Bankers' Association

The Shanghai Foreign Exchange Bankers who are members of the above Association will be closed for the transaction of business on Monday, the 6th August on account of Bank Holiday.
60913 A 5

TO LET. No. 62 Avenue Road. The above house, completely furnished and having a garage and piano. The house contains three large reception rooms, two large bed rooms and three small rooms, etc. Apply to H. Browett, Solicitor, 8 Museum Road.
60889 A 7

ELEPHANT HEAD BEER



GARNER QUELCH & CO.
Sole Importers
Tel. C. 2021

In The International Mixed Court Of Shanghai
Chinese Civil Case No. 802-A.

Re: C. HONG SUN & COMPANY
(康德公司)

6, Hankow Road, Shanghai.
(In Liquidation)

A petition has been filed for the liquidation of C. Hong Sun & Co. under the supervision of this Honourable Court, and by a Court Order dated 21st July, 1923, the undersigned were appointed liquidators.

Creditors are required to send to the undersigned their names and addresses and particulars of their debts or claims on or before 31st August, 1923, after which date no further claims will be recognised.

All debts due to the estate should be paid to us forthwith, and debtors are warned not to pay their debts to any person or persons other than ourselves.

SETH, MANCELL & McLURE.
Official Court Accountants.
1 Avenue Edouard VII.
Shanghai, 27th July, 1923. 60781

Special Notice

Elbrook, Inc.
Mr. F. K. Bullard, signaling per procurator, has been transferred from our Peking office to the Shanghai office.

Elbrook, Inc.
By order of George R. Coleman
Vice-President 60937 A 7

GIGANTIC CHEAP SALE

for two weeks
Chinese Fans of All Kinds

Yee Chong Dong & Co.
77, Nanking Road. Tel. C. 2920
60934 A 9

OFFICES TO LET

IN THE GLEN LINE BUILDING
Corner of Peking Road and The Bund
For particulars apply to
MEERS, ALGAR & CO., LTD.
11 Yuen Ming Yuen Road.
54802

KIAOCHOW TSINAN RAILWAY

Public Notice No. 16

The public is hereby notified that the revised passenger time-table of the Kiaochow-Tsinan Railway will be enforced on August 1st, 1923, until further notice. Night trains No. 1 and No. 2 will be still suspended temporarily, while trains No. 13 and No. 14 from Tsingtao to Kaeli will be still extended to Weihai.

By Order
KIAOCHOW-TSINAN RAILWAY
Time-Table

Train Nos.				STATIONS				Train Nos.			
3	II	5	14		6	II	4	12		14	II
I.II.III	I.II.III	I.II.III	I.II.III		I.II.III	I.II.III	I.II.III	I.II.III		I.II.III	I.II.III
7.00	10.00	15.00		d.	18.10	13.10	21.50		d.	18.10	13.10
7.07	10.07	15.07		a.	18.04	13.03	21.44		a.	17.58	13.00
7.10	10.10	15.09		a.	17.58	13.00	21.41		a.	17.54	13.00
9.13	12.27	17.38		d.	15.44	10.30	19.40		d.	15.39	10.18
9.19	12.32	17.55		a.	14.58	9.25	18.57		a.	14.43	9.25
9.57	13.12	18.45		a.	14.43	8.55	18.42		a.	14.28	8.30
10.15	13.32	19.08		a.	12.28	6.30	16.55		a.	12.13	5.53
12.04	15.52	21.31		d.	11.50	5.23	16.19	21.19	d.	11.45	5.23
12.25	16.12	21.54		a.	11.45	5.23	16.15	21.13	a.	10.12	4.51
12.47	16.36	22.24		a.	9.57	4.49	14.49	19.11	a.	9.57	4.49
12.52	16.45			a.	8.38	4.36	13.36	17.38	a.	8.23	4.23
14.22	18.24			d.	7.56	4.23	12.54	16.30	d.	7.56	4.23
14.25	18.41			a.	7.51	4.23	12.51	16.17	a.	7.51	4.23
15.37	19.54			d.	5.30	4.23	10.30	13.00	d.	5.30	4.23
15.54	20.16			a.					a.		
16.21	20.43			a.					a.		
16.26	20.48			d.					d.		
18.50	23.08			a.					a.		

RECORDING THE DAY, HOUR AND MINUTE OF EVERY TRANSACTION



ECLIPSE TIME STAMPS

Stamps
Name, Address, Date,
Time, etc.
at one stamping

NEW MODEL in aluminum finish with base pad to match just received. The stamp rests in this base when not in use. It fits snugly on a non-blurring inked block, so that the Time Stamp is always inked ready for instant use.

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.
22 NANKING ROAD, SHANGHAI

The Pacific Insurance Co., Ltd.

SUVA-FIJI

General Agents for Fire & Marine Insurance

BLOM & VAN DER AA.

Phone Central: { 70 General Office 3 Ezra Road
3870 Agency

THE WELCOME DINING ROOMS

18 Nanking Road

NOW OPENED

TIFFINS - TEAS - DINNERS

Special Rates given to purchasers of Meal Tickets. Parties catered for.

Telephone C. 2094

THE MEI WAH CO.

Manufacturers of High Quality

MAR JONG SETS

Stocks Carried

Indent Orders Promptly Executed.

Office: 8 KIANGSE ROAD, SHANGHAI

Factory: GORDON ROAD, SHANGHAI

Business and Official Notices

Frederick's Hotel

Kwang-Tung Road off Jukong Road
2 minutes from Rang Road
Large, airy, comfortable moderate priced rooms. Ideal location.
Specially prepared home made sausages. Special chipped fried potatoes and fish. Come and enjoy a meal "like Mother used to cook."
Look for our Sign-board on Jukong Road, 150 Yards off Szechuen Road.
67738

The New Engineering and Ship-building Works, Ltd.

Notice is hereby given that Share Certificate No. 2019 covering Sixty Preference Shares in this Company numbered 292301 to 292360 registered in the name of Chi Cheng (德成) is declared to have been stolen, and unless any objection is lodged by August 17th next will be considered null and void, and a new certificate issued in lieu thereof.
By order of the Board of Directors.
C. A. MOMBER.
Secretary.
July 16th 1923. 60540

Dr. J. Podpakh, M.D.

GERMAN UNIVERSITY
Specialist in female diseases, internal diseases, venereal and skin diseases. Hours from 3 to 5 p.m. except Saturday and holidays. 14 Kiukiang Road, East Building.
Tel. C. 434

Allen & Hanburys, Ltd.

"Allensbury's" Milk Food No. 1. "Allensbury's" Milk Food No. 2. For use from birth to the 6th month.
Fat and casein equivalent to Human Milk.
Free from starch and cane sugar. Vitamin content of milk conserved by evaporation at a low temperature out of contact with air. Practically free from micro-organisms.
SHANGHAI

E. BUSCH

ARCHITECT, CIVIL ENGINEER and GENERAL CONTRACTOR, and Estate Agent, 60 Kiangse Road. All kinds of building operations, especially reinforced concrete. Phone C. 6394.
60955 A 20

Dr. Wm. E. O'Hara

Has opened his consulting rooms at Zylstra Building, 27 Nanking Road, 2nd floor.
Hours 11-1: 2-3 Phone C. 1625
60924

PROF. I.K. SETO, Prop.

Turkish bath and massage establishment. Up-to-date American and Oriental meals.
Open 9 a.m. to 11 p.m. 10 Seward Road Tel. N. 3253.
2 blocks from Astor House.

NEPTUNE.

Do you require qualified and guaranteed servants for your office, house or hotel? If so write to Servants' Registry Office, No. 39 Szechuen Road. Communicate with us in English, French, German. C. 1180
60812 A 28

DR. R. HOLPER, M.D.

French University
SPECIALIST IN VENEREAL, URINARY & SKIN DISEASES.
Office Hours: 11-1 & 4-6 or by appointment. Tel. C. 734
15 NANKING ROAD (Amer-Oriental Bank Building)
65641

Cabinet of Face Massage and Manicure

Has removed from 573 Nanking Road to 170B Bubbling Well Road, Tel. W. 2828.
60543 A 16

UNUSUAL BARGAINS

as large quantities of goods are to be cleared below cost prices, call at The China Trunk Emporium, Corner of Nanking and Thibet Road to get your best

WARDROBE TRUNKS

steamers and cabin trunks made of fiber, leather, and sheet iron, also first class leather suit cases, handbags, hat cases etc., etc., fitted with best American locks. All goods guaranteed. Tel. C. 612. Repairs undertaken. 54110

Order from Your Bookseller

THE CHINA YEAR BOOK 1923
EDITED BY
H.G.W. WOODHEAD, C.P.E.
PRICE \$12.50
An Encyclopaedia of Information Regarding China
T. F. 153

HUMAN HAIRNETS

ONLY FIRST QUALITY

95% Perfect

C. N. Hairnet & Trading Co.

6 North Honan Road
Phone. N. 672
Factories: Tsinanfu, Shantung
60954

TO LET

FLAT OF FIVE ROOMS FOR OFFICES
On Nanking Road Moderate Rental

APPLY

REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT

CHINA IMPORT & EXPORT CO.
96 Szechuen Road Phone C. 3356
60972

Kung W. Luh Kee and Company, Wuhu.

Manufacturers of Machine-Made Red Bricks and Tiles etc. We are manufacturing with proper Machinery all kinds of red bricks and tiles, etc. which are of the best red color and solid material.
We are requesting the attention of all contractors and builders and we are ready to meet any orders and inquiries.
We have offices at Ankin, Kiukiang, Nanking, Chinkiang, Yangchow, Shanghai, etc.
SHANGHAI OFFICE HEAD OFFICE
U-42 Peking Road, Sing Ma Lu,
Ching Zung Li, Sze Huh Shan,
Shanghai, Wuhu.
60994 A 7

Conseil d'Administration Municipale de la Concession Francaise de Changhaï

NOTICE

MUNICIPAL LOAN OF 1923

8,000 debentures of Tls. 100 each (issued at Tls. 97 each)

Rate of interest 6% per annum

The "Conseil d'Administration Municipale de la Concession Francaise de Changhaï" hereby invite subscriptions for 8,000 debentures of Tls. 100 each, issued at Tls. 97 each according to the resolution passed at their General Meeting on the 14th May 1923.

The conditions on which the Debenture Certificates will be issued are:

1°-The Debenture Certificates are transferable, and the person whose name is entered in the Register of Debenture Certificate or Certificates, shall alone be recognised and treated by the Council as the lawful and rightful holder, and owner of such Debenture Certificate or Certificates.

2°-The Debentures will be issued at Tls. 97 each.

3°-The Debentures will be redeemable at par (Tls. 100 each) in not less than 10 years and not more than 30 years, from 1st December 1923 and according to the figures determined by the Council.

4°-The Debentures will bear interest at 6% per annum, payable on the 31st day of May and 30th day of November in each year, when interest warrants will be issued to the registered owners.

5°-The Debenture Certificates will be issued and bear interest from 1st July 1923.

6°-Applications for Debentures will be received at the Secretary's Office, Rue du Consulat, from June 20 next. A cheque representing the amount of debentures asked for and payable on June 30th must be deposited at the same time.

7°-Applications for Debentures under 97 will not be recognised by the Council.

8°-For further informations, apply to Mr. P. Legendre, Secretary, French Municipal Council, Shanghai, 31st May 1923.

By order.

P. LEGENDRE

Secretary.

T. F. 176

The China Press

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR EXCEPT ON MONDAYS AND HOLIDAYS

Home Office: Ford Building, Wilmington, Delaware, U.S.A.

Address all communications to: THE CHINA PRESS

Publication Office: Canton & Kiangse Rds., Shanghai

Editorial Office: Canton & Kiangse Rds., Shanghai

New York Office: World Building, New York City

Advertising Office: 61 Nan Hsiao Chieh, Tokyo Bureau, Japan

Subscription Rates:

DAILY & SUNDAY Per Year \$22.00

DAILY & SUNDAY 4 Months \$8.00

SUNDAY Per Year \$12.00

Mail to Europe: 30 cents per month, or \$3.00 per year extra.

Mail to foreign countries: the cost of postage will be added.

Single Copies: 10 cents per copy; Sunday 20 cents per copy.

Entered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission with "special marks" privileges in China.

Entered as second-class mail matter at U. S. Post Office, Shanghai, China.

Entered as a newspaper at the Japanese P. O.

Telephone: 1432 Business Office, 1433 Editorial Department.

Teletype Address: NATI/REES SHANGHAI

THE CHINA PRESS Incorporated, Delaware, Publishers

IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, AUGUST 4, 1923

WEATHER

Hot and hot weather. Freshening monsoon over our coasts. The typhoon will cross the Ballintang Channel W. N. W. towards N. W. and threatens the North of the China Sea and the Kwangtung coast. Rough weather between Formosa and Luzon.

President Harding

THE shock contained in the news of President Harding's death was intensified by reason of earlier messages describing his convalescence and predicting his rapid and complete recovery from the illness contracted while returning from his trip to Alaska. The shock was further intensified by reason of the fact that nobody had ever associated Mr. Harding with physical weakness. He was such a big, strong, thick chested man—such a giant of a man—that when the announcements of his illness were received here nobody was greatly alarmed. The President had just concluded a long fatiguing trip to Alaska, in which news despatches told us he had penetrated farther into the Arctic than any other President. Returning to Seattle he is reported to have suffered an attack of ptomaine poisoning, but this apparently was not considered serious by the attending physicians, as the presidential party proceeded immediately to San Francisco.

In the California city Mr. Harding's illness developed new and alarming symptoms. His temperature rose to more than a hundred and his pulse to 125. Specialists were called in and after their examinations it was announced that the distinguished patient was suffering from a modified form of bronchial pneumonia, and that this, aggravated by the weakness brought about by the efforts incidental to his long trip, had left him in a condition which they described as "grave."

Then followed hourly and detailed accounts of his condition, all optimistic and all so worded as to give the world cause for hope and belief that Mr. Harding would be himself again in a mere matter of days.

And then—the sudden and totally unexpected news flash that the President had died!

THE twenty-ninth president of the United States occupied a difficult and in some respects an impossible position in American life and it is unfortunate, from the standpoint of Mr. Harding's place in history, that his death had to come when he was just beginning to demonstrate that the difficulties of his position were not entirely beyond his capabilities, and that, given time, he might have proved that the seeming impossibilities were, after all, surmountable.

Mr. Harding entered upon the major phase of his political career under very adverse circumstances. Previous to his nomination for the Presidency he was only a fairly well known Senator from Ohio whose chief claim to party recognition was the fact that he always had worn the cloak of regularity. In that turbulent gathering at Chicago, after it had been conclusively demonstrated that General Wood did not have votes enough, and that Governor Lowden couldn't possibly make the grade, and that the Republican Bourbons, despite their honeyed professions of amity and good will had not forgiven Hiram Johnson for his Bull Moose adventure—after these failures the party wheelhorses began to give heed to the persistent whispering of Harry Rickman Daugherty,

of Ohio, that he had a candidate for the job, the same being none other than Warren Gamaliel Harding, than whom, if you asked him about it, no living man was better qualified for the place. They asked Daugherty what there was in Harding's favor that he should have this greatest of honors conferred upon him.

"What," he asked them, "is there against him?"

At this question the Republican leaders—Lodge, Penrose, Hays and the others—blinked two or three times, as well they should, for Daugherty had opened their minds to the blinding light of a great truth, namely, that while there was nothing particular in Harding's favor, there was nothing at all against him. That was what they wanted—an absolutely sure fire candidate against whom nobody could make any serious charges after his nomination.

And when you think back to those days, and analyze the situation, the fact stands out clearly that of all the available timber in the Republican party Harding was just about the only man who measured up to that qualification. All the others were tarred with one of two brushes: either they had been too thick with Roosevelt, or they had shown a dangerous inclination to think for themselves, the latter being, of course, the crime of crimes from the standpoint of the party managers.

"UNCLE Warren," as they began to call him after his nomination, was up to the time he became president one of those easy going citizens whose greatest joy in life was to walk homeward along the streets of his small town from his day's work, patting little children on the head; stopping for a neighborly chat with old Mrs. Willoughby or Deacon Brown; dropping into the Golden Eagle drug store for that essential bark that his wife had been scolding him about for a week; and finally, after supper was finished and the dishes done, sitting out on the front porch to enjoy the evening breezes until nine o'clock, which was bed time.

"Uncle Warren" was duly elected, as it was a foregone conclusion he would be, and from that day until his death he gave the impression of struggling desperately against what he knew was the settled conviction in the minds of his countrymen that he was, but an affable and willing worker for his party managers. On Thursday, the day before his death, the despatches informed us, he had authorized his secretary to release a speech that he had intended to deliver in person, and in which he had detailed the achievements of the first two years of his administration: a real attempt to convince the nation that he was standing on his own feet.

MR. HARDING did not live long enough to convince his fellow citizens that he was possessed of anything like a Rooseveltian independence, but to his everlasting credit it may be said that he was making an excellent start in that direction, and that he had lived to finish his term. His party moguls would have discovered in all probability that what they considered putty in Chicago had turned to flint after reaching the White House.

Mr. Harding showed that he was an American first and a Republican afterward when he vetoed the soldier bonus bill. In that instance the Republicans in Congress deliberately passed the buck to the president, all of them hopeful in their hearts that he would accept the challenge, but fearful that he wouldn't. They knew the bonus bill, if passed into law, would constitute a raid on the treasury that would create all but unbearable tax burdens for the already overtaxed nation, and that it would in all probability sound the death knell of the party in power.

So Mr. Harding vetoed the bill after Congress had passed it overwhelmingly, thereby stirring the wrath of the service men, but causing the rest of the country—the vast majority—to sit up and take notice of the fact that the president had brushed smaller men aside and was holding the wheel of the ship of state with his own hands. That was the turning point for President Harding—his actual start on the long, hard road to the goal of popular approval.

Then followed the Washington Conference, the work of which need not be described here, and upon which will rest Mr. Harding's chance for a permanent place in history. The inspiration for the conference, like his later struggles in behalf of a world court for international justice, sprang from the late president's hatred of war, and from his intense longing to make himself an instrument for the prevention of future conflicts among nations.

Mr. Harding was handicapped in office by reason of the fact that he was elected largely on a platform of negation. The Republican slogan, having the Wilson League of Nations idea in mind, was: Elect us and we will undo what Mr. Wilson has done.

Deep in his heart, however, Mr. Harding knew that some sort of an association of nations is necessary as a safeguard against war, just as a concert of selfish

interests had created the international hatreds and suspicions which led to the Great War, and to the lesser wars preceding it. Realizing this great truth the late president advocated a world court of international justice for the adjudication of disputes which, left unchecked, might lead to war.

It was in this that Mr. Harding revealed his real greatness, and showed that he put considerations of humanity above his own or his party's political fortunes. The world court idea differs from the League of Nations idea only in form, and since Mr. Harding and his party had ridden into office largely on the strength of their promises to keep America out of the League it was a truly bold and courageous action on his part to take up the fight for the same idea in another dress. In taking his stand for the court Mr. Harding played directly into the hands of his party foes in America for the Democratic leaders have been accusing him from the start of trying to steal credit for an idea that originated with Mr. Wilson.

MASS movements, in whatever form, are slow, and they are particularly slow in politics. Last year the Congressional elections were held in America and in these elections the same voters who had given Mr. Harding his tremendous personal majority as well as an overwhelmingly party majority in both branches of Congress turned against him, in what later was described by American political writers as the "Harding Revolt," and cut down his Congressional majority to an absolute danger point.

This was due, in part at least, to the feeling which had by that time become general that Mr. Harding was a mere puppet in the hands of the Senatorial bushwhackers. The Washington conference had been held but its results were not yet apparent and the Democrats, of course, were going up and down the land shouting that it was a washout. Then followed the Soldier Bonus veto, the slashing of budgetary estimates upon the president's insistence for governmental economy regardless of the number of distinction of political hands that might fall into the basket, and the Harding advocacy of a world court to prevent war—all of which disclosed to the people that Mr. Harding looked upon the presidency, not as a political job, but as an opportunity to serve his country and the world.

As a result there came a shift in public sentiment toward Mr. Harding which made it apparent to the party managers that he would be the Republican candidate at the 1924 election whether they willed it or not.

Mr. Harding might not have been re-elected, but in view of his growing popularity with the people, and to his daily revelations of strength and independence that were not suspected by even his closest friends, he would have needed, as our British friends say, "a lot of betting" at the American polls on the first Tuesday following the first Monday in November of next year.

Mr. Harding lies dead, and in America as well as in all the other countries of the world where men look with longing eyes for the day when nations like good neighbors can live peacefully together, with no fear or even thought of that legalized murder which has marred through the centuries under the name of war, those who knew of his aspirations for universal peace and of his active unceasing and tangible work to bring it nearer will pause to regret his passing, and to hope for his soul's repose.

Correspondence

A TRIBUTE FROM MR. GORDIUS NIELSEN

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Sir:—The American nation is in mourning. Their Chief Magistrate is dead. The circumstances of his death are known and make the grief of his people all the more poignant. There are at the moment no political opinions in America. There is only one indivisible opinion of sorrow that such a fine type of man should so suddenly and unexpectedly be torn away from those he loved. For there is no question that President Harding loved America and the American people with a profound and childlike passion. He was a good man, with a large heart, approachable, jovial and kind. He was a typical good American, and few people but Americans themselves can fully realize the impression that his tragic death will make on the nation. Figures may often mean very little, but there is something startling in the realization that today and for many days a hundred million men and women in America will feel a choking sensation when the name of Harding is mentioned.

Those who love America—and they are many—are also grieved, for they know how profoundly Americans will be stirred by the tragedy.

Gordius Nielsen.

Shanghai, Aug. 3, 1923.

Correspondence

A REPLY TO DR. CRANE

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Sir: In a recent issue of your newspaper there appeared a series of statements, written by Dr. Frank Crane, relative to Prohibition. It would appear, from Dr. Crane's statements—at least from the preface—that a "Shanghai Man" had asked Dr. Crane his opinion on Prohibition.

Ordinarily, a statement of Dr. Crane, or any other pro-Prohibitionist, would go unchallenged, so far as I am concerned, but it so happens that the statements referred to were not to be classified as "ordinary"—rather as most extraordinary.

The most peculiar part of this extraordinary article is that Dr. Crane admits he isn't a Prohibitionist, that he isn't a teetotaler, that Dr. Crane takes a drink of alcohol now and then, for beverage purposes. If such an inference is permissible, how can Dr. Crane reconcile his practice of not being a teetotaler with his, later, declaration that alcohol is now placed in the same category as opium, cocaine, and other drugs to which unfortunate humans become addicts.

Dr. Crane's further statement that Prohibition will never be repealed is not a statement of fact, as Crane would have us believe from the manner in which he enunciates it, but is, rather, purely a matter of private opinion. Surely, Dr. Crane does not wish us to believe that any measure, any statute or any amendment in our laws, or Constitution, may not be changed if it be the will of the people of the United States to so change it. It requires but thirty-six States to vote in favor of abandoning the Eighteenth Amendment for Prohibition to be a dead letter. There is, however, another method. For years there has been growing a sentiment in favor of the Initiative and Referendum; it is at present functioning in several states, notably California. Should our United States favor such Initiative and Referendum it would be but a stepping stone to write into such a measure practical legislation that would annul the time-worn necessity for three-quarters of the States demanding repeal of an amendment to the Constitution. So much for the Never-Never Land that Dr. Crane and other Dry Enthusiasts would have us gaze upon as the Promised Land.

Dr. Crane tells us that the Saloon is a vicious resort and that it is gone forever. Perhaps. No right thinking person will disagree with Crane in his statement that the people of the United States do not want the return of the Saloon. I am a teetotaler. I am against Prohibition in any form—I am also against the return of the Saloon. But the Saloon, as a place in which a person might secure a drink of such liquor as he desired, has as great a right to existence as the Cafe, Hotel, Club—or other place in which Dr. Crane, and such as he who are not teetotalers, were wont to practise their non-teetotal drinking.

We are told, by Dr. Crane, that the jails of America are empty. To this remark I would draw the attention of those Prohibitionists who believe that one of their number can do no wrong. The jails of America are not empty. They are inhabited by a greater prison population than ever before the advent of Prohibition. If this statement of mine be doubted I would suggest that he who doubts just drop a line to the wardens of

the various state prisons, or penitentiaries, in the United States requesting information as to the population of each. (In order that there may be no possibility of belief that the prison population consists, solely, of those who have been adjudged guilty of infractions of the Volstead (Prohibition) Law it might be just as well to ask for a copy of the Yearly Report in which the inmates are classified according to the various crimes committed. It will be found that there are still a very great number of murders, robberies, burglaries, crimes of every sort against property and person just as there were in the old days before Prohibition. In making the statement that the jails were empty, Dr. Crane went too far. Such an untruth could not, possibly, have been uttered, and excused, on the ground of mis-information. It is impossible to be mis-informed on such a matter.

We are further told that all of the churches, except the Catholic and Episcopal (Church of England) churches favored Prohibition but those two churches were opposed to it. It is matter of general knowledge that for many years the Catholic Church has had its youth trained in the Temperance Cause. Almost every Catholic Church boasted of a Temperance Society—and it is one of the most admirable features of the Church of England in England, and the Episcopal Church in America, that they preach, and practise, temperance in all things. To make such a statement without offering some measure of qualification in the matter of proof is as absurd as every other feature of this article which Dr. Crane has published.

It is high time that men of position in the Prohibition movement should be called upon to confine themselves to statements of fact. It is no longer permissible to go up and down the land preaching Prohibition as a cure for all ills. The plain truth of the matter is that there is far more drinking in America than ever before. I refer to strong drinks such as whiskey, brandy, gin, etc. There is far more drinking in cafes and in homes than ever before. There are just as many murders, thefts, robberies and other crimes—perhaps more—and yet we were promised that with Prohibition all this would be changed. Prohibition has failed. All that is required is organization on the part of those opposed to it. The most enthusiastic supporters of Prohibition have

withdrawn, and are withdrawing, from the movement. The Rockefeller family have withdrawn their support. Prohibition officials, both government and of the Anti-Saloon League, are being prosecuted for graft. Thousands of cases of whiskey are being smuggled into the United States daily.

I crossed from France to New York, last April and from our vessel we counted seventeen ships, of all classes, hove to outside the three mile limit. Upon arriving in New York the newspapers, we found, had knowledge of the existence of such vessels. They refer to the anchorage, off the three mile limit, as "Rum Row" and have printed photos of many of the vessels engaged in the selling of whiskey to the smaller boat owners who smuggle it into the United States. Oh, yes, Prohibition is a great thing. I DON'T THINK.

An American.

A Discourtesy Denied

A recent issue of one of the Shanghai papers quotes "a report emanating from Legation circles" to the effect that the Doyen of the Diplomatic Corps, Senhor de Freitas, on being notified of the bestowal on General Gomes da Costa of the First Class Chla Ho, replied that the distinguished Portuguese soldier: "cannot accept any decoration conferred on him by a three-minister Cabinet which has not been recognised by the people." Inquiry of Senhor de Freitas, says the Far Eastern Times (Peking) elicited a flat contradiction of this report. The Doyen stated categorically that he had sent no such message to the Chinese Government.

Felgate

For

Painting
Decorating
Laying and Finishing
Hardwood Floors
Estimates upon Request
Foreign Supervision to all work
R. H. Felgate & Co.
9 Ezra Road Tel. C. 6674

**NO HEADACHE
in a
HOGSHEAD**

**CHAMPAGNE
CYDER**

Bottled by:

Watson's Mineral Water Co.

Telephone: North 195

R. B. WOOD,
Manager

**ENORMOUS REDUCTION
IN
OFFICE SUPPLIES**

**PENCILS RUBBER BANDS
PENNIBS PENCIL SHARPENERS
CLIPS**

etc., etc., etc.

Send for particulars or ring up for our representative to call

PHONES N. 780 & N. 782

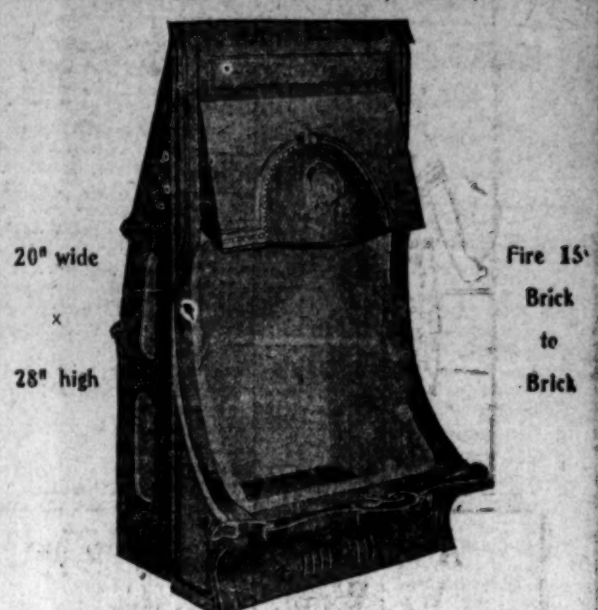
EDWARD EVANS & SONS, LTD.

30 North Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

THE "ZENITH" INTERIOR No. 1158

Manufactured by

Messrs. GEORGE WRIGHT, Ltd., London



Price on Application to—

WILLIAM JACKS & Co.

NO. 1 HONGKONG ROAD, SHANGHAI.

Telephone: "Central 2796." Telegraphic Address: "Limpets Shanghai."

**LATEST EDITION OF THE
"FAR EASTERN TRAVELLER'S GAZETTE"**

containing fares and sailing lists for all routes
Post Free on application to

THOS. COOK & SON

Tel. C. 2204
(four lines)

15 THE BUND



**THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION
KAIPING
HOUSEHOLD COAL**

Delivered within the Settlements
\$13.00 per ton (Cash with order).
Orders received at 32 Jinkee Road
9 a.m. to 4 p.m. weekdays
9 a.m. to 12 noon Saturdays

No. 32 Jinkee Road

Telephone Central 31.

NOTICE



MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT

If it is necessary to report a fault—NIGHT or DAY—in connection with the Electricity Department's supply, please telephone CENTRAL 283. Do not call individuals.

MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT

Office: 17 Foochow Rd., Showroom: 26 Nanjing Rd.
Telephone Central 288

Have you trouble with your Hot Water System?

If so,

FIX A GAS BOOSTER
and you will obtain all the Hot Water you require.

Hired at \$1.50 per month

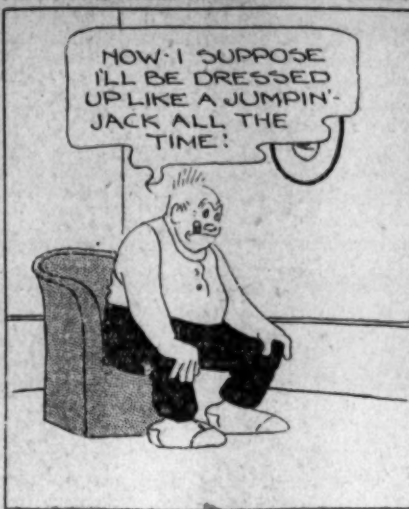
For particulars apply to the

Shanghai Gas Co., Ltd.

30 Kiangse Road

Bringing Up Father

(Registered U. S. Patent Office)



that it almost amounts to a disease.

He was at a party the other night, and sat against a wall between two charming girls, twiddling his thumbs round each other in a fever of fright. But it was very annoying.

"Do you always do that at a dance?" asked one of the girls at last, unable to stand any longer.

"Er—no," stammered Bingle. "Sometimes"—twiddling his thumbs in the reverse direction—"I do it this way!"

PERPLEXING THE BARBER.

"How will you have your hair cut, sir?" said the talkative barber to the victim in the chair.

"Minus conversational prolixity," replied the patient.

"How's that, sir?"

"With abbreviated or totally eliminated narrations," answered the other.

"What?"

"Without effervescent verbosity," was the reply. "Let even diminutive colloquy be conspicuous by its absence."

The barber scratched his head thoughtfully a second, and then went over to the proprietor of the shop and whispered—

"I don't know whether the man in my chair is mad or a foreigner, but I can't find out what he wants."

The victim had to explain that he wanted the job done in silence.

A Review Of A Shanghai Woman's Book

The following review of "Swinging Lanterns" by Mrs. Elizabeth Crump Enders (published by L. Appleton and Co.) appeared in the New York Herald book review section on Sunday, July 1.

The author of "Swinging Lanterns" roamed hither and yon in Eastern Land. But for weeks at a time she and her husband lived in Chinese towns and kept house the Chinese way, went marketing and made friends with their neighbors. The account of these experiences charms by the intimacy of its detail and the richness of its coloring. Through a happy combination of circumstance Mrs. Enders saw

Shanghai, Soochow (the Chinese Venice), Peking, Nanking, and many famed shrines and retreats not only at her leisure, but often under conditions rarely enjoyed by strangers in a strange land.

One of her friends, a high born native girl who had been in the United States at school, opened many gates that led to the heart of Chinese life—scenes beauty decked even when poor and squalid. The richshaw coolie, in rags and patches, smoked a graceful pipe with curved jade mouthpiece. The fruit vendors' scales are tipped by a stone dragon wrought with infinite patience. Squalor and dirt may rankle supreme, but always in their midst gay banners, swing-

ing lanterns, gleaming gift, and beauty of life. Overpopulation of human beings is responsible for sordid environment and economic pressure, but love of color and symmetry is part of the Chinese soul. Life among the Chinese is like one of their own intricate brocades or rampant carvings—every inch a mass of activity and vivid tones—the whole scheme evolved under conditions so complicated with extremes of poverty and wealth and ignorance and learning and filth and grandeur that the occidental mind shrinks from any attempt to analyze or understand it.

Mrs. Enders let no chance go by to see behind screens and curtain flap and to inquire the meaning of symbols and ceremonies. She and her husband found innumerable sights and objects to divert them, and wherever they went their presence excited fervent curiosity on the part of townsfolk and villagers; even in the country they often felt like a traveling show. No malice or impudence seems to prompt native inquisitiveness—"Just a child like desire to know." Americans remember Li Hung-chang's naive "desire to know" and the astonishing questions he used to ask on short acquaintance.

The author has a gift for choosing picture making words, and uses them as an artist composes objects on a canvas. China, by grace of her pen, seems very real and human. She felt, and makes the reader feel, its fascination. She came under the spell of Peking, away in the gray north, the "Forbidden City" that shows on its thick veneer of centuries only a faint mark of Western influence. It was in this "Ancestral Home of All Things Beautiful in China" that Mrs. Enders became mistress of a house with brilliant red entrance doors and pattered lattices. Beyond was a community of bungalows arranged about stone courtyards lighted by dim lamps and guarded by dragons. A prince had lived there and all that she had found to his pleasure the two young Americans felt held. Thanks to the adaptability of their kind and the willing service of all about them, they spent several months contentedly in their Chinese home, studied the lan-

guage, went shopping for cottons and silks, rugs, linens, furs, embroidered, carved lacquer and jade, old cloisonne and brass. In Peking there is a "Jade Market" held, like other "morning fairs" of shady practices, before sunrise. There is a picture that stays in the memory. Customers lingering in the light of dawn over faintly gleaming trays of beads and ornaments of the coveted stone—green, purple, rose. Bits like this, suggestive of China inside the walls, give a delicious flavor to Mrs. Enders' pages.

The Modern Croesus

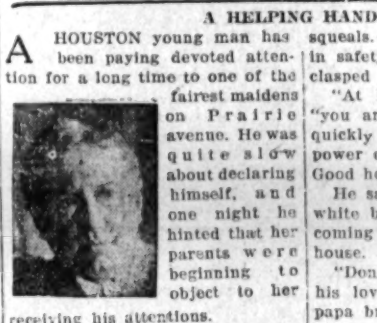
Henry Ford is the financial surprise of the century. Less than three years ago Wall Street was circulating rumors that he was seriously embarrassed to find the ready money with which to pay his income tax. The Ford Motor Company shut down for a month to take stock of the situation and to allow the market demand to catch up with production. It was charged that certain bankers were sipping for an opportunity to lend Ford money on terms very advantageous to themselves, involving representation on his board of directors. But by the time the modern wizard got through taking stock of the situation he found that he did not need to borrow any money. He was able to turn liquid assets into cash and to draw upon his branches for all the money he needed. If he was then in any real difficulty it speedily disappeared and his financial position has since gained in strength by leaps and bounds. Instead of calculating how near to the edge of bankruptcy he might be, Wall Street has lately been busy figuring up how rich he really is. Probably Ford himself does not know.

It is now considered certain that his wealth is already well over half a billion dollars, and that it is increasing at a rate which is variously estimated at \$115,000,000 to \$165,000,000 a year. This increase alone will amount to more money in five years than the whole fortune of any other man in history, and in that time will practically double his own fortune. It will put Ford far and away ahead of Rockefeller in the matter of riches. The elder Rockefeller is estimated to have given away to various educational and humanitarian causes more than a billion of dollars. Doubtless he intends similarly to dispose of the bulk of his fortune during his lifetime, as did Andrew Carnegie. This seems to be the most satisfactory way of distributing a large fortune, since no man can take it with him, and if he does not spend it some one else will.

Henry Ford has not been in the rich man class long enough for the public to form any very accurate idea what he will do with his money. He does large things in a large way, but he manages them in such a prudent fashion that they generally bring him an added profit. He reduces the price of cars to a startling degree, but never below cost. His manner of sharing the profit with

NEW GEMS BY O. HENRY

A Treasure-Trove of Humor From His Newly Discovered Newspaper Writings



A HOUSTON young man has been paying devoted attention for a long time to one of the fairest maidens on Prairie Avenue. He was quite slow about declaring himself, and one night he hinted that her parents were beginning to object to her receiving his attentions.

It is human nature for a man to want anything all the harder when he finds that it is difficult to obtain, so the young man made up his mind in a flash that this was the only girl in the world for him. He proposed, was snapped up, and she laid her head coyly against three ten-cent cigars in his vest pocket.

Becoming truly alarmed about obtaining his treasure now that he seemed obstacles in the way, he suggested an immediate elopement. The girl hesitated for a long time, but finally consented and the next night was set for the deed. About twelve o'clock when everything was still the young man stood with anxiously beating heart beneath his loved one's window.

He had provided a carriage, which was waiting around the corner and a rope ladder down which she climbed with sundry little mouse-like squeaks and

squeals. At least she descended in safety and the young man clasped her in his arms.

"At last, dearest," he said, "you are mine at last. Come quickly and we will fly from the power of your heartless parents. Good heavens! What is that?"

He saw something in fluttering white bearing a heavy burden, coming around the corner of the house.

"Don't be afraid, George," said his loved one calmly, "it's only papa bringing down my trunk."

THE OLD FARM

Just now when the whitening blossoms flare,

On the apple trees, and the growing grass

Creeps forth, and a balm is in the air;

With my lighted pipe and well filled glass

Of the old farm I am dreaming,

And softly smiling, seeming

To see the bright sun beaming

Upon the old home farm.

And when I think how we milked the cows,

And hauled the hay from the meadows low,

And walked the furrows behind the plows,

And chapped the cotton to make it grow,

I'd much rather be here dreaming.

And, smiling, only seeming

To see that hot sun beaming

Upon the old home farm.

The Story-Teller

WRONG END UP

In a small village up North, the minister of which had not attained any notoriety for his discourses, except it be their poor quality, attended a local ball, at which he proved an expert dancer.

"Dae ye see the minister?" remarked one of the parishioners.

"Isn't he a grand dancer?"

"Aye," replied the other. "I'm

THE CHOCOLATE SHOP

Open 365 days in the year

TILL MIDNIGHT

80,000 persons in China, men, women and children are taking daily OVOMALTINE and feel the benefit of the health restoring and health maintaining qualities of the world's leading tonic food.



OVOMALTINE

is a pure food, contains no drugs. Obtainable from all dispensaries and provision stores.

C 2240

UNIVERSAL HIRE SERVICE

Serves 'U' Right—Day & Night

\$1 First 20 Min. \$3 per Hr.

PUNG WO

ALSO KNOWN AS

MA JONG PE LING MAH CHEUK

MAH JUCK PUNG CHOW MAH DIAO

Manufactured by

MEI REN COMPANY, INC.,

China's largest manufacturers of Chinese Dominoes

OFFICES:

No. 3 and 4 Canton Road Shanghai

No Order too Small—None too Large

We can make Immediate delivery from Stock

Help Nature to fortify against illness. The finest defense is HORLICK'S MALTED MILK, a thorough energizer, brain and body food in powdered form. Poor blood, depression and all Nervous ailments are overcome by taking HORLICK'S Malted Milk. Made in a moment by the addition of a little water, hot or cold.

Of all Chemists and Stores.

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK CO. Slough, Bucks, Eng.

GUARANTEED SCRUBBABLE

W.H.C. SUPER-DURABLE PAINT

FLAT WALL FINISH

A perfect Paint of smooth surface for Interior Wall Coating

The surface obtainable with this paint is smooth and flat, i.e. it is not a grainy, dead, lifeless finish, but of a velvety texture. It dries in a reasonably quick time, so that work can be carried out effectively, yet has the property of remaining open long enough to enable the worker to cover a large surface of wall without making laps or edges.

Excellent results with Super Durable Flat Finish are easily obtained, irrespective of the skill of the user, and an elaborate preparation of the surface is usually quite unnecessary.

Super Durable Flat Finish has been tried on non-absorbent surfaces of all kinds and where distemper and oil paint have proved prone to shell or flake off, it has always adhered. It gives a lasting finish of surprising beauty.

1 Imperial Gallon covers about 130 square yards one coat.

Shanghai & Hongkong

Dr. John Goddard

Optician

Refracting and Manufacturing

Toric Lenses

Invisible Bifocals

Sun Glasses in Various Shades

W. T. Findley M. D.

10, Nanking Road.

thinkin' he's been educated at the wrong end!"

MAN OF IDEAS.

Have you ever noticed how a lamb, the most timorous of animals, will become suddenly brave when badly frightened?

Well, that is what young Bingle is like. Bingle is so nervous

that it almost amounts to a disease.

He was at a party the other night, and sat against a wall between two charming girls, twiddling his thumbs round each other in a fever of fright. But it was very annoying.

"Do you always do that at a dance?" asked one of the girls at last, unable to stand any longer.

"Er—no," stammered Bingle. "Sometimes"—twiddling his thumbs in the reverse direction—"I do it this way!"

PERPLEXING THE BARBER.

"How will you have your hair cut, sir?" said the talkative barber to the victim in the chair.

"Minus conversational prolixity," replied the patient.

"How's that, sir?"

"With abbreviated or totally eliminated narrations," answered the other.

"What?"

"Without effervescent verbosity," was the reply. "Let even diminutive colloquy be conspicuous by its absence."

The barber scratched his head thoughtfully a second, and then went over to the proprietor of the shop and whispered—

"I don't know whether the man in my chair is mad or a foreigner, but I can't find out what he wants."

The victim had to explain that he wanted the job done in silence.

that it almost amounts to a disease.

He was at a party the other night, and sat against a wall between two charming girls, twiddling his thumbs round each other in a fever of fright. But it was very annoying.

"Do you always do that at a dance?" asked one of the girls at last, unable to stand any longer.

"Er—no," stammered Bingle. "Sometimes"—twiddling his thumbs in the reverse direction—"I do it this way!"

PERPLEXING THE BARBER.

"How will you have your hair cut, sir?" said the talkative barber to the victim in the chair.

"Minus conversational prolixity," replied the patient.

"How's that, sir?"

"With abbreviated or totally eliminated narrations," answered the other.

"What?"

"Without effervescent verbosity," was the reply. "Let even diminutive colloquy be conspicuous by its absence."

The barber scratched his head thoughtfully a second, and then went over to the proprietor of the shop and whispered—

"I don't know whether the man in my chair is mad or a foreigner, but I can't find out what he wants."

The victim had to explain that he wanted the job done in silence.

that it almost amounts to a disease.

He was at a party the other night, and sat against a wall between two charming girls, twiddling his thumbs round each other in a fever of fright. But it was very annoying.

"Do you always do that at a dance?" asked one of the girls at last, unable to stand any longer.

"Er—no," stammered Bingle. "Sometimes"—twiddling his thumbs in the reverse direction—"I do it this way!"

PERPLEXING THE BARBER.

"How will you have your hair cut, sir?" said the talkative barber to the victim in the chair.

"Minus conversational prolixity," replied the patient.

"How's that, sir?"

"With abbreviated or totally eliminated narrations," answered the other.

"What?"

"Without effervescent verbosity," was the reply. "Let even diminutive colloquy be conspicuous by its absence."

The barber scratched his head thoughtfully a second, and then went over to the proprietor of the shop and whispered—

"I don't know whether the man in my chair is mad or a foreigner, but I can't find out what he wants."

The victim had to explain that he wanted the job done in silence.

that it almost amounts to a disease.

He was at a party the other night, and sat against a wall between two charming girls, twiddling his thumbs round each other in a fever of fright. But it was very annoying.

"Do you always do that at a dance?" asked one of the girls at last, unable to stand any longer.

"Er—no," stammered Bingle. "Sometimes"—twiddling his thumbs in the reverse direction—"I do it this way!"

PERPLEXING THE BARBER.

"How will you have your hair cut, sir?" said the talkative barber to the victim in the chair.

"Minus conversational prolixity," replied the patient.

"How's that, sir?"

"With abbreviated or totally eliminated narrations," answered the other.

"What?"

"Without effervescent verbosity," was the reply. "Let even diminutive colloquy be conspicuous by its absence."

The barber scratched his head thoughtfully a second, and then went over to the proprietor of the shop and whispered—

"I don't know whether the man in my chair is mad or a foreigner, but I can't find out what he wants."

The victim had to explain that he wanted the job done in silence.

that it almost amounts to a disease.

He was at a party the other night, and sat against a wall between two charming girls, twiddling his thumbs round each other in a fever of fright. But it was very annoying.

"Do you always do that at a dance?" asked one of the girls at last, unable to stand any longer.

"Er—no," stammered Bingle. "Sometimes"—twiddling his thumbs in the reverse direction—"I do it this way!"

PERPLEXING THE BARBER.

"How will you have your hair cut, sir?" said the talkative barber to the victim in the chair.

"Minus conversational prolixity," replied the patient.

"How's that, sir?"

"With abbreviated or totally eliminated narrations," answered the other.

"What?"

"Without effervescent verbosity," was the reply. "Let even diminutive colloquy be conspicuous by its absence."

The barber scratched his head thoughtfully a second, and then went over to the proprietor of the shop and whispered—

"I don't know whether the man in my chair is mad or a foreigner, but I can't find out what he wants."

The victim had to explain that he wanted the job done in silence.

that it almost amounts to a disease.

He was at a party the other night, and sat against a wall between two charming girls, twiddling his thumbs round each other in a fever of fright. But it was very annoying.

"Do you always do that at a dance?" asked one of the girls at last, unable to stand any longer.

"Er—no," stammered Bingle. "Sometimes"—twiddling his thumbs in the reverse direction—"I do it this way!"

PERPLEXING THE BARBER.

"How will you have your hair cut, sir?" said the talkative barber to the victim in the chair.

"Minus conversational prolixity," replied the patient.

"How's that, sir?"

"With abbreviated or totally eliminated narrations," answered the other.

"What?"

"Without effervescent verbosity," was the reply. "Let even diminutive colloquy be conspicuous by its absence."

The barber scratched his head thoughtfully a second, and then went over to the proprietor of the shop and whispered—

"I don't know whether the man in my chair is mad or a foreigner, but I can't find out what he wants."

The victim had to explain that he wanted the job done in silence.

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. TUCKWO, 3,770 Tons, Captain Campbell, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Friday, August 3, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passage Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. TUCKWO, 3,770 Tons, Captain Campbell, will leave on Sunday, August 5, at midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passage Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. TUCKWO, 3,770 Tons, Captain Campbell, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Monday, August 6, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passage Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. TUCKWO, 3,770 Tons, Captain Campbell, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, August 7, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passage Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. TUCKWO, 3,770 Tons, Captain Campbell, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Thursday, August 9, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passage Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. TUCKWO, 3,770 Tons, Captain Campbell, will sail for the above-mentioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Friday, August 10, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passage Departments.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO & POOTOO.—The Str. HSIN KIANGTEEN, Capt. Rand, will leave on Saturday, August 4, at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

WENCHOW.—The Str. FELCHING, Capt. Masley, will leave on Saturday morning, August 4. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. HSIN-THI, Capt. Hansen, will leave on Saturday morning, August 4. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

For Northern Ports

TSINGTAO, TIENTSIN AND DAIREN.—The O.S.K.'s Cargo and Passenger Steamer SEIKYO MARU, 5,600 Tons, Captain J. Nishiwaki, will be dispatched from O.S.K. Wharf on August 4, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to THE OSAKA SHIPEN KAISHA, No. 2, Canton Road. Phone C. 4224.

CHINWANGTAO DIRECT.—The Kailan Mining Administration steamer KAILING, Captain R. Macfarlane, will be dispatched on Aug. 4. Tender for passengers and luggage will leave Customs Jetty at 10 a.m. on the Aug. 4. This steamer is fitted with WIRELESS, has extra electric light and fans, also smoking room and spacious promenade deck. Excellent table provided. For Freight and Passage, apply to the Agent, 32 Jinkoo Road, Phone Central 317.

NEWCHANG DIRECT.—The Str. HSINWAH, Capt. Newbery, will leave on Saturday, August 4, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

FOR MARSEILLES
Chili July 8
Porthos July 20
Angkor Aug. 3

FOR INDIA
Nagore July 14
Tortilla July 21
Hosang July 26
Soudan Aug. 3

Passengers Departed

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Nagasaki Maru for Nagasaki: Miss E. Thurnheer, Mrs. R. Fiedler, Mr. and Mrs. V. Grundy, Mr. and Mrs. Watt, Mr. and Mrs. Knox and two children, Mr. and Mrs. A. Rothery and child, Mr. and Mrs. E. Walker, Mrs. A. Cornelissen, Mrs. Blackford and child, Mrs. E. Lipke and two children, Misses C. A. Walker, B. Walker, B. Bower, Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Young and three children, Messrs. F. R. Stanley, A. Popovich, J. Ramsay, T. and S. Wallace, R. C. Young, H. V. Hummel, G. Fitzgerald, N. H. Rutherford, J. F. Xavier, H. M. Almeida, K. Stander.

Per N.S. s.s. Hsin Ningshao for Pootoo: Dr. and Mrs. E. C. Peck, Dr. Lincoln, Dr. F. M. Edwards, Messrs. W. S. Dyer, C. Hardcastle, C. E. Minny, C. Levy, H. H. Weinberg, F. C. Ozorio, J. W. Wilson, Mills, W. R. Lynch, S. J. David, Misses E. Lewis, L. Lewis, R. Lewis, R. Solomon, P. Solomon, K. Raymond, P. Wong, E. G. Kemp, M. E. Knox.

Per I.C. s.s. Tuckwo for Kluang: Mrs. K. T. Larsen, Misses F. Tiffin, V. Hamilton, M. R. Roberts, Messrs. W. A. Roberts, F. Bahr, Saker, J. L. Mears, Daniels, J. R. Weeks, C. E. Kink, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Stevenson, for Hankow: Misses F. J. McKenna, Miss A. Soyka, Messrs. A. Hanson, R. J. K. Walker, Misses K. E. Tarube, K. S. De Chant.

Per C.M. s.s. Hsinchi for Fochow: Miss Hopkins, Mr. Rossi.

Per C.M. s.s. Hsinwah for Newchwang: Mrs. A. Stone and two children, Mrs. Sankoff for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Per M.M. s.s. Angkor for Marseilles: Mr. and Mrs. E. Loeuier, Mr. and Mrs. G. Sidot, Rev. P. A. Meani, Messrs. M. Bianchi, M. A. Pasqualini, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. G. Bruderer, Miss L. Bruderer, Mrs. R. Pastrikoff, Miss Rachel Berlin, M. Rolland, F. Philippe, R. Dourier, J. Berault, Jean Surraer, G. Paefalkoff, Duport, C. Tardieu, E. Delle, G. N. Radoshkevitch, A. Gullievic, G. Balcon, P. Flament, A. Tournour, E. Metais, G. Lichtenauer, M. Hallet, J. Baquer, A. Bocher.

Shipping Items

RIVER PORTS

The C.M. s.s. Kiangnan left Hankow on Wednesday and is due in Shanghai today.

The I.C. s.s. Kuitow left Hankow on Wednesday and is due in Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung left Hankow on Thursday and is due in Shanghai today.

The I.C. s.s. Longwo left Hankow on Thursday and is due in Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Chungking left Hankow on Thursday and is due in Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangnan left Hankow yesterday and is due in Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung left Hankow yesterday and is due in Shanghai on Monday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangnan will leave Hankow today and is due in Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I.C. s.s. Luenho will leave Hankow tomorrow and is due in Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang will leave Hankow tomorrow and is due in Shanghai on Wednesday.

SOUTHERN PORTS

The C.N. s.s. Yingchow left Hongkong on Thursday and is due in Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Hsueh left Fochow on Thursday and is due in Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Sunning left Hongkong on Thursday and is due in Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Nanchang will leave Hongkong today and is due in Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Taishun left Canton for Hongkong and Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kwangtai left Hongkong on Wednesday and is due in Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Szechuen will leave Hongkong tomorrow and is due in Shanghai on Thursday.

The I.C. s.s. Chipping left Hongkong for Tientsin last Tuesday.

The I.C. s.s. Yatsing will leave Hongkong for Tientsin tomorrow.

The I.C. s.s. Esang will leave Hongkong for Swatow and Shanghai on Friday, August 10.

NORTHERN PORTS

The C.M. s.s. Hsinchang left Tientsin for Lungkow, Hongkong and Canton on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Fengtien left Tientsin on Thursday and is due in Shanghai via Chefoo and Weihaiwei tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Kaho left Dairen on Wednesday and is due in Shanghai today.

The D.K.K. s.s. Sakaki Maru is due in Shanghai from Dairen and Tientsin next Monday, and will sail for the same ports at 9 o'clock Tuesday morning.

The I.C. s.s. Waishing is due in Shanghai from Tientsin on Monday.

The I.C. s.s. Tingsang is due in Shanghai from Tientsin, Chefoo and Weihaiwei on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Shuntien will leave Tientsin tomorrow and is due in Shanghai via Chefoo and Weihaiwei on Wednesday.

JAPAN PORTS

The N.Y.K. s.s. Takeshima Maru is due in Shanghai from Yokohama tomorrow and will dock at the Wayside Wharf.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Omi Maru is due in Shanghai from Osaka, Kobe and Moji tomorrow and will dock at the N.Y.K. Mail Wharf.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Shanghai Maru is due in Shanghai from Nagasaki Monday morning, and will dock at the Wayside Wharf. The steamer is to sail for the same port early Tuesday morning.

INDIAN LINES

The B.I. s.s. Janus, from Calcutta on July 15, is expected to leave Hongkong for Amoy and Shanghai next Monday.

EUROPEAN LINES

The M.M. s.s. Andre Lohon was due to leave Marseilles on Friday, July 13, and is expected to arrive in Shanghai on August 17.

The Ben Line s.s. Bengloe, from London, left Penang on July 24 and is due in Shanghai on August 10.

The P. & O. s.s. Karmala was due to leave London yesterday and is expected to arrive in Shanghai via ports about September 12.

The P. & O. s.s. Khiva will leave Shanghai for London via ports today and the tender with outboard passengers and baggage will leave the Customs Jetty at 2 p.m.

The S.E. s.s. Canton, from Gothenburg, left Antwerp on July 25 and is due in Shanghai on September 6.

The S.E. s.s. Japan, from Gothenburg, left Birmingham on June 24, and is due in Shanghai on Tuesday.

The P. & O. s.s. Dongola, from London on July 6, is expected to leave Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai next Monday.

The Glen Line s.s. Glenanda, from London, left Hongkong Wednesday afternoon, and is due to arrive in Shanghai tomorrow morning. The steamer will dock at the China Merchants' Lower Wharf upon arrival.

The N.D.L. s.s. Ludwigshafen left Singapore on Thursday, and is expected to arrive in Shanghai via Hongkong and Takao (Formosa) on August 14.

The N.D.L. s.s. Weser left Hamburg on July 28 and is expected to arrive in Shanghai on September 13.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Patroclus left Singapore on Thursday and is due in Shanghai via Hongkong on August 10.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Dardanus left Singapore on Thursday and is expected to

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS



PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR JAPAN

Shanghai Maru Aug. 7
Omi Maru Aug. 8
Nagasaki Maru Aug. 10
Asa Maru Aug. 10
Nikko Maru Aug. 11

FOR VICTORIA, SEATTLE AND VANCOUVER

Yokohama Maru Aug. 4

FOR SOUTH AMERICA VIA DUBLIN, LONDON AND CAPE TOWN FROM KOBÉ

Nagasaki Shanghai Express Service

NIIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

Phone: North 1155
Private Nos. Passenger Dept. 7, 9, 10
Local Freight Dept. 11, 12, 13
Ocean 14, 15, 16

Tel. 464 "YUSEN SHANGHAI"

Verenigde Nederlandsche Scheepvaart - Maatschappij

UNITED NETHERLANDS NAVIGATION COMPANY

HOLLAND-OOST AZIE LIJN

(Holland East Asia Line)

(Member of the Straits, China and Japan Conferences)

Regular four weekly service from Japan, China, Hongkong and the Straits to Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Hamburg and Bremen. OPTIONAL BILLS OF LADING ISSUED TO ALL UNITED KINGDOM PORTS. OPTIONAL AND THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED TO ALL NORTH CONTINENTAL PORTS. Sailings subject to alterations.

S.S. "Saleer" Loading on or about August 3, 1923
S.S. "Sapara" do do September 6, "
S.S. "Kerensko" do do October 5, "

Passage to Rotterdam/Amsterdam Guilders \$30.00 (equal to about £70.00) 10 percent reduction for Missionaries.

HOLLAND CHINA TRADING CO.

Agents
No. 43 Kiangse Road, Shanghai. Telephone Central 4754.

NORTH CHINA LINE

South China Line

North and South China Line

For Portland via Tsingtao, Taku Bar and Dairen

U.S.S. S.S. "PAWLET" Aug. 28
From Portland, Ore. U. S. A.

U.S.S. S.S. "WEST JESSUP" Aug. 4
U.S.S. S.S. "PAWLET" Aug. 26

For Portland via Hongkong and Manila

U.S.S. S.S. "WEST JESSUP" Aug. 6
U.S.S. S.S. "WEST O'ROWA" Aug. 12

Through Bills of Lading issued to New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Charleston, and Boston in connection with fast intercoastal liners.

For information as to Freight Rates, etc., apply to
C. L. Sells Attorney
L. R. Schnaaz Freight Agent

COLUMBIA PACIFIC SHIPPING CO.

(Operating United States Government Ships.)

The China Import & Export Lumber Co., Ltd.,

Agents
Tel. C. 1464, 1465, 1466.
No. 6 Klunkang Road, Shanghai, (4th Floor).

O. S. K.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR EUROPE. For London, Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp and Bremen.

S.S. "LONDON MARU" (Via Marseilles) Sept. 5
FOR NEW YORK. Via Japan Ports, San Francisco and Panama
S.S. "ALASKA MARU" August 15
FOR TACOMA & SEATTLE. Via Japan Ports, Victoria and Vancouver.

S.S. "AFRICA MARU" (Direct to Kobe) Aug. 21
S.S. "HAWAII MARU" (Direct to Kobe) Sept. 4

FOR HONGKONG (DIRECT)

S.S. "AFRICA MARU" July 31
S.S. "HAWAII MARU" Aug. 19

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS. Tientsin and Dairen

S.S. "SEIKYO MARU" (Via Tsingtao) Aug. 4
S.S. "FUKUKEN MARU" (Via Tsingtao) Aug. 11

FOR FORMOSA. For Keelung and Takao via Foochow.

S.S. "KOIKO MARU" Aug. 9
S.S. "SEIKYO MARU" Aug. 19

FOR JAPAN, DIRECT TO KOBÉ

S.S. "PARIS MARU" Aug. 21

OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA

Shipping Office, 3 Canton Road. Phone Central 4224
Wharf Office, 26 Yangtsepo Road. Phone East 208 and 212.

"Sooner or later" is a smooth-sounding phrase, but the man who uses Want Ads knows that it pays to **DO IT NOW**

P. & O.

British India (Apar) and E. & A. S.S. Lines

Future Sailings for	Steamship	Sailing about
Marseilles, London, Antwerp via Hongkong, Straits, Ceylon and Egypt.	KHIVA KASHMIR MACEDONIA DONGOLA	Aug. 4 Aug. 18 Sept. 4 Sept. 18
Bombay via Hongkong, Straits and Colombo.	KHIVA SICILIA	Aug. 4 Aug. 24
Calcutta via Japan.	JANUS	Aug. 10
Calcutta from Hongkong via Singapore and Penang.	JANUS	Aug. 29
Sydney and Melbourne from Hongkong via Manila, Thursday Island, Townsville and Brisbane.	ST. ALBANS EASTERN ARAFURA	Aug. 4 Sept. 1st Oct. 5

*P. & O. and B.S.N. Co's tickets interchangeable.
Steamers and Dates liable to be altered or cancelled without notice.
For particulars regarding Freight or Passage, apply to Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents, 1 Canton Road.
General: Central 189
Passage: Central 2510
Freight: Central 2649

M. MESSAGERIES MARITIMES, SERVICES CONTRACTUELS.

Mail	Next sailing from Marseilles	Probable sailing for Kobe & Yokohama	Probable sailing for Marseilles
CHAMBERLAIN	29th June	4 August	17th August
PAUL LECAT	13th July	19th August	31st August
ANDRE LEBON	27th July	2nd Sept.	14th September
AMBOISE	10th Aug.	16th Sept.	28th Sept.
CORDILLERE	24th Aug.	30th Sept.	12th Oct.
ANGERS			26th Oct.

NEW REDUCED RATES OF PASSAGE
(including table wine and free Doctor's attendance)

1st CLASS 2nd CLASS

MARSEILLES A. £. 95 B. £. 89 A. £. 65 B. £. 62
LONDON A. £. 101 B. £. 95 A. £. 73 B. £. 68

Through tickets to Paris and leading towns of Europe. Re-booking abatements of 25% and 15% for return within 12 or 24 months. Special reductions to families and missionaries.

LIGNES COMMERCIALES (Cargo Boats)
COMMISSAIRE PIERRE LECOCQ expected Shanghai about end of August.

Steamers and dates subject to alteration without notice
Tel. 3280 Shipping Dep. Tel. 987 Passenger Dep.

CONSIGNATION Offices: 9 French Bund
TRAN

Summer Cruises up the Yangtze

The most spectacular inland water trip in the world

S.S. "ALICE DOLLAR"
S.S. "ROBERT DOLLAR II"

Luxurious Steamers, Cuisine Excellent
(Passenger and Freight Service)
Sailing Every Few Days Between
ICHANG and CHUNGKING

For Information Apply to:-
THE ROBERT DOLLAR CO.
AND OFFICES OF
AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY

Shanghai
Tientsin
Peking
Hankow
Ichang
Chungking
Manila
Hongkong
Singapore

DOLLAR LINE

THE ROBERT DOLLAR CO.

REGULAR TRANS-PACIFIC AND NEW YORK FREIGHT SERVICE

FOR NEW YORK VIA HONGKONG, MANILA, SINGAPORE and SUEZ CANAL

S.S. "ESTHER DOLLAR" about middle Sept.
S.S. "STANLEY DOLLAR" about middle Nov.

FOR SAN PEDRO, SAN FRANCISCO, SEATTLE AND VANCOUVER

S.S. "HAROLD DOLLAR" August 3

Cargo accepted for local ports of call
Through Railway Bills of Lading issued to the Principal Cities of the United States and Canada.

The Robert Dollar Co.
ROBERT DOLLAR BUILDING
3 Canton Road. Telephone Central Nos. 6371, 6372, 6373 and 6374.

The China Press Mail Schedule

TO THE UNITED STATES AND EUROPE			
DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER	DATE
Today	10 a.m.	P. Taft	S. Francisco Aug. 23.
Aug. 5	10 a.m.	P. McKinley	Seattle Aug. 21
Aug. 11	4 p.m.	E. of Russia	Vancouver Aug. 27

TO SOUTHERN PORTS, INDIA AND EUROPE VIA SUEZ			
DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER	DATE
Today	12 noon	Khiva	Marseilles Sep. 9
Aug. 9	5 p.m.	Titan	Marseilles

TO NORTHERN PORTS			
TO	DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER
Vladivostok	Daily	11 a.m.	via Harbin
Siberia	Daily	11 a.m.	via Chita
Newchwang	Today	10 a.m.	Halwah
W'wei, C'foo, T'ien	Today	9 p.m.	Tungchow
Antung	Today	9 p.m.	Tientsin
W'wei, Chefoo and T'ien	Today	9 p.m.	Fausang
Tsingtao	Aug. 5	2.30 p.m.	Shantung
Chefoo and Newchwang	Aug. 6	9 p.m.	Kwangse
Tsingtao and Dairen	Aug. 7	7.30 p.m.	Sakaki Maru
W'wei, C'foo, T'ien	Aug. 7	1.30 p.m.	Fengtien
Chefoo and Tientsin	Aug. 9	8.30 a.m.	Chusan

TO SOUTHERN PORTS			
TO	DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER
Hongkong & Canton	Today	12 noon	Khiva
Swatow	Today	9 p.m.	Tungchow
Swatow	Today	9 p.m.	Chih
Hongkong & Canton	Today	1 p.m.	Korea Maru
Swatow	Aug. 6	9 p.m.	Kanchow
Amoy	Aug. 9	8.30 a.m.	Sunning
Hongkong & Canton	Aug. 9	8 p.m.	Titan

MISCELLANEOUS PORTS			
TO	DATE	CLOSING	STEAMER
Russia and Europe	Daily	11 a.m.	via Train
River ports	Daily	9 p.m.	via Train
Japan ports	Today	10.30 a.m.	Yokohama M.
Japan ports	Aug. 6	8 p.m.	Shanghai M.
Japan ports	Aug. 7	8 p.m.	Omi Maru
Japan ports	Aug. 9	8 p.m.	Nagasaki M.
Japan ports	Aug. 10	8 p.m.	Nikko M.
Manila, Australia and N. Zealand	Aug. 12	4 p.m.	E. of Australia

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Aug. 4 - Seattle	Yokohama M	Jap. N. Y. K.
Aug. 4 noon San Francisco	P. Taft	Br. C.P.S.
Aug. 6 2.30 Seattle	P. McKinley	Am. Adl. O. Line
Aug. 6 - Portland	West Jessup	Am. Lumber Co.
Aug. 9 - New York via Suez	Delagoa Maru	Br. C.P.S.
Aug. 9 - New York	Delagoa Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Aug. 11 - Vancouver	E. of Russia	Br. C.P.S.
Aug. 15 - New York	Alaska Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
Aug. 16 - San Francisco	Tenno Maru	Jap. T.K.K.
Aug. 17 - Seattle	P. Jackson	Am. Adl. O. Line
Aug. 18 - San Francisco	P. Cleveland	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Aug. 20 - New York	Elbeck	Am. Adl. O. Line
Aug. 21 - Seattle	Africa Maru	Jap. T.K.K.
Aug. 24 - San Francisco	Korea Maru	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 25 - Vancouver	C. Highlander	Br. C.P.S.
Aug. 27 - Vancouver	E. of Australia	Br. C.P.S.
Aug. 29 - Seattle	P. Jefferson	Am. Adl. O. Line
Aug. 30 - New York via Suez	Antiochus	Br. B. & S.
Sep. 1 - San Francisco	P. Pierce	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Sep. 3 - New York	Wm. Penn	Am. Adl. O. Line
Sep. 4 - Seattle	Hawaii Maru	Jap. O. S. K.
Sep. 7 - San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap. T.K.K.
Sep. 8 - Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br. C.P.S.
Sep. 10 - Seattle	P. Grant	Am. Adl. O. Line
Sep. 15 - San Francisco	P. Wilson	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Sep. 18 - San Francisco	Siberia Maru	Jap. T.K.K.
Sep. 20 - Vancouver	C. Freighter	Br. B. & S.
Sep. 23 - San Francisco	P. Lincoln	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Oct. 20 - Vancouver	C. Skirmisher	Br. B. & S.
Sep. 22 - Seattle	P. Madison	Am. Adl. C. Line

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Aug. 4 - Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Aug. 7 - Kobe, Yokohama	Paul Lecat	Fr. M. M. Cie
Aug. 7 - Nagasaki	Omi Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Aug. 8 - Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Shanghai M.	Jap. N.Y.K.
Aug. 10 - Nagasaki	Nagasaki M.	Jap. N.Y.K.
Aug. 10 - Nagoya, Yokohama	Asa Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Aug. 11 - Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Nikko Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Aug. 4 - Hamburg	Gleniffer	Br. G.L.E.A.
Aug. 4 - Marseilles, etc.	Yokohama M	Jap. N.Y.K.
Aug. 4 2.00 London	Khiva	Br. M.M. & Co.
Aug. 4 - Marseilles, etc.	Mito Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
Aug. 4 - Rotterdam, etc.	Sateier	Dut. H.C.T. Co.
Aug. 10 - Calcutta	Janus	Br. M. M. & Co.
Aug. 10 - Hamburg	Carnarvon Maru	Br. G.L.E.A.
Aug. 10 - Liverpool, etc.	Titan	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 12 - Hamburg	Schoer	Ger. H.S. Line
Aug. 14 - Singapore	W. Carmona	Am. B. & S.
Aug. 14 - Hamburg, etc.	Laomedon	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 17 3.00 Marseilles	Chamberlaine	Fr. M. M. Cie
Aug. 18 - London	Kashmir	Br. M. M. Co.
Aug. 20 - London	Hakone M.	Jap. N.Y.K.
Aug. 24 - Bombay	Sicilia	Br. M. M. & Co.
Aug. 25 - Hamburg, etc.	Glenbeg	Br. G. L. E. A.
Aug. 25 - London	Suwa Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Aug. 27 - Liverpool, etc.	Agamemnon	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 30 - London, etc.	Patroclus	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 31 - Marseilles	Paul Lecat	Fr. M. M. Cie
Sep. 4 - London	Macedonia	Br. M. M. & Co.
Sep. 5 - Hamburg, etc.	London Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
Sep. 7 - Rotterdam, etc.	Sapareoa	Dut. H. C. T. Co.
Sep. 12 - Rotterdam, etc.	Agapheor	Br. B. & S.
Sep. 14 - Marseilles	Andre Lebon	Fr. M. M. Cie
Sep. 18 - London	Dongia	Br. M. M. & Co.
Sep. 19 - Antwerp, etc.	Mentor	Br. B. & S.
Sep. 23 - Marseilles	Amibise	Fr. M. M. Cie
Oct. 6 - Rotterdam, etc.	Kertosono	Dut. H.C.T. Co.
Oct. 12 - Marseilles	Coralliere	Fr. M. M. Cie
Oct. 26 - Marseilles	Angers	Fr. M. M. Cie
Oct. 31 - London	Tetrasia	Br. B. & S.

FOR AUSTRALIA FROM HONGKONG

Aug. 15 - Melbourne	Aki Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
Sept. 1 - Melbourne, etc.	Maibara	Br. M.M. & Co.
Oct. 6 - Melbourne, etc.	Arafura	Br. M.M. & Co.
Nov. 3 - Melbourne, etc.	St. Albans	Br. M.M. & Co.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Aug. 4 5.00 Ningpo	Yungshin	Chi. C.P.S.N. Co.
Aug. 4 - Foochow	Hsinchi	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 4 D.L. S. H'kong, C'foo	Suiyang	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 4 4.00 Ningpo, Pootoo	Hsin Kiangteen	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 4 - Hongkong, Manila	Korea Maru	Jap. T.K.K.
Aug. 4 - Wenchow	Felching	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 5 D.L. S. H'kong, C'foo	Tungchow	Br. J. M. & Co.
Aug. 5 D.L. S. H'kong, C'foo	Chihhi	Br. J. M. & Co.
Aug. 6 4.45 Ningpo	Tsien Peking	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 6 5.55 Ningpo	Wen Nianzhao	Chi. N. B. S. N.
Aug. 6 - Hongkong, Manila	West Jessup	Am. Lumber Co.
Aug. 7 6.00* S. H'kong, C'foo	Kanchow	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 7 - Hongkong, Manila	W. Chiohaka	Am. B. & S.
Aug. 8 D.L. S. H'kong, C'foo	Walshing	Br. J. M. & Co.
Aug. 9 10.00* S. H'kong, C'foo	Sunning	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 11 11.00* S. H'kong, C'foo	Sinking	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 12 noon S. H'kong, C'foo	Shantung	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 12 - Hongkong	E. of Australia	Br. C.P.S.
Aug. 13 - Hongkong, Manila	P. Jefferson	Am. Adl. O. Line
Aug. 13 - Hongkong	Shiohaka M.	Jap. N.Y.K.
Aug. 14 - Hongkong	W. Carmona	Am. S. & B.
Aug. 17 - Hongkong, Manila	P. Pierce	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
Aug. 18 - Hongkong, Manila	Shinyo Maru	Jap. T.K.K.
Aug. 19 - Hongkong	Hawaii Maru	Br. C.P.S.
Aug. 24 - Hongkong	E. of Asia	Jap. O. S. K.
Aug. 25 - Hongkong, Manila	P. Grant	Am. Adl. O. Line
Aug. 31 - Hongkong, Manila	P. Wilson	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Aug. 4 10.00* Chingwangtao	Kaiping	Br. K.M.A.
Aug. 4 - Dairen	Sekyo Maru	Jap. O.S.K.
Aug. 4 noon Newchwang	Ilawa	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 5 4.00 Tsingtao	Shantung	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 5 D.L. S. C'foo, T'ien	Tungchow	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 5 D.L. S. C'foo, T'ien	Fausang	Br. J. M. & Co.
Aug. 5 D.L. S. C'foo, T'ien	Tientsin	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 5 D.L. S. C'foo, T'ien	Hupei	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 7 D.L. S. C'foo, T'ien	Kwangse	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 7 9.00* Tsingtao, Dairen	Fengtien	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 7 D.L. S. C'foo, T'ien	Sakaki M.	Jap. O.S.K.
Aug. 8 D.L. S. C'foo, T'ien	Yensang	Br. J. M. & Co.
Aug. 8 D.L. S. C'foo, T'ien	Takang	Br. J. M. & Co.
Aug. 8 9.00* W. C'foo, T'ien	Tungchow	Br. J. M. & Co.
Aug. 9 10.00* Chefoo, Tientsin	Chusan	Br. B. & S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Aug. 4 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Whangpu	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 5 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 6 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangnan	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 6 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kutuo	Br. J. M. & Co.
Aug. 6 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tunging	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 7 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
Aug. 7 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 7 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Changon	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
Aug. 8 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangteen	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 8 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 9 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangshun	C. M. S. N. Co.
Aug. 9 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br. J. M. & Co.
Aug. 9 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 10 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
Aug. 10 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kungwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
Aug. 10 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br. B. & S.
Aug. 11 M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hunan	Br. B. & S.

Information For Mariners

SATURDAY, AUG. 4, 1923

(The night tide is higher than the day tides, they are about equal at 2 and 3 o'clock.)

Approximate rise, at spring 4 1/2 h; at neaps, 5 h.
fall, at spring 3 1/2 h; at neaps, 7 1/2 h.

Time	Range	Time	Range
4h. 38m.	5ft. 8in.	5h.	6in.
		5h. 38m.	5ft. 11in.

High Water at Tungsha Lightship
(The night tide is higher than the day tides)
Approximate rise, 5 1/2 h; approximate fall, 7 h.

A.M.		P.M.	
H.	M.	H.	M.
3	40	4	2

Time of Moonrise, moonset, sunrise, sunset.		Daylight		Dark	
Rises	Sets	Sun	Moon	Daylight	Dark
11.17 p.m.	12.49 a.m.	5h. 23m.	6h. 54m.	4h. 38m.	7h. 39m.

Mean Barometric Pressure. August 29.71 in. 754.9 mm.

Men-Of-War In Port

Section	Date	Name	Via
U.S.N.B.	July 31	Aberanda	Am. Transport
I.C.	July 23	Algoi	Fr. Gun-boat
B.N.B.	July 19	Bea	Tr. Gun-boat
F.N.B.	July 19	Colmar	Fr. Cruiser
W.C.W.	Aug. 2	E. Carleton	Fr. Gun-boat
I.C.	Aug. 2	E. Carleton	Ital. Gun-boat
M.C.W.	June 25	Quilra	Br. Gun-boat
I.C.	June 25	Quilra	Am. Gun-boat

Vessels Due

Asa Maru, Yokohama	Aug. 8	Luenho, Hankow	Aug.
Bolliv, Europe	Aug. 8	Morioka Maru, Europe	Aug.
Bengioe, London	Aug. 10	Nankin, Hankow	Aug. 1
Chuangking, Hankow	Aug. 1	Nagasaki Maru, Nagasaki	Aug.
Dardanus, Liverpool	Aug. 11	Naganehang, Hongkong	Aug.
E. of Russia, Hongkong	Aug. 13	Nikko Maru, Osaka	Aug.
Fengtien, Tientsin	Aug. 3	Osaki Maru, Europe	Aug. 1
Giletsanda, London	Aug.	Omi Maru, Osaka	Aug. 1
Hunan, Hankow	Aug. 9	Patrolos, Liverpool	Aug. 1
Haesen, Foochow	Aug. 4	Paul Lécat, Marseilles	Aug. 1
Hsin Peking, Ningpo	Aug. 5	Pres. Jefferson, Seattle	Aug. 1
Hsin Kiangshao Foofoo	Aug. 6	Pyang, Hankow	Aug.
Hsin Ningchen, Ningpo	Aug. 6	Res. McKinley, Hongkong	Aug.
Japan, Gothenburg	Aug. 7	Shantung, Tsingtao	Aug.
Janus, Colonia	Aug. 10	Saiwo, Hankow	Aug.
Kiangfoo, Hankow	Aug. 10	Sakaki Maru, Yokohama	Aug.
Kaho, Tientsin	Aug. 4	Shantung, Tientsin	Aug.
Kanaru, Hongkong	Aug.	Shanghai Maru, Nagasaki	Aug.
Kiangwah, Hankow	Aug. 11	Sunning, Hongkong	Aug.
Kishangyu, Hankow	Aug. 1	Szechuen, Hongkong	Aug.
Kiangnan, Hankow	Aug. 1	Tingsang, Tientsin	Aug.
Kiangshuo, Hankow	Aug.	Tekeishima Maru, Yokohama	Aug.
Kiangtsoo, Hankow	Aug.	Tiating, Hankow	Aug.
Kungfo, Hankow	Aug.	Weishin, Tsingtao	Aug.
Kutwo, Hankow	Aug.	Vest Chupaka, S. Francisco	Aug.
Kwangtai, Hongkong	Aug. 8	West Jessup, Portland	Aug.
Lima Maru, Europe	Aug. 10	Woonung, Hankow	Aug.
Longtow, Hankow	Aug. 5	Wuchang, Hankow	Aug. 1
		Yatsing, Hongkong	Aug. 1
		Yingchow, Hongkong	Aug. 1
		Yungshing, Ningpo	Aug.

AUCTION SALES

Shanghai

W. MOORE & CO. LTD.

Auctioneers, Valuers, Land Brokers

45 Klange Road, Shanghai

42-44 Bristow Road, Tientsin

Fire Loss Adjusting Dept. Cent. 163

Auction Dept. Cent. 6123

Chinese Department Cent. 6124

AUCTIONS

IN FRONT SALESROOM

On Saturday, August 4th 1923

Commencing at 10 a.m.

EXCELLENT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND SUNDRIES.

Comprising:—

Bedroom Suite, Blue enamel wooden double bedstead, mirror back sideboard, wicker, dressing table, wicker chest of drawers, iron double and single bedstead, Magazines, electric table fan 200 v. & 110 v. White enamel Ice Chest, NEW ALUMINUM SAUCE PANS, STUFFED ANIMALS AND BIRDS, Square and round tables, Book case, Cream enamel mirror door wardrobe, dressing tables, chest of drawers, Dining Tables, Dining chairs, Shaving stand, wicker furniture, Heating stove, Perambulator, Brass coal box, Brass fire screen, Brass fender, fire Brasses ENAMELLED IRON BATH, Pantry cupboard, white enamel kitchen tables, Hat stand over-mantle, COUCH & ARM CHAIRS E. P., Crockery, and glass ware, cooking utensils, NEW SILK SHIRTS SIZE 16" 15", SAFETY HAZARDS, CLOCKS, LADY'S HAND BAGS and sundries etc., etc.

1. Emblem Motor Cycle
1. Premier Motor Cycle 4 1/2 H. P.
1. Blue enamel perambulator.
Surveyors Theodolite
"Torpedo" Typewriter.
Rubber tyre Rickshaw
Voilet Ray Apparatus
Good cigars
2 Young Canaries from Imported Parents
New Tientsin carpet 9 x 12
Solid brass double bedstead with spring & other mattress
Red plush covered arm chairs

And At Noon
1. "Stoewer" 5 Seaters Touring Car with 5 wire wheels & all new tyres
1. "Saxon" Touring Car, in running order
Now On View

L. MOORE & CO., LTD.
No. 45 Klange Road.

Going Abroad?

Student or business man, whether you go abroad, or are making just a vacation trip—you can save 2/3 of the price of your suits by getting them made by

THE W. W. AHANA CO

TAILORS TO THE DISCRIMINATING

120a Szechuen Road Y.M.C.A. Building Phone: Cent. 2512

"FISH" BRAND DOMINOES

Patented in China
U. S. Patent Applied for

The Greatest Discovery of the Day
ALL MAH JONG EXPORTERS—TAKE NOTE

At last you are safe in shipping to any part of the world regardless of climate, a domino for the playing of MAH JONG—MA CHUCK, etc., that is absolutely MILDEW PROOF, absolutely WORM PROOF and DIRT PROOF.

WHY ship Chinese green bamboo dominoes when you can purchase for less money dominoes which are absolutely guaranteed and with each set you are given our written guarantee.

All rejections in the States and elsewhere have been caused by green shipments—why kill the game by shipping green tiles? We have overcome this by a special process and are prepared to supply all shippers with proper merchandise.

We specialise on three grades, and can make any thickness to order.

Our Prices are \$7.00, \$9.00, \$11.00

WHOLESALE ONLY

ASK US MORE ABOUT IT

SHANGHAI DOMINO CO.

35 JINKEE ROAD
PHONE CENTRAL 6636 SECOND FLOOR

W. Funder & Co. Noel, Murray & Co.,

Auctioneers, Real Estate Agents,
Adjusters, Appraisers, and Coal
Merchants

Having been favoured with in-
structions from

THE CONCERNED

Will sell by Public Auction at a
date to be fixed and announced
very soon:—

THE STEAM SHIP "VLADIMIR"

Length overall 112'0"
Length B. P. 105'0"
Beam moulded 22'0"
I. H. P. 375
Depth moulded 11'6"
Draft (forward) 7'9"
Draft (aft) 9'6"
Speed 11.17 knots

This steamer is very suitable as a
tow boat or ferry boat. Further
particulars and other information
on application to the Auc-
tioneers.

W. Funder & Co.

Auctioneers, Real Estate Agents,
Adjusters, Appraisers, and Coal
Merchants

Having been favoured with in-
structions from

THE CONCERNED

will sell by Public Auction
AT NO. 16 RANGE ROAD
On Monday, August 6th 1923,
Commencing at 10 a.m.

EXCELLENT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS

Comprising:—
Dining Room, Bedrooms, Bath
Room, Pantry, & Kitchen re-
quisites

Brussels carpets, matting, over-
mantle, brass and iron fender,
brass mounted coal scuttle, fire
screen, dark stained dining room
furniture, silver ware cabinet,
easy chairs, brass and bronze
vases and ornaments, silk em-
broided pictures, porcelain
vases, E. P., glass, crockery, and
cutlery ware, linoleum, oakwood
white painted bedroom furniture,
linen cupboard, brass and white
enamelled double and single
Simmons' bedsteads, hospital bed,
double spring Chesterfield couch
and easy chairs, centre table, pic-
ture, feather pillow, elder down
and cotton quilts, counterpane,
lance lantern, electric table lamps,
etc., etc.

PANTRY & KITCHEN AS USUAL

also
1 4-blade ceiling fan, 200 volts
1 Brunswick gramophone with
patent record file—
1 2-Blade Ceiling fan 200 volts
4 Electric table fans
5 Hall stoves
1 Iron safe
1 Enamelled iron bath
2 boxes paint
On view Saturday & Sunday.

W. Funder & Co.

Auctioneers, Real Estate Agents,
Adjusters, Appraisers, and Coal
Merchants

Will sell by Public Auction within
their Salesroom

NO. 40A KIANGSE ROAD
On Saturday, August 4th
At 10 a.m.

USEFUL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND SUNDRIES

Comprising:—
Overmantle, dark stained hat and
umbrella stand, double spring
couch and arm chairs, centre
table, mirror back sideboard,
dinner wagon, dining chairs, roll
and flat top desks, escritoire, office
chair, blackwood square table 22
chairs, teapoy, stool, blackwood
and mahogany stained bedroom
furniture, double wooden bed-
stead, white painted child's iron
cot, folding chair, commode,
bicycle, ice chest, picture, curtain,
carpet, tennis rackets, book, gent's
and lady's clothing, syphon
bottles, and sundries, etc., etc.

also

8 large steel safes, Siemens-
Martin compound steel-plat-
ed, fire, burglar and melting
proof with central keyhole,
lock system.
1 Hornless gramophone
2 Dozen pieces absolutely new
American made ladies' hats
2 4-blade electric ceiling fan, 200
volts
1 4-blade electric ceiling fan, 100
volts
1 Canteen Set, 206 pcs.
On View Friday

CREST HOTEL

231 AVENUE HAIG
Still Going Strong

THE CHOCOLATE SHOP

Open 365 days in the year
TILL MIDNIGHT

Noel, Murray & Co.,

LIMITED
Having been favoured with in-
structions from

THE CONCERNED

Will sell by Public Auction
at the premises

NO. 92 YU YUEN ROAD
On Tuesday, the 7th August 1923,
Commencing at 10 a.m.

The Whole of the

SUPERIOR
and
SUBSTANTIAL

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS

Comprising:—
HALL,
DRAWING ROOM,
DINING ROOM,
BED & BATH ROOMS

REQUISITES,
Including:—
Axminster Carpets, Tientsin
and Goat Skin Rugs, Brass
Mounted Coal Scuttles, Fire
Brasses, Bevel-edged Mirror-back
Hat and Umbrella Stand, Hall
Seat, Folding Card Table, Foo-
chow Lacquered Teapoy, Centre
Tables, Oakwood Morris Chair,
Saddle Bag Covered Couch and
Arm Chairs, Blackwood Marble
Top Jardiniere Stands and Stools,
Silk Tapestry Covered Drawing
Room Suite, Oakwood Sideboard,
Extension Dining Table and
Chairs, Ashwood Bedroom Suite,
White Painted Dressing Table,
Washstand and Chest of Drawers,
White Painted Iron Bedsteads
with Bedding, Black Stained
Davenport Book Shelf, Wooden
Clock, Oil Cloth Covered Easy
Chairs, Tennis Net with Poles,
Serge and Lace Curtains, Pictures,
Ornaments, E. P., Glass and
Crockery Ware,
etc., etc., etc.

1 Fine-toned Cottage Piano by
"S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd."
1 Lawn Mower
1 Stone Roller
1 Salamandre Stove
and
Pantry and Kitchen as usual.
On View Sunday and Monday,
the 5th and 6th instant.
Catalogues on the premises.

American-Asiatic Co.

Auctioneers, Appraisers, Real
Estate Agents and General
Brokers

Phone C. 1510
Will sell by Public Auction
At their salesroom
NO. 10 NANKING ROAD
On Saturday, August 4th, 1923,
Commencing at 10 a.m.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS

Comprising:—
Double white painted iron bed-
stead with bedding, Oak-stained
bed room suite, blue drill covered
couch & arm chairs, Oakwood
dining room suite, Ice chest, Silk
tapestry covered drawing room
suite, Centre table, Teakwood
writing table, Rocking morris
chairs, Ottoman stools, Cut
glass, electric table lamp, salad
bowls, orange bowls, jugs, sugar
basin, E. P. glass, crockery ware,
coloured pictures, meat safe, linen
cupboard, jardiniere stand, etc.
also

1 Hornless gramophone with
record cabinet.
14 New Porcelain Commodes, with
Pressure Tanks
Now on view

A cup of OVOMALTINE taken
before retiring ensures sound sleep
and enables you to wake up fresh
and invigorated, ready for the
work of the coming day.

OVOMALTINE

is a pure food, contains no drugs,
Obtainable from all dispensaries
and provision stores.

Every precaution is taken to
safeguard the employees. Auto-
matic switches or traps make it
impossible to turn on the current
when anyone is within the wire
fence which surrounds the high
voltage apparatus.
According to engineers, the

tests were conducted in a large
brick building, lined with steel
to prevent any disturbances from
reaching outside and causing
possible damage. All windows
can be closed and the room made
dark in a few seconds and means
have been provided for producing
artificial rain from overhead.

The laboratory in which the
tests were conducted is a large
brick building, lined with steel
to prevent any disturbances from
reaching outside and causing
possible damage. All windows
can be closed and the room made
dark in a few seconds and means
have been provided for producing
artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to
safeguard the employees. Auto-
matic switches or traps make it
impossible to turn on the current
when anyone is within the wire
fence which surrounds the high
voltage apparatus.
According to engineers, the

tests were conducted in a large
brick building, lined with steel
to prevent any disturbances from
reaching outside and causing
possible damage. All windows
can be closed and the room made
dark in a few seconds and means
have been provided for producing
artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to
safeguard the employees. Auto-
matic switches or traps make it
impossible to turn on the current
when anyone is within the wire
fence which surrounds the high
voltage apparatus.
According to engineers, the

tests were conducted in a large
brick building, lined with steel
to prevent any disturbances from
reaching outside and causing
possible damage. All windows
can be closed and the room made
dark in a few seconds and means
have been provided for producing
artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to
safeguard the employees. Auto-
matic switches or traps make it
impossible to turn on the current
when anyone is within the wire
fence which surrounds the high
voltage apparatus.
According to engineers, the

tests were conducted in a large
brick building, lined with steel
to prevent any disturbances from
reaching outside and causing
possible damage. All windows
can be closed and the room made
dark in a few seconds and means
have been provided for producing
artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to
safeguard the employees. Auto-
matic switches or traps make it
impossible to turn on the current
when anyone is within the wire
fence which surrounds the high
voltage apparatus.
According to engineers, the

tests were conducted in a large
brick building, lined with steel
to prevent any disturbances from
reaching outside and causing
possible damage. All windows
can be closed and the room made
dark in a few seconds and means
have been provided for producing
artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to
safeguard the employees. Auto-
matic switches or traps make it
impossible to turn on the current
when anyone is within the wire
fence which surrounds the high
voltage apparatus.
According to engineers, the

tests were conducted in a large
brick building, lined with steel
to prevent any disturbances from
reaching outside and causing
possible damage. All windows
can be closed and the room made
dark in a few seconds and means
have been provided for producing
artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to
safeguard the employees. Auto-
matic switches or traps make it
impossible to turn on the current
when anyone is within the wire
fence which surrounds the high
voltage apparatus.
According to engineers, the

tests were conducted in a large
brick building, lined with steel
to prevent any disturbances from
reaching outside and causing
possible damage. All windows
can be closed and the room made
dark in a few seconds and means
have been provided for producing
artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to
safeguard the employees. Auto-
matic switches or traps make it
impossible to turn on the current
when anyone is within the wire
fence which surrounds the high
voltage apparatus.
According to engineers, the

tests were conducted in a large
brick building, lined with steel
to prevent any disturbances from
reaching outside and causing
possible damage. All windows
can be closed and the room made
dark in a few seconds and means
have been provided for producing
artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to
safeguard the employees. Auto-
matic switches or traps make it
impossible to turn on the current
when anyone is within the wire
fence which surrounds the high
voltage apparatus.
According to engineers, the

tests were conducted in a large
brick building, lined with steel
to prevent any disturbances from
reaching outside and causing
possible damage. All windows
can be closed and the room made
dark in a few seconds and means
have been provided for producing
artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to
safeguard the employees. Auto-
matic switches or traps make it
impossible to turn on the current
when anyone is within the wire
fence which surrounds the high
voltage apparatus.
According to engineers, the

tests were conducted in a large
brick building, lined with steel
to prevent any disturbances from
reaching outside and causing
possible damage. All windows
can be closed and the room made
dark in a few seconds and means
have been provided for producing
artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to
safeguard the employees. Auto-
matic switches or traps make it
impossible to turn on the current
when anyone is within the wire
fence which surrounds the high
voltage apparatus.
According to engineers, the

tests were conducted in a large
brick building, lined with steel
to prevent any disturbances from
reaching outside and causing
possible damage. All windows
can be closed and the room made
dark in a few seconds and means
have been provided for producing
artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to
safeguard the employees. Auto-
matic switches or traps make it
impossible to turn on the current
when anyone is within the wire
fence which surrounds the high
voltage apparatus.
According to engineers, the

tests were conducted in a large
brick building, lined with steel
to prevent any disturbances from
reaching outside and causing
possible damage. All windows
can be closed and the room made
dark in a few seconds and means
have been provided for producing
artificial rain from overhead.

Airplanes Lead Fight On Boll Weevil



THE Army Air Service is doing much in the fight against the dreaded boll weevil, which annual-
ly destroys millions in cotton crops in the South. Airplanes, equipped with a special appar-
atus for discharging a poisonous dust, fly over the infected fields. The dust, deadly to the boll
weevil without injuring the cotton, exterminates the pest. One of the planes is shown scattering
the poison.

Two Million Volts In
Lightning Bolt Loosed
As Experimental Stunt

A man-made flash of lightning, releasing for an instant a force greater than the total electric power used by the entire United States, started down with a resounding crash upon a miniature village set up in the huge steel-walled laboratory of the General Electric Company in Pittsfield, Massachusetts, during starting tests just made public.

The flash represented 2,000,000 volts, far exceeding the voltage ever before produced in any experiment with artificial lightning. In it was concentrated for a fraction of a second the enormous force of 10,000,000 horsepower.

The full fury of this force, directed at will by the hand of a man upon a switch, was directed against a miniature village, specially constructed upon the floor of the laboratory for this spectacle.

SPECULATION OPENS

This spectacular experiment, a significant apart from its direct objective—the efforts of engineers to improve and extend the present system of high tension transmission lines and to nullify and prevent the destructive effects of natural lightning. It has been discovered that when a block of wood placed in its path, part of the wood disappears and cannot be accounted for. A small hole is found through the block, not having the appearance of being burned out. The wood surrounding it gives off a peculiar pungent odor. The portion of the wood which has disappeared, scientists believe, may have been changed into another element, perhaps a gas. This opens up a great field for speculation. While the engineers of the laboratory are reticent on the subject they do not deny that study of this phenomenon may lead to startling possibilities and new concepts of the composition of matter.

The laboratory in which the tests were conducted is a large brick building, lined with steel to prevent any disturbances from reaching outside and causing possible damage. All windows can be closed and the room made dark in a few seconds and means have been provided for producing artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to safeguard the employees. Automatic switches or traps make it impossible to turn on the current when anyone is within the wire fence which surrounds the high voltage apparatus.

According to engineers, the tests were conducted in a large brick building, lined with steel to prevent any disturbances from reaching outside and causing possible damage. All windows can be closed and the room made dark in a few seconds and means have been provided for producing artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to safeguard the employees. Automatic switches or traps make it impossible to turn on the current when anyone is within the wire fence which surrounds the high voltage apparatus.

According to engineers, the tests were conducted in a large brick building, lined with steel to prevent any disturbances from reaching outside and causing possible damage. All windows can be closed and the room made dark in a few seconds and means have been provided for producing artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to safeguard the employees. Automatic switches or traps make it impossible to turn on the current when anyone is within the wire fence which surrounds the high voltage apparatus.

According to engineers, the tests were conducted in a large brick building, lined with steel to prevent any disturbances from reaching outside and causing possible damage. All windows can be closed and the room made dark in a few seconds and means have been provided for producing artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to safeguard the employees. Automatic switches or traps make it impossible to turn on the current when anyone is within the wire fence which surrounds the high voltage apparatus.

According to engineers, the tests were conducted in a large brick building, lined with steel to prevent any disturbances from reaching outside and causing possible damage. All windows can be closed and the room made dark in a few seconds and means have been provided for producing artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to safeguard the employees. Automatic switches or traps make it impossible to turn on the current when anyone is within the wire fence which surrounds the high voltage apparatus.

According to engineers, the tests were conducted in a large brick building, lined with steel to prevent any disturbances from reaching outside and causing possible damage. All windows can be closed and the room made dark in a few seconds and means have been provided for producing artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to safeguard the employees. Automatic switches or traps make it impossible to turn on the current when anyone is within the wire fence which surrounds the high voltage apparatus.

According to engineers, the tests were conducted in a large brick building, lined with steel to prevent any disturbances from reaching outside and causing possible damage. All windows can be closed and the room made dark in a few seconds and means have been provided for producing artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to safeguard the employees. Automatic switches or traps make it impossible to turn on the current when anyone is within the wire fence which surrounds the high voltage apparatus.

According to engineers, the tests were conducted in a large brick building, lined with steel to prevent any disturbances from reaching outside and causing possible damage. All windows can be closed and the room made dark in a few seconds and means have been provided for producing artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to safeguard the employees. Automatic switches or traps make it impossible to turn on the current when anyone is within the wire fence which surrounds the high voltage apparatus.

According to engineers, the tests were conducted in a large brick building, lined with steel to prevent any disturbances from reaching outside and causing possible damage. All windows can be closed and the room made dark in a few seconds and means have been provided for producing artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to safeguard the employees. Automatic switches or traps make it impossible to turn on the current when anyone is within the wire fence which surrounds the high voltage apparatus.

According to engineers, the tests were conducted in a large brick building, lined with steel to prevent any disturbances from reaching outside and causing possible damage. All windows can be closed and the room made dark in a few seconds and means have been provided for producing artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to safeguard the employees. Automatic switches or traps make it impossible to turn on the current when anyone is within the wire fence which surrounds the high voltage apparatus.

According to engineers, the tests were conducted in a large brick building, lined with steel to prevent any disturbances from reaching outside and causing possible damage. All windows can be closed and the room made dark in a few seconds and means have been provided for producing artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to safeguard the employees. Automatic switches or traps make it impossible to turn on the current when anyone is within the wire fence which surrounds the high voltage apparatus.

According to engineers, the tests were conducted in a large brick building, lined with steel to prevent any disturbances from reaching outside and causing possible damage. All windows can be closed and the room made dark in a few seconds and means have been provided for producing artificial rain from overhead.

Every precaution is taken to safeguard the employees. Automatic switches or traps make it impossible to turn on the current when anyone is within the wire fence which surrounds the high voltage apparatus.

upset these laws. So, looking ahead to the day of the million volt transmission line, we feel that we can work with the full margin of safety and certainty.

The big purpose of all this is to enable the engineer to keep ahead of the demands and the developments of the art. These things make it possible. We are ready for what may come next and we know that our laws are sound."

London Challenges New York On Speed

London, June 2.—New York's reputation for haste is publicly challenged by London's underground railway officials. They assert on big placards not only that their trains are faster than New York's subway trains, except express, but that Londoners actually walk faster than New Yorkers.

The average pace on Broadway, they say, is from two and three-quarters to three miles per hour and on Fifth Avenue from two and a half to three miles, while on both the Strand and Oxford Street it is three and a quarter miles.

As for New York subway locals, on both east and west sides, they make thirteen miles an hour, while expresses on the east side go at twenty-three and on the west side at twenty miles per hour. London's old underground runs those trains stopping at every station at eighteen miles and those skipping a few stations at nineteen miles per hour. The "Bakerloo Tube" trains are a mile per hour slower in each class.

Broadway street cars make nine miles per hour to the ten miles made by the Tooting trams and though the New York speed limit is fifteen miles to London's twelve, her motor buses on the whole are slower. Thus on Fifth Avenue the buses crawl along between Thirty-first and Seventy-second Streets at only five miles per hour and between Fifty-seventh and 135th Streets at eleven miles per hour. London buses negotiate the busy Strand at seven miles and the comparatively empty Bayswater Road at ten miles.

So, too, with the taxis. The run from New York City Hall to Fifty-seventh Street can be made at from eight to ten miles an hour and from London's Mansion House to Albert Hall at fourteen miles.

French Wireless—News And Views

(French Wireless)

Paris, Aug. 2.—At the meeting of the commission for intellectual co-operation the Chairman, Prof. Bergson, delivered a review of the work of the commission. M. Destrees, former Belgian Minister, recalled that a commission must occupy itself with the work of artists as well as of the scholars.

M. Russi spoke on the project of the commission for the protection of scientific property.

(French Wireless)

Paris, Aug. 2.—A Franco-Italian agreement on the Customs regime for Silk has been signed at Paris.

(French Wireless)

Paris, Aug. 2.—At Oberhausen about 5000 workmen of Gutfingmushutte, on strike over the question of wages, attempted to penetrate into the city to pillage the shops.

A collision with "police" took place and three workmen were killed.

Printers at Cologne have stopped work on account of the question of salaries.

Bringing Up Father

By GEORGE McMANUS

Newspaper readers in every corner of the civilized earth are enjoying the hilarious happenings to Jiggs as presented by George McManus. You can see this piece of fun ONLY in

THE CHINA PRESS

HIRE CARS

WESTERN STATION CENTRAL STATION

Phone West 3533 North 1463
3534 3063